EXHIBIT B

1	Tuesday, 28 June 2016	1	maintained up to the present time or is it you see,
2	(9.28 am)	2	this is the hole point, it is either a document which
3	Housekeeping	3	existed in its final form on 2012 or it is not. If it
4	MR WADE: Before you begin you will have seen on your desk,	4	is a document which existed in its final form on 2012
5	I think, copies of this, which we promised you. I am	5	and you print out a PDF of an Excel or whatever from
6	just letting you know that it's there.	6	2012 and it has no redactions and nothing, that's one
7	THE CHAIRMAN: Very good. Good morning, everyone. It is,	7	thing. If what it is is extracted data from a computer
8	I believe, June 28. This is LCIA arbitration 132498.	8	program that was extracted in the last three weeks,
9	We received last night the letter from the claimant.	9	that's a totally different thing. So just get your
10	Before I turn to that very briefly, are there any other	10	instructions on that, if you would, and get back to us,
11	procedural issues from the claimant's side?	11	because
12	MR NESBITT: Not from our side, sir.	12	MR NESBITT: Yes, it is not extracted data.
13	THE CHAIRMAN: From the respondents' side?	13	THE CHAIRMAN: It is not
14	MR WADE: No.	14	MR NESBITT: It is a contemporaneous record that was made at
15	THE CHAIRMAN: Very good.	15	the time, but unlike the written mail logs you saw, it
16	With respect to the submission of the two additional	16	was maintained electronically. It has not been
17	documents, the Tribunal will look at those over lunch.	17	manipulated in way, if that is really what you're
18	I have one quick question for the claimant, and I might	18	getting at.
19	not have looked at things closely enough, but do the	19	THE CHAIRMAN: No, because the document appears to be
20	exhibits that have been submitted, I believe it is C40	20	a sheet of white paper, and I am just at a loss to
21	and 41, are they photocopies of documents from 2012?	21	understand how that sheet of white paper could exist in
22	You may wish to	22	the abstract. The respondent has specifically raised
23	MR NESBITT: I might need to ask	23	a question about this, because it's a sheet of white
24	MR SHOESMITH: (Inaudible) but yes.	24	paper, as I see it, which has a bunch of numbers on the
25	THE CHAIRMAN: No.	25	left. It looks like it's an extract from an Excel
	Page 1		Page 3
1	MR NESBITT: Sorry, the answer is they are contemporaneous	1	sheet, but is it a complete extract? Where does it come
2	2012 records made at the time, but the documents that	2	from? We don't know anything. We have a sheet of white
3	you have are PDF copies of the extract from the log.	3	paper here for the time being.
4	THE CHAIRMAN: Please take instructions on that point,	4	MR NESBITT: I think the explanation is in the emails, but
5	because the document, according to the respondents, they	5	if that is not clear I will seek instructions and come
6	have asked a question whether this was just extracted	6	back to you at lunchtime, if that's okay.
7	from some Excel material, in which case it is not	7	THE CHAIRMAN: I might have missed something in the emails,
8	a contemporaneous document, it is a document that has	8	for which I apologise in advance.
9	been created by extracting certain data. That is one	9	MR NESBITT: No, not at all.
10	possibility.	10	THE CHAIRMAN: If you could get back to us before we have
11	The other possibility is that it is a photocopy of	11	a discussion about the document at lunchtime, that would
12	a document that was created by some person in 2012.	12	be great.
13	Those are the two possibilities that I see, and if you	13	MR NESBITT: Sure.
14	could just get back to us, perhaps after the coffee	14	DR SIMON MOY (called)
15	break, as to which of those it is.	15	THE CHAIRMAN: Dr Moy.
16	MR NESBITT: I am pretty sure I know the answer already but	16	A. Thank you, gentlemen. My name is Simon Moy
17	I will double-check.	17	THE CHAIRMAN: Just before you start, Dr Moy, you've
18	THE CHAIRMAN: You can give us a preliminary answer right	18	provided an expert opinion in these proceedings.
19	now, if you'd like.	19	A. I have, yes.
20	MR NESBITT: Well, I think, as I said, it's a record that is	20	THE CHAIRMAN: And you have also signed a joint report.
21	kept electronically at the time and updated each time	21	A. I have.
22	a piece of mail comes in, and what's been provided is	22	THE CHAIRMAN: And you understand your duty to the Tribunal
23	a printout of the relevant bit of the record for those	23	to express your best professional opinion?
24	dates.	24	A. Yes, I do.
25	THE CHAIRMAN: So it's an electronic record that has been	25	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much.
	Page 2		Page 4
			

1	Examination-in-chief by MR GUNNING	1	South America. I have been involved with reservoir
2	A. Okay. Great.	2	engineering, reservoir simulation, material balance,
3	MR GUNNING: Dr Moy, hopefully you have in front of you	3	well test, well test interpretations. I have planned,
4	bundle E2. Do you have that?	4	executed and interpreted PLTs. I've been involved with
5	A. Yes.	5	reserve auditing.
6	Q. If you could turn to tab 2, I think you should have	6	In 2013 I joined Rockflow Resources as a director
7	a copy of your report in these proceedings.	7	and partner. Rockflow is a partner-owned subsurface
8	A. Yes.	8	consultancy based in Haslemere.
9	Q. I think if we look at tab 3, we can see that that was	9	I am just making sure I don't run out of time.
10	sent I hope you don't mind me leading on this on	10	So I hope that I will be able to inject a little bit
11	24 February 2016, and included some amendments to	11	of clarity into the discussion so far concerning the
12	a previous draft; is that right?	12	issues that we've been discussing. Some of the points
13	A. That's correct.	13	that I am going to be covering are related to recovery
14	Q. And if we turn to tab 4, I think I have this the right	14	in these kinds of reservoirs, the sensitivity of coning
15	way round, maybe I haven't, there is a tracked changes	15	to rate; the role of permeability in coning.
16	version; is that right?	16	I am going to briefly look at the Oyo wells, their
17	A. That's right.	17	position in the reservoir, and in particular their GOR
18	Q. Okay. And can you confirm that that's a copy of the	18	trends, and a brief summary of the findings of the paper
19	report as amended?	19	covering the 35 Nigerian oil rim reservoirs.
20	A. Yes.	20	The picture on the top left-hand corner you saw at
21	Q. In addition, we have in bundle E3 at tab 5 a copy of	21	the beginning in the opening submissions, it's
22	your joint statement with Mr Filippi.	22	essentially the channel complex. It's a sand body
23	A. Mmm-hmm.	23	encased in shale, both above and below, and I've marked
24	Q. Then on top of that, if we go back, I think to	24	Oyo central and Oyo west.
25	bundle E2 no, sorry, at the back of E3	25	In the lower right-hand side, you'll see something
	, , ,		2 / / 2
	Page 5		Page 7
1	A Dicks	1	that was familian from vastanday, which is an avaleded
2	A. Right. Q at page 306 there is a letter that you sent on	1	that was familiar from yesterday, which is an exploded
3	14 June 2016.	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	view of Oyo central showing the divided fault, and I've marked on there the various locations of the wells, both
4	A. 306?	4	horizontal and vertical.
5	Q. At the very back. It will be the very last document in	5	Let me just reiterate all the production so far has
6	the whole bundle or should be. No?	6	occurred in Oyo central west. All but one of the wells
7	A. No, but I have I presume it's this one?	7	that have pressure data is located in that part of the
8	Q. Yes, that's it. Okay. So can you confirm that that	8	field.
9	represents the totality of your evidence in the	9	On the eastern side we have Oyo-8, which is
10	arbitration?	10	a vertical well, and although there's been no production
11	A. It does, yes.	11	there we have pressure data, and it was that pressure
12	Q. And can you confirm that, subject to any clarifications	12	data that confirmed the presence of both contacts of
13	that you make in the presentation, that it represents	13	different depths and a different pressure regime. It's
1.0	and you make in the presentation, that it represents	13	arresent acpuis and a urresent pressure regime. It's
14	your true and professional opinion?	1/4	also worth mentioning that the Ovo recorvoir is
14 15	your true and professional opinion?	14	also worth mentioning that the Oyo reservoir is
15	A. It does, yes.	15	overpressured in fact on the western side sorry, on
15 16	A. It does, yes. MR GUNNING: Okay. Thank you, Dr Moy.	15 16	overpressured in fact on the western side sorry, on the western side it is overpressured by 500 psi.
15 16 17	A. It does, yes. MR GUNNING: Okay. Thank you, Dr Moy. Okay, thank you.	15 16 17	overpressured in fact on the western side sorry, on the western side it is overpressured by 500 psi. Recovery, it is very important. What I am about to
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•			
1	things is keeping gas in the reservoir keeps the energy	1	PROFESSOR LEW: Thank you.
2	in the reservoir. If you produce that gas, you're	2	DR MOY: So Chaperon we dealt with yesterday but I will
3	taking out the most compressible fluid in the reservoir.	3	cover that briefly. The Papatzacos equation developed
4	So it is very important to control the amount of gas	4	these equations to show the gas coning and in particular
5	that the wells produce. Sometimes that's unavoidable,	5	the time to gas coning. Interestingly enough,
		6	Papatzacos used to confirm his equations a fine grid
6	but it is, in the case of producing directly from the	7	
7	gas cap, something that you can avoid.	8	model, and in the paper he presents he reports that there is no error between his equations and the results
8	So if you produce gas directly from the gas cap you	9	-
9	not only take energy out of the reservoir but you		in the modelling.
10	diminish the wells' potential for producing liquids	10	The paper, the Shell review, the Shell survey of 35
11	because, as we heard yesterday, the mobility of gas is	11	oil rim reservoirs by (inaudible) Peacock, they also
12	at least 17 times greater than for oil, and once that	12	used a similar model, and I will come to those later.
13	well starts producing gas, that's the preferred phase	13	I am going to come back to that slide that I just
14	that it will produce.	14	flicked through, but for clarity I will start with
15	For gas cap reservoirs typical recoveries are	15	Chaperon, and we saw yesterday that that gives you
16	between 25 and 35 per cent. That's not my number,	16	an estimate of the critical rate. Now, what is the
17	that's taken from one of the bibles of reservoir	17	critical rate? It is the rate at which gas starts to
18	engineering by Laurie Dake, and that's from his	18	cone from the gas cap down towards the well, and in this
19	experience of dealing with these kinds of reservoirs,	19	case, in the slide that I've shown there, I've taken the
20	provided that you control the amount of gas that you	20	parameters at the bottom, which are the ones that are in
21	produce, i.e. you prevent gas coning.	21	the report, and for a range of permeabilities I've
22	I am going to be covering some of the Chaperon's	22	calculated the critical rate.
23	equation that we mentioned	23	As you can see, the relative performance as you
24	PROFESSOR LEW: Sorry, can I interrupt, you said gas cap	24	decrease your permeability, as your reservoir
25	reserves typical recoveries of between 25 and	25	permeability drops, the critical rate drops. Why is
	Page 9		Page 11
1	25	,	deal Well Considerable and in the manning to
1	35 per cent.	1	that? Well, for a given oil rate in the reservoir the
2	DR MOY: That's correct.	2	lower the permeability, the bigger the pressure
3	PROFESSOR LEW: What do you mean by recoveries?	3	drawdowns required to give that rate and, as we heard
4	DR MOY: Okay, that's a good question. That's the	4	earlier, the mobility of the oil is greater than for oil
5	proportion of the in-place oil that you can hope to	5	(sic), and it's the drawdown forces, the pressure
6	recover. Actually, that may seem like a low percentage	6	forces, which overcome the buoyancy of the gas. The gas
7	but that's pretty average. Due to the capillary	7	actually would like to stay at the top in the gas cap.
8	pressures in the reservoir, it is very rare to get	8	Papatzacos, his equation is a bit more sophisticated
9	recoveries above 50 per cent. It is possible but you	9	in that he gives an estimate of the days to gas
10	need a good combination of rock properties, oil	10	breakthrough. There is a lot in this, so I am going to
11	properties, strong aquifer. So recoveries of over	11	run you through it carefully.
12	20 per cent to 35/40 per cent are probably where the	12	So on the Y axis we have oil rate. On the X axis
13	majority of fields with good quality oil that that's	13	days to breakthrough, and what I have done here is I've
14	their recovery range. So this is within that range.	14	used the equations to plot three curves at a range of
15	PROFESSOR LEW: You are recovering the oil in what way?	15	permeability, it's 800, 500 and 300 millidarcy.
16	A. Through production, yes. So essentially when we talk	16	So if we go from 15,000 barrels of oil a day in
17	about in-place volumes, that's the estimate that we make	17	an 800 millidarcy reservoir we can see in fact that days
18	of what's actually underground. However, there's always	18	to gas breakthrough is 150 days, roughly. If we were to
19	a much smaller proportion that you can hope to recover	19	drop the permeability to 300, it would give us
20	over five, ten, 15, 20 years of the life of the field.	20	a breakthrough of 30 days.
	And as I said, 35 per cent, that's kind of typical,	21	Now, these curves are very non-linear so what it is
21		22	saying here is if we had a rate of three and a half
21 22	I suppose, but quite normal. Although for the people	1	
21 22 23	who are unfamiliar with the oil business they are	23	sorry, 7,500 barrels of oil a day we more than double
21 22 23 24	who are unfamiliar with the oil business they are surprised at how low it is, but it is a factor to do	23 24	sorry, 7,500 barrels of oil a day we more than double the time to gas breakthrough. It is very clear the
21 22 23	who are unfamiliar with the oil business they are	23	sorry, 7,500 barrels of oil a day we more than double
21 22 23 24	who are unfamiliar with the oil business they are surprised at how low it is, but it is a factor to do	23 24	sorry, 7,500 barrels of oil a day we more than double the time to gas breakthrough. It is very clear the

between rate, permeability and days to gas breakthrough.

For completeness I've added on here the critical rates that we saw on the previous slide based on Chaperon's, which merely indicate the rate at which gas starts to cone. It doesn't give you any information about the time to gas breakthrough.

The fine grid cell models that I was talking about

The fine grid cell models that I was talking about, coning studies, are beautifully summarised in this slide, and for the benefit of the Tribunal, I've put in what this grid represents. So what the authors have done is in the green section is the gas field and the red is the oilfield, and I've drawn a schematic to show what it represents in terms of its relationship to the contacts and the reservoir.

Note something that is very important is that, first of all, this is a horizontal well, which goes into the slide. Secondly, the cloud of cells around the horizontal well are very, very small. And notice the change in saturation. It is basically a curtain of gas coming down towards the well. So there is a high saturation change over a very small volume, which can only be properly reproduced when you simulate it using grid cells of this small size.

The next slide here really summarises the range of cell sizes in these models, and here we see the

green, and the red dots is also real data.

What do we mean by a well test? Well, we flow the well and we shut the well in suddenly, preferably down hole, and we monitor the rise in bottom hole pressure. A very sharp rise and then it levels off.

The magic appears when we plot it on a log-log scale, which is what these are, and also not only do we plot the pressure but we plot the gradient of the pressure response, which is called the derivative. So this red data represents the derivative or gradient of the green data. And what the well test engineer will do is he will use his well test interpretation software that will generate a response from a conceptual reservoir model of the reservoir around the well, and it will reproduce from theory the theoretical performance that you would expect to see, and so the interpretation engineer matches real data with modelled data. You can see here how good the matches are, and it is from these that you get an estimate that is fairly reliable of the permeability.

However, when we come to Oyo-5, what do we see here? We have the build-up on a log-log scale, which are the green data. We have the gradient of that response, which is the red data, and notice it's all over the place.

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Papatzacos grid that he used in comparing his theoretical results with simulation.

What they have in common is the very fine dimensions in order to reproduce this coning, which are absent both from the Filippi model and the D&M model, and these I have left out -- this is 55 by 45 metres by 1.2 metres, and this is 100 by 100 by 4 metres.

So neither the D&M or the Filippi model really effectively model this phenomena.

So in conclusion, for this section anyway, we've seen gas coning is rate-sensitive and we've seen that it's also a function of the permeability.

Now, if we get on to the permeability we see in the Oyo reservoir, there is a high degree of uncertainty as to what the permeability actually is. We have core data, which in itself is very, very wide. At one point the maximum is over 10,000 millidarcy. We have well test data from Oyo-4 and Oyo-6, and we have a test interpretation from Oyo-5. However, I will come to that in one of the next slides.

So what do we mean by well test interpretation and permeability?

On the screen I have two examples from Oyo, Oyo-4 on the left and Oyo-6 on the right-hand side, and what I want you to look at are the dots. So the real data is

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Page 15

Also we have the continuous line, which are linked, because the continuous red line is the pressure build-up, and it's tied in completely with its gradient, which is the dark line, the black line. And it's where this dark line intersects the Y axis which determines the permeability. The higher this is, the lower the permeability. The lower this intersect, the higher the permeability. But as an interpretation, as an engineer, I would have no means of figuring out what the true response of this well is. There are no data here to match. You would expect at least a cloud of data that you could fit the line to.

So as mentioned by Mr Costa, it is pretty much uninterpretable.

So getting back to permeability. The conclusion here is the uncertainty that we have in the Oyo reservoir as to the true magnitude of permeability, certainly in the Oyo-5 area. We've seen that the lower the permeability, gas cones more easily. Critical rates are lower. Gas incursion happens more quickly. And neither the D&M nor the Filippi models have grid cell resolution small enough to mirror this effect.

Let's look at the Oyo wells. I have plotted here the relative position of the three wells, Oyo-5, 7 and 8, which are in the Oyo central west. In particular,

Page 16

4 (Pages 13 to 16)

2 contacts, and you'll notice that they have similar producing lengths, they have similar depths, and Oyo-8 in fact is shallower, even though it has got the lower GOR. 4 in fact is shallower, even though it has got the lower GOR. 5 GOR. 6 If we go to a plot of their GOR. And on here, this is just part of the range, the Oyo-5 GOR continued to increase, in fact it reaches 45,000 standard cubic feet per barrel. 9 per barrel. 10 Oyo-8 we have a small increase here. What I want to concentrate on for the moment is this Oyo-6 and Oyo-7. 11 concentrate on for the moment is this Oyo-6 and Oyo-7. 12 Oyo-6 is in Oyo west. It's a different kind of reservoir. What I am going to show is that this response is what you would expect from solution drive reservoir. What I am going to show is that this oil comes out of – gas comes out of a solution. 15 So here we have a GOR which rose but, apart from peaking around 5,000, dropped back down and stayed below 4,000. And Oyo-6, if you remember from yesterday, produced almost 4 million barrels from a smaller page 17 10 Ike to show is that in fact what we're seeing in Oyo-7 oyo-6 and being produced. This plot shows the same thing over the entire GOR scale, up to 45,000. 10 Right, what do we have here? We have Oyo-6 and Oyo-7 GOR — 11 THE CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 THE CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 THE CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 THE CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 The CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 The CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 The CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 The CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 The CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 The CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced? 11 The CHAIRMAN: And based on the quantity of oil produced?				
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. or joining to to our means, and note from the surface at		22 101 0011 0 and 7 110 have a constant producing OOK,		.o., sman, 50 to 60 metres, and note now the saids are
Page 18 Page 20		Page 18		Page 20

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1	very discontinuous. How can we tell? Because they are	1	these 35 fields as thin to moderate. So that would put
2	difficult to correlate between one well and the other.	2	Oyo way outside, and it's important because if you are
3	So if we look here sands pinch out and disappear. They	3	dealing with a thin oil rim reservoir, indeed gas coning
4	are not present. They move around. It is quite	4	is very difficult to control.
5	a difficult picture.	5	They summarise their results in an equation, which
6	The producing interval of Oyo-6 sidetrack 2 is here.	6	I've tried to communicate the results in this one
7	This sand is 20 metres thick. It is important to	7	picture. The important parameters are the aquifer size
8	realise that despite these gas sands being present,	8	and the permeability.
9	there are lots of shales, and in particular shale right	9	And where have I got this 13 from? 13 is the ratio
10	above the oil-filled sand.	10	of the aquifer size to the hydrocarbon volume at
11	Now, a gas-oil contact was indeed measured directly	11	reservoir conditions. That's been taken from the Eni
12	in one of these sands in the pilot hole at a vertical	12	model 2008, which very nicely included all the aquifer
13	depth of 1,579 metres true vertical depth subsea.	13	under the Oyo central structure, and most of the aquifer
14	If we go back to that first slide this is Oyo-6	14	is there, and the ratio that's between aquifer and
15	sidetrack 2 what we can here is a schematic	15	hydrocarbon is 13.
16	showing from the true well deviation survey. I have	16	I've highlighted those three cases with a range of
17	drawn in the 20-metre sand. If we were to go up to	17	permeability between 300 and 800 millidarcy, and you can
18	a depth of 1,579 where the contact was observed in the	18	see that in fact Oyo would sit here and we get
19	other well, we would have to go back 153 metres along	19	an intercept, which is round about 13 million barrels'
20	hole, up dip.	20	recovery for a typical horizontal well.
21	The sand itself is oil-filled, and there's shale	21	Now, if we look at the
22	above and below. It's completely isolated. There is no	22	PROFESSOR LEW: If you just go back to that slide, what is
23	gas cap here, and it is unlikely the sand would extend	23	aquifer ratio?
24	153 metres based on the fact that from the logs you can	24	A. It is the ratio of the volume of the aquifer to the
25	see that the area the sands are very discontinuous,	25	volume occupied by the hydrocarbons, so that's both gas
23	see that the area the sands are very discontinuous,	23	volume occupied by the nyurocarbons, so that's both gas
	Page 21		Page 23
1	over distances of 50 to 80 metres.	1	and oil.
2	This slide really summarised what I've just	2	So if we go to the profiles that I've presented in
3	mentioned. So the point I am trying to get over and	3	my reports, the models that I received from D&M, there
4	communicate is that Oyo-6 GOR trend is what you would	4	is a geomodel and there's a simulation model. The grid
5	expect from a solution gas-drive reservoir.	5	was identical in both cases, and in fact the multiplier
6	Oyo-8 is similar. We see a constant GOR. We have	6	that came with the okay, the permeability in the GOR
7	hit the bubble point. The GORs increase. That's	7	model (Pause).
8	totally normal. You can't avoid it. It's completely	8	The permeability in the geomodel is based on core.
9	different from gas incursion from the gas cap.	9	It is quite high, very high, as we've seen in the core
10	Looking at the Shell survey of 35 Nigerian oil rim	10	samples. D&M applied a multiplication factor of 0.1,
11	reservoirs. Now, what the authors did, they looked at	11	and that's where the issue with the 0.1 and the 0.2
12	35 fields. They looked at recoveries per well. They	12	comes from, and that reduced the core permeabilities
13	looked at the range of parameters that controlled	13	down to something that was closer to some of the well
14	recovery. They then quantified that by comparison with	14	test information. So it is that that I then used to
15	their simulation grid or simulation model, the grid	15	generate the profiles.
16	I showed in one of the earlier slides. It is important	16	In order to get a less gassy Oyo-5 because you've
17	to communicate the fact that the range of parameters of	17	seen these models are insensitive really to cone
18	these Oyo fits nicely inside, in all of them, apart from	18	together bring that out I increased the permeability
19	one parameter, and that's the thickness of the oil rim.	19	by changing the multiplier by 0.2 across the field and
20	We heard yesterday that Oyo is in fact a thin oil	20	setting it to 1 around Oyo-5.
21	rim reservoir. It is not a thin oil rim reservoir.	21	THE CHAIRMAN: Sorry, in order to what? I didn't quite
22	The 35 fields here have an average oil rim of	22	follow that.
23	15 metres, and the thickest is 25 metres. Oyo itself is	23	A. Well, what I wanted to try and do is to get Oyo-5 to
24	40 metres.	24	behave like Oyo-7, in terms of its GOR versus cumulative
25	Now, the authors themselves describe their fields or	25	oil. So in order to do that in the model, in order to
-			
	Page 22		Page 24

6 (Pages 21 to 24)

1	make the model less gassy, as we saw earlier,	1	submitted back on 19 February, and just for the record
2	I increased the permeability, because in more permeable	2	that is in the bundle at E2, tab 6, and we will be
3	reservoirs considering the range of uncertainty you can	3	coming to that.
4	reduce the ease with which gas cones. And also if you	4	So just one other sort of introductory point from
5	reduce the GOR, we've seen from the very first slide,	5	your presentation, Dr Moy, you mentioned that you did
6	you are reducing your cumulative GOR, that actually	6	a master's degree in petroleum engineering at Imperial.
7	increases your oil recovery. So what we have here on	7	A. I did yes.
8	this slide is the historic production, which is	8	Q. However, I understand from you report that before you
9	3.5 million, and the "but for" case, which is around	9	did your master's in petroleum engineering you started
10	9 million.	10	off in a different field, in astrophysics, and gained
11	We have two other wells that were modelled in the	11	your first degree in astrophysics.
12	same way, Oyo B and Oyo C, which gave recoveries that	12	A. I did a degree in physics and astrophysics and then went
13	are on the slide. That gave a total recovery of	13	on to do a PhD in star formation.
14	31 per cent of the fluids in the T1A reservoir, and that	14	Q. Yes, so it was after that that you changed direction, if
15	was within the range expected for the field, based on	15	I can put it that way, and went into (overspeaking)
16	typical recoveries for gas cap reservoirs.	16	A. I did, I decided I wanted to go into the oil business.
17	Now, on here I've summarised the quantities for the	17	Q. Very good. So, Dr Moy, you spent an awful lot of time
18	"but for" case and the actual case. The volumes here	18	in your presentation discussing, if I can put it this
19	are based on a multiplier of 0.1.	19	way, new material that was introduced in your joint
20	Now, there was some issue over what is the correct	20	report. So what I would like to do is to go back, first
21	multiplier or what is the one that's most appropriate.	21	of all, to your original report, and if you could open
22	These results here use a multiplier of 0.1. However, it	22	up bundle E2 at tab 2, that is your amended report as of
23	may require the use of 0.2 for consistency because I've	23	24 February.
24	used 0.2 in the "but for" cases, and the results using	24	And if you could turn to page 126 of the bundle,
25	0.2 are in my amended report.	25	that's the internal page 5 of your report do you have
23	0.2 are in my amended report.	23	that's the internal page 5 or your report—do you have
	Page 25		Page 27
	9		0.00
1	<u> </u>	1	that?
1 2	And if we go to the final slide so I've hopefully	1 2	
2	And if we go to the final slide so I've hopefully tried to cover these points. We've looked at recovery,		that? A. Yes.
2 3	And if we go to the final slide so I've hopefully tried to cover these points. We've looked at recovery, the sensitivity to GOR and the importance of reducing	2	that? A. Yes. Q. You have set out the instructions that you were
2 3 4	And if we go to the final slide — so I've hopefully tried to cover these points. We've looked at recovery, the sensitivity to GOR and the importance of reducing gas production. We've seen the sensitivity of coning to	2 3	that? A. Yes. Q. You have set out the instructions that you were originally given by Stephenson Harwood, and what those
2 3	And if we go to the final slide — so I've hopefully tried to cover these points. We've looked at recovery, the sensitivity to GOR and the importance of reducing gas production. We've seen the sensitivity of coning to rates and the role of permeability. We've looked	2 3 4	that? A. Yes. Q. You have set out the instructions that you were
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2 3 4 5 6	And if we go to the final slide — so I've hopefully tried to cover these points. We've looked at recovery, the sensitivity to GOR and the importance of reducing gas production. We've seen the sensitivity of coning to rates and the role of permeability. We've looked briefly at the position of the wells and their GOR trends, and we've looked at the range of recoveries one	2 3 4 5 6	that? A. Yes. Q. You have set out the instructions that you were originally given by Stephenson Harwood, and what those instructions were, were to set out your professional opinion on the following matters.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	And if we go to the final slide — so I've hopefully tried to cover these points. We've looked at recovery, the sensitivity to GOR and the importance of reducing gas production. We've seen the sensitivity of coning to rates and the role of permeability. We've looked briefly at the position of the wells and their GOR trends, and we've looked at the range of recoveries one might expect based on the review of the Shell fields.	2 3 4 5 6 7	that? A. Yes. Q. You have set out the instructions that you were originally given by Stephenson Harwood, and what those instructions were, were to set out your professional opinion on the following matters. The first of those is:
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1	A. Yes.	1	Can you turn to page 7, that's internal page 7, of
2	Q. And if we could just go back to the forecasts for	2	the report, page 128 in the bundle. This is the start
3	a second. As I understand it, the significance of those	3	of your executive summary, and what you said at the
4	forecasts is that then they were then passed to	4	start of your executive summary was:
5	Mr Taylor for use in his damages calculations.	5	"The conclusions presented in this report based on
6	A. That's correct.	6	the supplied information strongly suggest that Oyo-5
7	Q. Okay. So you weren't instructed, were you, Dr Moy, to	7	suffered early and premature gas breakthrough caused by
8	use the model to investigate the source of the gas	8	the operator not following internationally acceptable
9	ingression into Oyo-5?	9	petroleum industry practices and standards when bringing
10	A. Well, that seems to be part of the process of looking at	10	Oyo-5 on production."
11	the amount of oil and the problems that would be	11	A. Sorry, can you remind me which paragraph that is?
12	encountered in an oil rim reservoir.	12	Q. That is 2.1.1, it's the very
13	You are looking at an oil rim reservoir. By	13	A. Oh, sorry.
14		14	Q start of your executive summary.
15	default, gas coning is going to be an issue potentially,	15	
16	and the two goes — they are like this. How can you look at one without doing the other? It just doesn't	16	A. Okay. Right. Q. Where in your report, Dr Moy, do you substantiate your
	•	17	conclusion in your executive summary? Where do you show
17	make any sense.	18	that the reasoning behind the view you express here that
18	Q. Okay. But it's not apparent from the terms of your		, ,
19	initial instructions from Stephenson Harwood that that	19	Oyo-5 suffered premature gas breakthrough caused by the
20	was something you were expressly asked to do	20	operator not following internationally applicable
21	A. Well	21	Petroleum Industry Practices and Standards?
22	Q but I take your point about you say (overspeaking)	22	A. From my point of view, as a reservoir engineer, looking
23	A. Well, as soon as you see as a reservoir engineer that	23	at this field it is immediately apparent that coning
24	Oyo is in fact a gas cap reservoir with an oil rim, the	24	could be an issue. That it has to be investigated. And
25	immediate thing that comes to mind is the potential for	25	I know, although I don't have the reference, that in
	Page 29		Page 31
1	gas coning and how that can affect recovery. It's very	1	this report I mention that an operator would have to do
2	important that you look at that.	2	a coning study.
3	Q. Okay. But if I can maybe put it this way,	3	And what do I mean by coning study? It is the kind
-		"	, , ,
4	Stephenson Harwood didn't ask voll did they to express	4	of fine grid simulation of using a simulation with fine
4	Stephenson Harwood didn't ask you, did they, to express your professional opinion on what the cause of the gas	4 5	of fine grid simulation of using a simulation with fine grid cells that are the kinds that I've presented on the
5	your professional opinion on what the cause of the gas	5	grid cells that are the kinds that I've presented on the
5 6	your professional opinion on what the cause of the gas ingression into Oyo-5 was?	5 6	grid cells that are the kinds that I've presented on the slides. That would be a localised model, which would
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5 6 7 8	your professional opinion on what the cause of the gas ingression into Oyo-5 was? A. Well, that would come under point 1 Q. Okay, you think that comes under	5 6 7 8	grid cells that are the kinds that I've presented on the slides. That would be a localised model, which would enable the operator to determine what are the controlling factors of gas coning, and how are those
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1 2			
2	the breach of internationally accepted sorry,	1	A. That maybe the reference to the field development plan.
_	internationally acceptable Petroleum Industry Practices	2	But let's just have a quick look, if you've got the
3	and Standards maybe we can just use the term "PIPS"	3	time.
4	that I know some of the other experts in this	4	Q. I am conscious that we are under a little bit of time
5	arbitration have used.	5	pressure today
6	So are you saying, Dr Moy, that the breach of PIPS,	6	A. Okay, well
7	to use the acronym, was the fact that there was no	7	Q Dr Moy, as you're aware, but by all means take
8	coning study?	8	a quick flick and we'll see if we can find it quickly,
9	A. If you're asking me whether one could go to a document	9	but if not I think we will move on.
10	that says if you're an operator and you have a field	10	A. If it's not there, then it will be certainly related to
11	like this you have to do a coning study, I don't think	11	that comment that I've made. Well, yes hold on,
12	there is one, but it's fairly, or should be, common	12	let's have a look here. Okay.
13	knowledge that if you're a reservoir engineer and you	13	Q. Well, it's not
14	were looking at a field like this that this is one of	14	A. No, here it is.
15	the things you would have to do.	15	Q. You've found it?
16	Q. So if we look back at your paragraph 2.1.1.1, when you	16	A. 2115 at the bottom.
17	say that, in your view, the gas breakthrough into Oyo-5	17	Q. 2115
18	was caused by NAE not having followed PIPS, was you	18	A. "Yet at no point in the reservoir engineering section
18 19	know, the breach that you're referring to there, the	19	describing the simulation work, nor in the resulting FDP
20	•		,
	alleged breach, is the absence of the coning study, is	20	is this mentioned, RC3 field development plan for the
21	that what you're saying?	21	Oyo field April 2009."
22	A. I can only really talk about the reservoir engineering	22	Q. Okay, so that's one brief reference in your executive
23	side. And when I read the field development plan for	23	summary
24	Oyo the Oyo development, it was very deficient in the	24	A. Well, how many references would I need?
25	reservoir engineering side, and there were very serious	25	Q. Well, you've gone into a lot more detail in the joint
	Page 33		Page 35
1	omissions, both in the subsurface assessment and in the	1	report on this issue. But that's fine.
2	reservoir engineering assessment. And so for me I was	2	A. Can I explain to the Tribunal why it was necessary to go
3	really surprised that based on those documents a company	3	into detail?
4	would go ahead and invest 150 million in a well and	4	THE CHAIRMAN: Briefly.
5	develop a field without doing something a bit more	5	A. Briefly. Okay. In the original report that's pretty
6	robust, especially for a company like Eni, who have	6	much a passing comment. Mr Filippi elaborated a little
7	thousands of people in their head office whose task	7	bit on that, saying that it was fit for purpose and
8	purely every day is to look at the minutiae of these	8	a robust document. And we felt that I felt certainly
9	technical problems.	9	that it was those that description certainly did
10	Q. Yes, and that's something that you've devoted a section	10	not fit the document that I saw and, therefore, felt it
11	of the joint report to. Do you discuss that in your	11	necessary to describe point by point the deficiencies in
12	original report?	12	that document.
13	A. Yes, I do, actually. I mention the field development	13	MS WILFORD: Okay.
14	plan. I mention that I think it's deficient. I	14	A. In the joint report.
15	Q. Can you point me to that reference?	15	Q. Okay. Let's move on. We discussed the three things
16	A. Well, I can, but I would probably need a bit of time to	16	that Stephenson Harwood asked you to do in your initial
17	find it.	17	instructions, and I am going to take those out of
18	Q. I am happy to give you a couple of minutes. Because	18	sequence, and the one I would like to talk about first,
19	from what I can see, you say in your executive summary,	19	and I think we can probably deal with it quite briefly,
20	and this is still paragraph 2.1.1.1, that:	20	is the third point that Stephenson Harwood asked you to
21	"Reservoir engineering work that has been reported	21	address, and that's the one about what effect did the
22	and of which I am aware appears to be of a particularly	22	difficulties with reinjecting gas have on the reservoir
23	low standard."	23	pressure of the Oyo reservoir.
24	But you don't seem to go on in your first report to	24	A. Mmm-hmm.
~-	explain why you think that is.	25	Q. Now, the section in which you deal with this in your
25			
25	explain why you think that is.		<u></u>

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1	first report starts on internal page 45 of the report,	1	MR GUNNING: I think it has gone. I think that may be
2	if you could turn to that. That's page 166 of the	2	a question for us, and I think sorry.
3	bundle.	3	THE CHAIRMAN: I just
4	A. Yes.	4	MR GUNNING: Yes, sorry. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to
5	Q. So if we look at paragraph 4.3.2.6, you note the fact	5	THE CHAIRMAN: I thought that Dr Moy would be in a position
6	that the initial reservoir pressure measured in Oyo-5	6	to tell me, but I think if you've answered it have
7	before production from Oyo-5 started was in the region	7	the lawyers answered it?
8	of 3,000 psia.	8	MR NESBITT: It's a point that we make in our pre-hearing
9	A. Correct.	9	submissions that there is no quantified and never has
10	Q. Yes. And I don't think that's in dispute that it was	10	been any quantified claim relating to a drop in
11	around that figure.	11	reservoir pressure. So I think the purpose of this line
12	However, what you don't seem to do anywhere in this	12	of questioning is just to although Dr Moy alludes to
13	section, Dr Moy, is to put forward a figure for what you	13	it, there is nothing comes out of it, it is
14	say the reservoir pressure was at the end of NAE's	14	irrelevant.
15	period of operatorship of the field. So if I can put it	15	THE CHAIRMAN: Because it got my scientific interest as to
16	another way, what you don't seem to do anywhere is to	16	whether it had an effect on the reservoir, but if
17	put a figure on what you say the loss of reservoir	17	nothing comes from it
18	pressure was due to NAE supposedly not having reinjected	18	MS WILFORD: Exactly, sir, and that's why I said I thought
19	enough gas into the reservoir.	19	we could probably deal with this line of questioning
20	A. Mmm-hmm.	20	briefly, which I think we can.
21	Q. Okay?	21	MR GUNNING: I ought to confirm nothing comes out of it.
22	A. Mmm-hmm.	22	Mr Nesbitt is right.
23	Q. You accept that's correct, you don't	23	MS WILFORD: Very good. So we're all on the same page about
24	A. It's that's not expressly in the report, so	24	that.
25	Q. Yes, okay. So there is, therefore, no evidence in your	25	One last point on gas flaring before we move on from
	Page 37		Page 39
1	report and no evidence before the Tribunal that there	1	this section of your report, could you turn on page 165
2	was any such drop in reservoir pressure that was	2	of the bundle, that's internal page 44 of your report,
3	attributable to NAE having flared gas rather than	3	to paragraph 4.3.2.4. There you say:
4	reinjected it. And the reason I mention this, Dr Moy,	4	"Oyo-4 injection ceased on 2 June 2013 due to
5	is that when you come to run your "but for" forecasts of	5	problems with the injection valve on its subsea well
6	production from the well that would have occurred in the	6	head and have not been resumed."
7	"but for" world, you assume at that stage, don't you,	7	And you also represent this diagrammatically in the
8	historical gas reinjection rates?	8	following figure 4.16.
9	A. I do, yes.	9	So just to confirm what that means, Dr Moy, isn't
10	Q. Okay. Fine. So just to follow on from that, so when	10	it, that after Allied and their affiliates took over the
11	you're running your "but for" forecasts you are not	11	operatorship of the Oyo field they only continued to
12	assuming that anything different would have happened in	12	reinject gas up until June 2013 and then it stopped?
13	relation to reservoir pressure that was actually the	13	A. Well, it wasn't their choice
14	case?	14	Q. I'm not
15	A. That's the case. I've used well, the pressure is	15	A if they had a mechanical failure on the well head
16	simulated based on what comes out of the reservoir and	16	valve.
17	what goes back in.	17	Q. I understand that.
18	Q. Okay. Could you turn back	18	A. So, yes, obviously that didn't happen while they were
19	THE CHAIRMAN: Excuse me	19	operator.
20	MS WILFORD: Sorry.	20	Q. So they suffered, if I can put it this way, mechanical
21	THE CHAIRMAN: as far as I've understood it, one point in	21	issues that stopped them from reinjecting the gas?
22	the proceedings I understood there was an issue about	22	A. Yes, 300 metres below the sea surface.
23	the damage to the reservoir from the failure to reinject	23	Q. Yes. But okay. So where it leaves I think, Dr Moy,
24	the gas. Is that still an issue or has that	24	this is quite a short point, is that since that date,
25	disappeared?	25	since June 2013, other than very small quantities of gas
	Page 38		Page 40
	U	-	10 (Pages 37 to 40)

10 (Pages 37 to 40)

1	that might have been used as fuel, the operator of the	1	structure and petrophysical characteristics are typical
2	Oyo field, which is I forget exactly which entity,	2	of those of other channel sand."
3	I think it seems to a change a little bit, but the	3	A. Yes.
4	respondents and their affiliates have flared all of the	4	Q. And I don't think you point out in this section anywhere
5	gas that has been produced from the field as far as	5	the existence of dipping beds in the reservoir?
6	we're aware?	6	A. No.
7	A. My understanding is that produced gas, apart, as you	7	Q. No. So you didn't identify those when you were asked to
8	point out fuel, has to go somewhere and, therefore, as	8	give your initial assessment of the Oyo reservoir?
9	far as I'm aware, it is being flared.	9	A. No.
10	Q. Okay. Very good.	10	Q. And there is in fact I think I understand, Dr Moy,
11	That was all I wanted to say on gas flaring and	11	it's the case, isn't it, that the model you've used
12	reservoir pressure.	12	doesn't actually include the dipping beds?
13	So if we could move on to the first instruction that	13	A. I think we saw yesterday that none of the models have
14	Stephenson Harwood gave you, which was to give your	14	dipping beds.
15	assessment of the Oyo reservoir. If we could turn to	15	Q. But the one you used didn't.
16	where you deal with this in your report, this is	16	A. The D&M model does not have dipping beds, no.
17	section 4 of your initial report, which starts on	17	Q. There is also discussion anywhere in this section 4 of
18	internal page 14 or page 135 of the bundle.	18	your report about any sealing faults?
19	So as I said, you were asked to give your assessment	19	A. No.
20	of the reservoir, and in particular what you were asked	20	Q. Okay. So
21	to do was to give your assessment of:	21	A. I would add that to some extent my it's not mentioned
22	"Whether the reservoir has any unusual or particular	22	in here, but it's part of the model that D&M sent that
23	attributes that should have been taken into account in	23	the fault is sealing in the model. I had some of that
24	the drilling and production from Oyo-5?"	24	data related to the west of the field and I concentrated
25	A. Yes.	25	on looking at the western side. At the time, this issue
	Page 41		Page 43
1	Q. And you sort of go into this over four pages. But if	1	about whether that fault sealing was not really in my
2	I can summarise, it seems to me that your answer is	2	mind as an issue as it's become apparent it actually
3	effectively "No, there aren't any particular attributes	3	Q. Well, exactly, and that was simply my point, that at the
4	that should have been taken into account", isn't it,	4	time when you were preparing your first report in these
5	because you essentially say this is a typical Nigerian	5	proceedings you didn't think that the sealing fault was
6	reservoir?	6	of such significance that you needed to mention it in
7	A. Well, does that mean that one should not, therefore,	7	your assessment of the reservoir?
8	understand it to a particular standard?	8	A. It was sealing.
9	Q. I'm not saying that.	9	Q. But you haven't mentioned it is all I am saying.
10	A. So, for example, okay, it's a gas cap reservoir. You	10	A. Okay, I haven't mentioned it.
11	have an indication of permeability. You've got well	11	Q. Okay. So your position in the first report that you
12	data, log data. To then go to the next step you need to	12	submitted, Dr Moy, seems to be essentially there were no
13	understand how that field may perform. So in that	13	particular features of the reservoir that NAE or Eni
14	sense, it's quite normal and comparable with similar	14	should have taken into account in the drilling and
15	reservoirs with a gas cap. That does not mean to say	15	production of Oyo-5. You certainly don't identify any?
16	that you, therefore there is a formula to develop it	16	A. That doesn't mean to say they shouldn't have done their
17	in the field that allows you to drill these wells	17	studies and their homework. Okay. What kind of
18	without doing the appropriate studies.	18	features we've seen that coning is it occurs even
19	Q. But just going back to what you've said in your report,	19	if your reservoir is completely uniform. It doesn't
20	and maybe it would help if I took you to your	20	need dipping beds invoked to bring gas down into the
21	conclusion, which is at paragraph 4.1.3.1, and your	21	well. It doesn't need a sealing fault down the middle.
22	conclusion was:	22	It does need a prudent operator to do the
23	"In my view, based on the geological and seismic	23	appropriate studies to determine based on the
24	data available, the Oyo field is typical of high quality	24	uncertainties that are clearly apparent in the
25	channel sand reservoirs found elsewhere in Nigeria. The	25	petrophysical properties of the reservoir to do these
	Daga 42		Dago 44
	Page 42		Page 44
			$11 / D_{a} \sim 41 + 44$

1	kinds of studies. So, for example, although it is	1	Like. You say:
2	uncertain as to the permeability range, we have a range,	2	"The Oyo field does not discuss the presence of
3	we don't know exactly what the permeability is, the fact	3	steeply dipping beds within the reservoir or consider
4	that you are getting potentially gas breakthrough at	4	the potential implications for the dynamic behaviour of
5	30 days would immediately flag up the point that there	5	the field."
6	is no way you can bring on a well in this reservoir of	6	Yes.
7	15,000 barrels of oil a day.	7	Q. This is all new in the joint report, isn't it, Dr Moy?
8	Q. I am just talking about the features of the reservoir	8	In your first report your view was essentially:
9	for now. Okay?	9	"There are no particularly significant features of
10	A. Okay.	10	the reservoir that Eni should have taken into account."
11	Q. So what I would like to do next is compare what you've	11	And in the joint report you have suddenly identified
12	said in your initial report with what you say on this	12	these dipping beds?
13	issue in the joint report. So if you could turn to	13	A. I haven't suddenly identified them. I've become aware
14	bundle E3, tab 5	14	of the data that was present from the Oyo-1 core. It
15	A. Right.	15	was present in 1996. Considering that Eni have many,
16	Q and then if you could turn to page 136 of the bundle	16	many professionals looking at this, the fact that they
17	which is internal page 21. Now what, as I'm sure you'll	17	just ignored this data and that their model in both 2008
18	recognise, Dr Moy, this table is a summary of the issues	18	and 2010 does not have dipping beds, they've made no
19	that Mr Filippi set out at the time you were preparing	19	attempt into corporate any of this data. In fact, data
	your joint report of the issues that he saw as being in	20	
20			from the second sidetrack there are two sidetracks in
21	dispute and you've both give your view as to what the	21	Oyo-1 was completely ignored by Eni, even though they
22	answer is to each of these issues, and the one I am	22	are 2 or 3 metres apart. So in retrospect perhaps
23	interested in at the moment is item 6 in the table,	23	I should have included a discussion on the dipping beds
24	which is the question:	24	in my first report.
25	"Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of	25	Q. But you didn't.
	Page 45		Page 47
1	. 1		
		1 1	A I didn't
	reservoir characteristics?"	1 2	A. I didn't.
2	A. Yes.	2	Q. Okay.
2 3	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is:	2 3	Q. Okay.A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist.
2 3 4	A. Yes.Q. What you say there is:"I believe it was a combination of reservoir	2 3 4	Q. Okay.A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist.It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996.
2 3 4 5	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The	2 3 4 5	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first
2 3 4 5 6	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The reservoir characteristics (steeply dipping beds with	2 3 4 5 6	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first report because you
2 3 4 5 6 7	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The reservoir characteristics (steeply dipping beds with fine scale sand and shale features) were known about in	2 3 4 5 6 7	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first report because you A. I wasn't I wasn't aware of it until later, when I was
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The reservoir characteristics (steeply dipping beds with fine scale sand and shale features) were known about in 1996 from Oyo-1 data. The lower than expected	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first report because you A. I wasn't I wasn't aware of it until later, when I was looking through.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The reservoir characteristics (steeply dipping beds with fine scale sand and shale features) were known about in 1996 from Oyo-1 data. The lower than expected permeability which can control the onset of coning	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first report because you A. I wasn't I wasn't aware of it until later, when I was looking through. Q. Okay. So what you seem to be doing here in the joint
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The reservoir characteristics (steeply dipping beds with fine scale sand and shale features) were known about in 1996 from Oyo-1 data. The lower than expected permeability which can control the onset of coning should have been apparent from the Oyo-5 well test. None of these were incorporated into Eni thinking and	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first report because you A. I wasn't I wasn't aware of it until later, when I was looking through. Q. Okay. So what you seem to be doing here in the joint report is you seem to be putting forward, if I can put it this way, a theory to explain the cause of the gas
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The reservoir characteristics (steeply dipping beds with fine scale sand and shale features) were known about in 1996 from Oyo-1 data. The lower than expected permeability which can control the onset of coning should have been apparent from the Oyo-5 well test. None of these were incorporated into Eni thinking and planning."	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first report because you A. I wasn't I wasn't aware of it until later, when I was looking through. Q. Okay. So what you seem to be doing here in the joint report is you seem to be putting forward, if I can put it this way, a theory to explain the cause of the gas ingression, which is that Eni didn't do sufficient
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A. Yes. Q. What you say there is: "I believe it was a combination of reservoir characteristics and poor production management. The reservoir characteristics (steeply dipping beds with fine scale sand and shale features) were known about in 1996 from Oyo-1 data. The lower than expected permeability which can control the onset of coning should have been apparent from the Oyo-5 well test. None of these were incorporated into Eni thinking and planning." And I think that's essentially the point you were	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 Q. Okay. A. But it doesn't mean to say that the data doesn't exist. It is important, I suppose, and it was known in 1996. Q. But you didn't pick up on it at the time of your first report because you A. I wasn't I wasn't aware of it until later, when I was looking through. Q. Okay. So what you seem to be doing here in the joint report is you seem to be putting forward, if I can put it this way, a theory to explain the cause of the gas ingression, which is that Eni didn't do sufficient subsurface work before commencing production from the
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1 1 a robust model, then the projection may not be so two paragraphs in passing? 2 2 accurate " Q. Okay. So just to be clear, the theory that you -- if 3 3 Would you agree with that? I can put it that way -- the theory that you're 4 advancing for the first time in your joint report is 4 A. Yes, within the uncertainties of modelling and the 5 that the field development plan prepared by Eni's 5 limitations of reservoir simulation, yes. reservoir team in 2008 did not take into account these 6 Q. Yes. Yes. Absolutely. So, I mean, in fact you were 6 7 7 here yesterday when Mr Gunning's questions towards particular features of the reservoir, namely these 8 Mr Filippi were directed at an attempt to discredit 8 steeply dipping beds. 9 9 A. I think I am advancing the idea that they didn't do Mr Filippi's model because of lack of robustness of that 10 their homework sufficiently, and I have mentioned that 10 model. And that goes to that point, doesn't it, that if 11 the model isn't sufficiently accurate, the projections 11 in the first report, whether they are steeply dipping 12 beds or not it is quite clear that the technical work 12 resulting from it won't be reliable either? 13 that they carried out was substandard and insufficient. 13 A. Well, there are differences; okay? So one would hope 14 Q. Are you aware, Dr Moy, that there is no pleaded claim in 14 that structurally a model represents what you see in the 15 this arbitration that this supposed lack of Eni's 15 seismic. So the dipping beds issue might be one or from 16 16 the core. There is information from the logs. So what reservoir team having done sufficient homework that this 17 17 do I mean by that? In particular porosity and water is in any way a breach of practices and standards? 18 18 saturation. Quantities that are measured directly A. I am just giving my professional view as a reservoir 19 19 should be honoured in the model. There are other 20 20 Q. Okay. So this is just your professional view as parameters for which you don't -- you can't measure that 21 a reservoir engineer. Fine. 21 directly in the well, so rel perm information, which can 22 22 Let's move on to another topic, which we're going to only be done from core samples, and permeability, which 23 23 take rather more time on, which is your reservoir model you can measure in a little core, core plugs, and you 24 that you used. And when I say "yours", just to be clear 24 can determine permeability over a wider scale from 25 on the terminology, we'll talk about this a bit, but 25 a well test, but we've seen that there is a range of Page 49 Page 51 1 obviously you received this model from -- it was 1 uncertainties in the perm. But, yes --2 originally created by DeGolyer and MacNaughton --2 Q. I don't think anybody would deny that reservoir 3 3 modelling is inherently dealing with uncertainties, A. That's correct, yes. 4 Q. -- who I think, just by way of shorthand, we can happily 4 because what you're dealing with is something that's 5 refer to as D&M. We've heard DeGolyer and MacNaughton 5 happening a long way below the subsurface. I mean, I am 6 quite a lot. And you used this model, subject to 6 sure you will recall Mr Filippi's diagram from his 7 certain modifications, which we'll come on and discuss, 7 slides that demonstrated just, you know, how far below 8 8 the subsurface these wells are. to run the forecasts of production from the Oyo field, 9 9 which, as we've discussed, you then passed to Mr Taylor 10 for him to use in his damages calculations. 10 Q. And you are obviously working with whatever information 11 A. That's correct. 11 you have available about the reservoir, aren't you, but 12 Q. So I think you've obviously been here for quite a lot of 12 that's inevitably going to be limited? 13 this hearing, Dr Moy, and I think you were here when 13 A. Oh yes. 14 Mr Rotondi gave his evidence. 14 Q. So you are inherently working with uncertainties. 15 A. I was, yes. 15 A. That's true. Q. And do you recall that Mr Gunning asked Mr Rotondi the 16 Q. But isn't the point about the history match -- and I am 16 17 17 sorry to labour this point a little bit, but the history 18 "So if there are significant errors in the model, 18 match is really quite important, the concept of history 19 19 that would upset the accuracy of the projections?" match, the point about the history match is that you are 20 A. Vaguely sounds familiar, yes. 20 trying to, as best you can, with the model replicate 21 Q. There's been a lot that has been said over the last two 21 what you know about the historical behaviour of the well 22 22 weeks, so I entirely understand if you don't remember as accurately as you can based on the available 23 that particular question. But the response that 23 information? 24 Mr Rotondi gave to that question was: 24 A. One hopes to do that, yes. 25 "This is always the case. If you don't have 25 Q. That's the aim. And, therefore, the more reliable the Page 50 Page 52

1	model you know, put it the reliability of the	1	Q where you discuss the model that you used, and
2	model is important particularly for forecasts because,	2	specifically I am looking at paragraph, if I can just
3	would you agree with me, Dr Moy, if you can't reproduce	3	find it, 3.1.2.4, which is internal page 10 and page 131
4	what has happened in the past in the model accurately,	4	of the bundle.
5	then you won't be projecting the future accurately	5	So what you say is that:
6	either?	6	"A number of Oyo simulation models were commissioned
7	A. Yes.	7	by the claimant Allied, Erin and partners. These
8	Q. Yes? And I think it should also be uncontroversial that	8	represent an evolution in the understanding of the field
9	the principal way in which you assess whether the model	9	and culminated in the 2014 D&M model."
10	is reliable is by looking at the history match?	10	And then you go on to describe this model, and you
11	A. It's one of the ways, yes, of course.	11	say that:
12	Q. Yes. Okay. Fine. And that's something that Mr Filippi	12	"The D&M model can be considered to be the closest
13	mentioned in his presentation yesterday and he showed	13	and most accurate representation of the field and as
14	the Tribunal, and I know you disagree with the	14	such should be the most appropriate tool for
15	interpretation of the history match, but just to link	15	understanding the behaviour of the field and Oyo-5 in
16	everything together for the benefit of the Tribunal,	16	particular."
17	I am sure they will recall Mr Filippi's slides, which	17	A. That's right.
18	set out the diagrams, and effectively you see how well	18	Q. And do you still stand by that statement?
19	one line tracks another, one line being historical	19	A. I do. In general, I do.
20	performance and the other line being how well it is	20	Q. Okay. Do you know why do you know the background to
21	matched by the simulation?	21	the D&M model, Dr Moy? Do you know why it was created?
22	A. I saw that yesterday, yes.	22	A. I don't know.
23	Q. Okay. So turning to the model that you used, Dr Moy.	23	Q. Okay. Well, what I would like to do is have a look at
24	As we've discussed, it was a model that was built by	24	that and the way I would like to do that is having
25	D&M?	25	a look at the report prepared by D&M to accompany the
	Page 53		Page 55
1	A. Yes.	,	and the definition of the COS and CSC
1	A Yes		
		1	model, and that's in bundle G25 at tab 656.
2	Q. So it's not a model that you built yourself.	2	A. Okay.
2 3	Q. So it's not a model that you built yourself.A. Correct.	2 3	A. Okay. Q. I presume you've seen this document before, Dr Moy?
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1	A. Yes.	1	missing D&M would be aware of it. And it's very
2	Q. Yes. Okay. And so they weren't really looking back in	2	difficult to falsify this raw data, apart from not
3	time at what had happened in Oyo-5.	3	giving it. So if a well has been drilled and there is
4	A. Well, that would be difficult to do the forward-looking	4	no log data, then that would be a flag to the person
5	unless you had a good understanding of what had happened	5	doing the modelling that something was missing. But it
6	in the past.	6	would be very rare to give a data set that gave a skewed
7	Q. Well, we'll come on to what they did in relation to	7	view because you're dealing with raw data, whether
8	Oyo-5, but the point I am trying to make, Dr Moy, is	8	that's log or seismic.
9	that when D&M were producing this model they seem to	9	MS WILFORD: Mr Chairman, I am not quite sure where we are
10	have made certain assumptions about what happened in	10	with timings, given the earlier start today, but I don't
11	Oyo-5. Would you agree with that?	11	know whether now would be an appropriate time to break
12	A. I don't know what assumptions you mean.	12	or whether you would rather that I continued a little
13	Q. Okay. Well, let's have a look at them. So if you could	13	while before we break?
14	go back a page to page 7	14	THE CHAIRMAN: No, I think now would be quite an appropriate
15	A. Yes.	15	time to break. Shall we take 15 minutes, and that,
16	Q so obviously this is the introductory wording to this	16	according to my calculation, gets us back at 11.10 am.
17	report, and what D&M say is that they prepared this	17	Is that about right? Okay.
18	reservoir study at the request of CAMAC Energy.	18	Dr Moy, you're not to discuss your testimony with
19	A. Yes.	19	anyone during the break but you may have refreshments.
20	Q. And then under the heading "Source of information" what	20	A. Thanks.
21	D&M say is:	21	(10.51 am)
22	"Information used in the preparation of this report	22	(A short break)
23	was obtained from CAMAC Energy Inc [defined as CAMAC].	23	(11.15 am)
24	DeGolyer and MacNaughton consulted freely with the	24	MR NESBITT: Yes, Mr Chairman, with the Tribunal's
25	officers and employees of CAMAC and were given access to	25	indulgence I am going to relieve Ms Wilford from now on,
	1 7		,
	Page 57		Page 59
1	such accounts, records, geological and engineering	1	if that's acceptable.
2	reports and other data as were requested for	2	THE CHAIRMAN: Absolutely.
3	examination. All information furnished by CAMAC was	3	Cross-examination by MR NESBITT
4	accepted as represented."	4	MR NESBITT: Thank you.
5	A. Right.	5	Dr Moy, just before the break Ms Wilford had taken
6	Q. So how I read that and this is probably my lawyer's	6	you to the report which the February 2014 report by
7	reading, Dr Moy, and I'm sure you'll tell me if it	7	D&M, which you should hopefully still have open in front
8	disagrees from your engineering point of view is that	8	of you at tab 656.
9	if CAMAC when commissioning this report had told D&M	9	A. I do, yes.
10	something, D&M are representing that it is correct. D&M	10	Q. And Ms Wilford had directed you to the wording which
11	are just saying here "We are relying on the information	11	indicated that all of the information that had been
12	that has been given to us by CAMAC"?	12	provided by CAMAC for the purposes of D&M preparing the
13	A. That's usual the usual practice for a consultancy	13	report was "accepted as represented", is the phrase, and
14	that is building a simulation of a field. The company	14	I think you've suggested that that was quite usual.
15	commissioning the modelling would give the data to the	15	A. Mmm-hmm.
16	company that's doing the modelling and, of course, there	16	Q. Related to that, if you turn to page 9 of the document,
17	is an implicit understanding that they are giving them	17	it is page 9 of the bundle, page 4 of the document, the
18	truthful data. But I would imagine that for	18	final paragraph on that page refers to the early gas
19	an experienced company like D&M you would expect to have	19	breakthrough, about halfway through:
20	certain things. So you would expect to have the seismic	20	"Production performance showed early and significant
21	cube with the data that you could look, potentially	21	gas breakthrough and increased water cut, all of which
22	seismic interpretation that had been done that you could	22	curtailed the oil productivity of the well."
23	check so that your structure that it was correct,	23	Referring to Oyo-5. Do you see that?
24	certainly all the well trajectories, all the well log	24	A. I do, yes.
25	information. So certainly if there was something	25	Q. And D&M then go on to say:
		1	
	Page 58		Page 60

15 (Pages 57 to 60)

		Т	
1	"The likely reasons for such performance could be	1	Q. But Mr Filippi had no difficulty in doing it.
2	mechanical problems, such as poor cementation, as well	2	A. Well, I can't we've seen some of the issues yesterday
3	as local gas cusping and water coning. To minimise	3	with the Filippi model and, you know, it is you can
4	these efforts better production practices are	4	build a model in a month but whether it's a true
5	recommended for future development wells. Such	5	representation of the reservoir is a different issue.
6	practices could include better cementation, the use of	6	Q. So you side with all of the attempts that Mr Gunning
7	inflow control devices and more conservative drawdown	7	made to undermine the robustness and reliability of
8	for the producers."	8	Mr Filippi's model yesterday, seems to be what you're
9	So this shows, doesn't it, that D&M were simply	9	saying.
10	indicating sorry, accepting the indication given to	10	A. I think all the issues that were presented yesterday are
11	them by CAMAC that the early gas ingression into Oyo-5	11	genuine and certainly issues which I felt weren't
12	was in some way attributable to these features?	12	properly answered yesterday.
13	A. Why would they make that conclusion? I don't	13	Q. Well, going back to
14	Q. Sorry, why would who make that conclusion?	14	A. I mean, let's put this in context here. The issue about
15	A. Sorry, I don't want to seem difficult, but if you were	15	the log porosity and the semantic discussion between
16	looking at a reservoir like this and you had an issue	16	pore volume and porosity, it isn't rocket science how
17	with a well that was particularly gassy, you would, as	17	the two are related. It seems you have a well, you've
18	an engineer anyway, look at these options, certainly the	18	measured on the log the porosity, and your model that
19	gas cusping. You would need to so the fact that	19	well is located in a grid cell, and to convert from
20	they've mentioned it does not imply that it's a piece of	20	porosity to pore volume you take the volume of the grid,
21	information that CAMAC have told them to put in here.	21	the cell, and you multiply it by the porosity. It is
22	Q. Have you read this report?	22	a simple relation. It isn't rocket science.
23	A. I have, yes.	23	So why would one take log data and apply a global
24	Q. And is there anything in it to indicate that they	24	reduction factor to a property that is measured in the
25	actively investigated the cause of the gas incursion?	25	well and a property which the variability over the field
23	detively investigated the educe of the gas inediston.	23	went and a property which the variability over the field
	Page 61		Page 63
1	A. No, there is nothing. They haven't the model that is	1	for porosity is nowhere near as great as anywhere that
2	described here is the one that I have used. D&M did not	2	you would find for permeability. And with permeability
3	take a part of that model and refine the grid to	3	you have issues of scale that affects the
4	investigate the sensitivity of coning.	4	permeability effective permeability. Porosity that
5	Q. So I think we've established, you didn't build unlike	5	isn't the case. The variability is much less as you
6	Mr Filippi, you didn't build your own model, you used	6	go well, there isn't the same variability along the
7	the D&M model	7	well as there is into the reservoir.
8	A. I did, that's right.	8	Q. Well, I can see that you're very anxious to take the
9	Q and you adapted it, for want of a better word.	9	opportunity to attempt to rebut the very satisfactory
10	A. Mmm-hmm.	10	answer that Mr Filippi gave yesterday
11	Q. Were you happy to use that model?	11	A. I would prefer to describe it as a clarification for the
12	A. I considered that it was the best option in the	12	benefit of the Tribunal.
13	circumstances.	13	Q but if we could return to your report and your model.
14	Q. Did you consider building your own model?	14	A. Sure.
15	A. To build a model properly is a task which takes	15	Q. One of the things you mention on it's page 180 of
16	a considerable amount of time. You have to look at the	16	your original report as amended, if I can call it that,
17	seismic, check the interpretation, the surfaces, look at	17	at paragraph 6.2.4.1. This is the section of your
18	the well logs, consider how you're going to build that	18	report where you discuss what you call
19	and populate the grid cells, and what would be the best	19	A. Sorry, which page?
20	way of doing that. Then are you going to upscale? How	20	Q. Page 180 in the bundle.
21	are you going to run the model? That task can take	21	THE CHAIRMAN: That's paragraph 6.4?
22	certainly more town month to do it properly.	22	MR NESBITT: 6.2.4.1.
23	Q. And you didn't feel you were up to doing it in the time	23	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.
24	available?	24	MR NESBITT: I am sorry, the paragraph numbering is such
	A. We could have done it but not in the time available.	25	a mouthful.
25	71. We could have done it but not in the time available.		
25	Page 62	23	Page 64

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1	This is the part of your report where you discuss	1	A. Well, we looked at this. We didn't have we didn't
2	what you call the additional structure above the T1A	2	have
3	reservoir	3	Q. Sorry, you looked at it after your original report or at
4	A. That's correct.	4	the time you wrote it?
5	Q as represented in the 2014 D&M model. If I have	5	A. No, no, in here, the point of when we were writing
6	understood correctly, that additional structure is	6	this, because when we received the model we were aware
7	a series of additional cells in the model that you were	7	of these structures above the T1A reservoir and I made
8	given that represent gas volumes.	8	enquiries with Allied about what they represented, and
9	A. They represent gas field sands in a shale matrix that	9	we needed clarification. We didn't and we actually
10	sits above the top surface that defines the T1A	10	never received a depth-corrected seismic, but it was
11	reservoir, and I should say a conformable surface above	11	clear, looking at what we had, that the structures in
12	that defined by Eni and themselves. So it's basically	12	this model, these gas chimneys, appeared to be
13	shale-filled. Remember, the channel complex is sand	13	coincident with these glowing sands that were situated
14	body encased in shale, and what we have here is a series	14	in the shale matrix above the reservoir, and that was
15	of sands in the shale matrix just above the T1A	15	the explanation that Allied gave us to and we were
16	reservoir, and in the seismic they basically appear	16	happy, in the time that we had, to accept that. And in
17	bright because some of them are gas-filled.	17	retrospect, looking at how the results of the material
18	Q. But the effect of adding those cells to the model is	18	balance have turned out, it seems that actually these
19	significantly to increase the model size of the gas cap;	19	sands are connected in some dynamic way and are
20	right?	20	necessary in order to balance the observed depletion.
21	A. What it will do is clearly, although it's not	21	Q. This is an explanation you received after you'd done
22	reported by D&M in their report, I think they probably	22	your original report, before you did your joint report?
23	had the same issues that Mr Filippi had, in terms of the	23	A. No, I believe it's referenced in my first report.
24	match. Additional volumes of gas are needed and it may	24	Q. I haven't seen it referenced in your first report, but
25	well be that these sands are connected in some way with	25	I have seen it referenced in your joint report, if we're
	·		
	Page 65		Page 67
1	the reservoir.	1	talking about the same thing.
2	Q. Sorry, when you say "additional volumes of gas are	2	A. Well, if you don't mind
3	needed", what do you mean?	3	Q. Because
4	A. Well, the material balance the figures that	4	A I would
5	Mr Filippi has come up with I agree with, in terms of	5	Q. Sorry.
6	what they represent for the western side of the Oyo	6	A. May I find it?
7	field. In order to match the pressure data it was clear	7	Q. Because sure. While you are doing that, though, it
8	that and material balance doesn't give you any	8	does seem that in your original report you're continuing
9	indication of where these volumes are located or the	9	to express uncertainty about these extra cells, because
10	shape or the distribution, it just gives you a volume.	10	you finish that section of your report, you say at
11	So it's clear that additional gas seemed to be needed in	11	page 181:
12	order to match the data to match the pressure data.	12	"In conclusion, it seems likely that the bright
13	Q. Well, sorry, can I just stop you there for a second,	13	amplitudes in sequence 4"
14	trying to sort of cut to the chase	14	Which is what you refer to these, as I believe:
15	A. Yes.	15	" do represent gas-bearing rock out but it is far
16	Q at paragraph 6.2.4.3 you say:	16	from certain that these are thick blocky sands or that
17	"The basis of the model attributes are not	17	they are in dynamic communication with the main T1A
18	documented and cannot be determined from the available	18	sands."
19	Petrel(?) project, hence the exact provenance of the	19	A. Yes.
20	model properties cannot be verified."	20	Q. So you seem to have a lot of question marks over it,
21	A. Right.	21	even in your original report.
22	Q. So what you seem to be saying there, at least at the	22	A. No, not particularly. May I
23	time of writing your original report, is that you	23	THE CHAIRMAN: Excuse me, you wanted to refer to something.
24	weren't convinced that the additional gas cells were	24	Would you like to refer to it?
25	appropriate?	25	A. I did indeed. I would like the opportunity to try and
	D //		D 70
	Page 66		Page 68

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1	find the reference to the email.	1	than a month to do a proper job, incorporating all the
2	THE CHAIRMAN: If you know where it is, then	2	data, seismic, well logs, upscaling if required. To do
3	A. I know it is in here somewhere, as they say.	3	a good job is more than a month.
4	THE CHAIRMAN: If it is going to take too long, we might	4	Q. If we turn to the earliest email in the chain, which
5	give you chance during the lunch break to check it.	5	starts on page 94. This is an email from you to
6	A. Okay.	6	Mr Omidele
7	MR NESBITT: It might be more productive if we look at the	7	A. Yes.
8	email itself, Mr Chairman.	8	Q in which you say:
9	A. If you've got it there	9	"Thank you for the points made during the conference
10	THE CHAIRMAN: I thought the issue was whether something was	10	call. Please feel free to add your comments in
11	referred to in the expert report, in the first report.	11	a supplementary information directly to the Word
12	MR NESBITT: It's an email that Dr Moy relies upon in	12	document version of my report and I will take a look on
13	support of his conclusions in his joint report, but	13	Monday.
14	I had not seen it referred to in the original report,	14	"Concerning the most recent D&M model, I have taken
15	but apparently that is wrong. But perhaps rather than	15	the liberty to attach some screenshots, as a verbal
16	waiting for Dr Moy to turn every page	16	description is difficult. We ran the model as received
17	A. Okay. I would like the opportunity to find this email	17	from Toyin [this is Ms Badru, I guess] and made the
18	in the coffee break, because it is certainly referred to	18	following observations:
19	in my first report.	19	"The model ran only to 11 January 2010. After
20	THE CHAIRMAN: Very good.	20	several hours there were major convergence issues which
21	A. So we can continue.	21	do not appear to have been fully addressed by the
22	MR NESBITT: Well, we can go to the email. It is	22	constructors. The grid appeared to have additional
23	bundle F39, tab 12. This is what you refer to as	23	active cells which were filled with gas above the
24	an email from Allied, although it appears to be largely	24	gas-oil contact or water Those filled with gas
25	an exchange between yourself and a Mr or Ms	25	raised the initial gas in place from 62 bcf (previous
	D (0		D 74
	Page 69		Page 71
1	A. Ms	1	model and accepted GIIP volume) to 155 bcf."
2	Q Badru	2	A. Yes.
3	A Toyin Badru.	3	Q. "Investigations showed that these were pressure
4	Q at Erin Energy. Ms. Who is she?	4	connected to the rest of the reservoir."
5	A. She is the reservoir engineer. I've not met her. I've	5	A. Yes.
6	spoken briefly once, a conference call, but we	6	Q. And you then say:
7	communicate by email.	7	"I am very willing to take a fresh look at the
8	Q. So this is what you rely on in your joint report in	8	model. However, it needs to have correct in-place
9	support of the inclusion of the extra gas cells in the	9	volumes and look correct, run in an acceptable time"
10	model?	10	And then at the end:
11	A. Yes.	11	"As Shai indicated, it would be best to stick with
12	Q. Okay. So if we look at the top of the email chain on	12	2013 D&M unless the above points can be rapidly
13	page 92, this was 11 January 2016. So that was about	13	addressed."
14	a month and a half before you served your first report.	14	A. Yes.
15	A. Mmm-hmm.	15	Q. So, I mean, certainly to me in this email you appear to
16	Q. So you didn't have time to build your own model. You	16	be expressing doubts about the reliability of the 2014
17	were happy to use the D&M one? You said it would take	17	model; no?
18	about a month to build your own model.	18	A. No well, not particularly
19	A. No, I didn't say it would take a month. It takes a lot	19	Q. Not particularly.
20	longer to build a proper model. Anyone can build	20	A and they are addressed subsequent to this email. The
21	a model.	21	one from Toyin addresses what those cells are and what
22	Q. I think you did say month?	22	they represent. That was on 11 January. They sent
23	A. No, I didn't.	23	a model that did run without any convergence problems
24	Q. Okay. We can check the transcript.	24	and we were able to run it, although it did take a long
25	A. Well, whatever I said, it certainly would take longer	25	time. The issue about the volumes of gas so if one
	Daga 70		Daga 72
	Page 70		Page 72
			19 (Dagge (0 to 72)

1	is looking at the Oyo central west, west of the fault,	1	these bright features that were seen above the T1A in
2	within the T1A reservoir you have indeed 62 bcf of gas.	2	the seismic, just to get a warm feeling that actually,
3	If you include the additional cells again on the western	3	yes, there could certainly be they are gas-filled,
4	side of the fault, it gives you 155 bcf of gas.	4	they do exist, and we see them in the seismic. And
5	In total, I should add, over the entire structure	5	I think that the two pieces of information here, the
6	there's something like 227 bcf of gas in the entire	6	email and our look at the seismic, confirmed to my
7	model.	7	satisfaction that we could go ahead and use the model.
8	Q. Well, it looks like in response to your initial concerns	8	Q. But you're happy to say that there is no inconsistency
9	Erin Energy sent you a further version of the model.	9	between your position in your original report and in the
10	That's at the top of page 94, where you say:	10	joint report in relation to the extra cells above the
11	"Please send the model by FTP."	11	T1A reservoir?
12	A. Yes.	12	A. There is no contradiction as far as I'm aware.
13	Q. But then if you look at page 92, at the bottom of the	13	Q. No contradiction. Okay.
14	page	14	Let's move on to talk about permeability. We are
15	A. Yes.	15	going back to your original report as amended at
16	Q which is a few emails further on, you say at point 2:	16	3.1.2.6. That's page 132.
17	"There still appear to be gas chimneys resulting in	17	A. Okay.
18	a gas initially in place of 227."	18	Q. And you explained that the D&M model had a number of
19	A. Sorry, which email? Sorry, I am lost.	19	global and local permeability modifiers?
20	Q. At the bottom of page 92.	20	A. Sorry, which have I got the right document here?
21	A. Sorry. Go ahead, sorry.	21	Q. Your report.
22	Q. Point 2	22	A. Yes, which
23	A. Yes, certainly.	23	Q. Which report? The one at tab 2.
24	Q. Point number 2:	24	A. Sorry. Oh, I think I have got the wrong file. Right,
25	"There still appear to be gas chimneys resulting in	25	tab 2 and, sorry, what was the page?
	Page 73		Page 75
1	a gas initially in place of 227. Again, this may be	1	Q. 132.
2	based on a new G&G analysis, in which case please could	2	A. Okay.
3	you forward any slides. Oyo-7 and 8 match in this most	3	Q. Okay. 3.1.2.6.
4	recent model and are much improved. However I am not	4	A. Okay.
5	comfortable using the model until point 2 is clarified."	5	Q. You explain that the D&M model had a number of global
6	A. Exactly.	6	and local modifiers applied to the grid cell properties,
7	Q. So at that stage you're still a bit uncomfortable at	7	one of which related to permeability
8	using the model as a result of the gas chimneys?	8	A. That's correct.
9	A. Yes, certainly, and that was on 10 January. On I think	9	Q and that was in order to achieve a history match?
10	it was the 11th, that email from Toyin, which for we	10	A. Yes. The permeabilities in the geomodel were very high.
11	satisfied I have to take it on trust that she's	11	We assumed, therefore, that they had been populated
12	telling me the truth that and she's given me	12	based on the pore data.
13	an explanation for those, and I accepted that.	13	Q. And I think you were here on Day 1 when I was attempting
14	Q. I see. So she says, regarding point 2:	14	to explain the concept of permeability
15	"The extra gas initially in place comes primarily	15	A. Yes.
16	from the extension to the T1A which was modelled in this	16	Q and, more specifically, permeability modifiers and
17	most current version."	17	I said something like:
18	A. Mmm-hmm.	18	"The global permeability modifier is a multiple
19	Q. And then she goes on to refer to the re-evaluation which	19	which is used to calculate the degree of permeability
20	you mentioned and you just took that at face value.	20	that you ascribe to the reservoir in the model."
21	A. Well, we did	21	So, in other words, the higher your multiple, the
22	Q. You didn't ask any further questions about it?	22	higher the permeability in the model; was that broadly
23	A. Well, following this I approached one of my colleagues	23	right?
24	to just have a look and see where these extra cells were	24	A. Yes.
	and to see how they their position in relation to	25	Q. Okay. And taking it one stage further, that is
25	, <u> </u>		
25	Page 74		Page 76

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1	significant because the higher your permeability, the	1	A. It's applied to the grid pore volume and, as I tried to
2	more oil you get and the less gas?	2	explain earlier, the two are related very simply through
3	A. In general, yes. In these kinds of reservoirs that's	3	the volume of each grid cell. So you take the bulk
4	what you would find.	4	volume of the grid cell and you multiply it by porosity,
5	Q. Okay. As regards a local permeability modifier, the	5	say the porosity that you've measured in the well that
6	principle is the same, except that you're applying it to	6	may go through that grid cell, and that will you the
7	a localised area of the reservoir rather than to the	7	pore volume. The two are related very simply.
8	entire model; is that correct?	8	MR NESBITT: Just to clarify, it is not accepted by
9	A. That's right, yes.	9	Mr Filippi that he modified porosity.
10	Q. Okay. And is it also the case that you only apply	10	LORD HOFFMANN: No, he definitely denied it.
11	permeability modifiers when the model isn't otherwise	11	A. There is a keyword
12	matching the behaviour of the field sufficiently	12	MR NESBITT: Sorry, Dr Moy, if we could perhaps come back to
13	satisfactorily?	13	permeability, which is what I am asking about, I know
14	A. Well, in our case or in the case of the D&M model it is	14	porosity appears to be one of your new favourite
15	clear that the because we received two models. We	15	subjects. But following on from the question that the
16	had the geomodel. It's the same grid as the ECLIPSE	16	chairman raised and the use of permeability modifiers,
17	simulation model. The only difference there is that	17	is it right to say that in general the more modifiers
18	when the grid was exported into ECLIPSE for simulation,	18	you use, particularly local modifiers, the stronger the
19	there was a command in the ECLIPSE file to say, "Take	19	indication that the geological model without the
20	the permeabilities from the geomodel and multiply them	20	modifiers isn't representative of the actual geology?
21	by 0.1". It wasn't clear from the D&M report the	21	In other words, what the person creating the model is
22	one, for example, that we looked at earlier, this	22	doing is using what you might call patches to achieve
23	multiplier is mentioned but it's not explained. So it	23	an acceptable history match.
24	wasn't until we looked at the core data, which is	24	A. It really depends on what the parameter is that you're
25	plotted in the geological supplement of my first report,	25	affecting the multiplier and whether that's from log
	Page 77		Page 79
1	that it was clear that actually the permeabilities in	1	information or whether there's a degree of uncertainty
2	the geomodel appeared to be populated from core data and	2	in terms of permeability. So in answer to that it would
3	that therefore this point 1 parameter, which had been	3	be not necessarily, but as an engineer you would love to
4	applied in the simulation model, was in order to reduce	4	build a model, populate it from the log data and it
5	the permeabilities.	5	gives you a match the first time, without applying any
6	THE CHAIRMAN: If I may, do you have any objection to	6	kind of local modifications. That would be fantastic if
7	applying modifiers to the permeability?	7	you could do that.
8	A. No, no.	8	I have never seen that done. It is very, very
9	THE CHAIRMAN: So to the extent that Mr Filippi has applied	9	a you need in mature field, for example, where
10	a modifier to the permeability, would you have any	10	there's lots of well penetration, so your uncertainty as
11	objection to that?	11	to the size, and the properties in the reservoir are
12	A. I believe the multiplier was applied to the porosity.	12	minimised, then it is likely you could get that
13	THE CHAIRMAN: Oh, to the porosity.	13	situation. But in a reservoir like Oyo, where you've
14	A. And that's very different. The reason it is very	14	got very few well penetrations, there is a high degree
15	different, for example, is if in the geological	15	of uncertainty, in the properties fairly high, and
16	supplement there is a plot that I mentioned of the core	16	certainly high in the permeability. You really need to
17	data. If you look on the X axis that's porosity and the	17	apply local modifiers, certainly to a property like
18	Y axis is permeability. For any given porosity, you	18	permeability where there is quite a wide range of
19	will notice, especially in the case of Oyo core data,	19	uncertainty.
20	that there are two orders of magnitude range	20	Q. So is the answer: not necessarily but in this case yes?
21	permeability. So actually what you can say is porosity	21	A. Yes.
22	varies very little in this kind of environment, but the	22	Q. We are quite tight for time, so
23	permeability changes considerably.	23	A. Sure
24	LORD HOFFMANN: Mr Filippi actually denied that he had	24	Q if you could attempt to restrain yourself and give as
25	applied it to the porosity.	25	short an answer as possible to the questions
			D 00
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1 A. Absolutely. 1 right? 2 Q. -- I think that will be appreciated by everyone. 2 A. I think that's probably right. 3 Now, the D&M model that was provided to you by the 3 O. Good. 4 respondents to use in this arbitration, that had 4 5 a global permeability modifier of 0.1. 5 Q. Now, going back to your -- do you still have bundle F39 6 A. It did, yes. 6 7 Q. Okay. And as you explain in your report -- and here 7 A. No, I think it's disappeared. 8 I am looking at the same page as we were at, 132, but 8 O. Sorry. Could you be given it again, please. 9 paragraph 1.3.2 - 9, in order to match the behaviour of 9 Now, I am looking at page 93, because another thing 10 Oyo-5 D&M also had to apply a local relative 10 that you asked -- sorry, tab 12. It is the same Allied permeability modifier in the area with the so-called box 11 11 or Erin Energy email. 12 around Oyo-5? 12 So I am now looking at page 93, and this is your 13 A. Yes. 13 email of 8 January, copied to Mr Dyson, but to Ms Badru, 14 Q. So, in other words, the way in which D&M were addressing 14 copied to Mr Dyson, Mr Omidele and various others. You 15 the behaviour of Oyo-5 in their model was effectively 15 appear to be asking Erin Energy why a permeability 16 simply to replicate its effects by making modifications 16 modifier had been applied. 17 to the model, rather than using the model to investigate 17 A. Mmm-hmm. 18 what caused that behaviour? So, for example, D&M didn't 18 Q. So you say: 19 attempt to model what the effect would have been of 19 "Could you please assist me in understanding why 20 a channel in the cement, for example? 20 this was used? Is there a geological reason for this 21 A. It certainly isn't possible to model a channel in the 21 reduction?" 22 cement. 22 On the second point: 23 Q. Not possible per se or not possible for you? 23 "Has the 0.1 factor simply been applied in order to 24 A. Well -- no, I mean, that's -- let's get this into 24 history match the Oyo-5 gas behaviour? If so, how does 25 perspective here. A reservoir simulator -- if you zoom 25 this affect the prediction of gas production at 7 and 8 Page 81 Page 83 1 in on a reservoir simulator you won't find a graphic of which have produced considerably less gas? If part, and 1 2 the well with the casing and the cement, with the 2 especially the early part, of Oyo-5 gas production was 3 completion and all of that. Basically, it's a series of 3 dominated by gas entering via the casing before direct 4 grid cells. A simulator calculates pressure drops 4 gas breakthrough from the cap, how would this element be 5 between the centres of the cells, and in fact, to give 5 reflected in the model? I would really appreciate 6 you a pressure drop up to the surface, it looks -- it 6 having a better understanding of these points as 7 uses a series of look-up tables. That's exactly what's 7 I believe they are key." 8 in the simulator. 8 A. Okay. 9 So measuring or modelling gas through cement 9 Q. Then above your email is Ms Badru's response. But as 10 effectively is just measuring the gas flow through 10 far as I can see, she doesn't answer your question on 11 11 8 January. 12 THE CHAIRMAN: Excuse me, but I thought the question was 12 A. No. 13 whether D&M was trying to establish what caused the 13 Q. Correct? So you pressed again for an answer in the 14 current situation. 14 subsequent email at the bottom of page 92. When her 15 A. Right. 15 answer came, which is in the email at the top of the 16 THE CHAIRMAN: And I have understood your answer that D&M 16 chain, she simply says: 17 was not looking at the causes of the present situation? 17 "History ..." A. They weren't -- they didn't model any potential leakage 18 18 Yes, in the first line: 19 through cement, for example. 19 "Regarding point 1, history matching efforts require 20 MR NESBITT: As I think was obvious from the question, that 20 the reduction in the permeability." 21 was just an example, my question was, as the chairman 21 22 put it, the way in which they addressed the behaviour of 22 Q. So that's the only explanation you were given. She 23 Ovo-5 in their model was to replicate its effects by 23 doesn't answer your question about how the modification 24 modifying the model. They weren't using the model to 24 around Oyo-5 would reflect what actually happened in 25 investigate the cause of the behaviour of Oyo-5; is that 25 Oyo-5 or how it would affect the forecasted behaviour Page 82 Page 84

1	of 7 and 8.	1	Q. I'm simply referring you to your summary of your
2	So even though you'd identified these points as	2	approach to the "but for" calculations.
3	being key to your understanding of the model to help you	3	A. Yes, okay.
4	become comfortable with it, you don't really have	4	Q. And by the "but for" scenario obviously what we're
5	appear to have much more than this rather Delphic answer	5	talking about is your version of the hypothetical
6	of "History matching efforts required for permeability	6	scenario that would have resulted "but for" the supposed
7	reduction". Was that right insofar as this	7	essentially breach of contract or alleged breach of
8	correspondence goes?	8	contract by NAE in managing the well; yes?
9	A. It's a bit the response is indeed a little slim, but	9	A. The "but for" case is, yes, the less gassy scenario.
10	we looked at the core data, and although it says as	10	Q. Now, I think you have you understand, of course, that
11	I said, it's not mentioned in the report, we came to the	11	essentially what we now know is that the two breaches of
12	conclusion that the geomodel was populated with core	12	contract being alleged by the respondents in this
13	permeability, and that this in some way this	13	arbitration relate to cementing. They say the cementing
14	multiplier had been essential to get the wells behaving	14	wasn't good enough. And the second one relates to
15	reasonably, as they were observed to behave. So, yes,	15	production, which they say was (inaudible) was too high
16	that's all I had from Toyin.	16	or the choke size was too large or things of that sort.
17	Q. Right. But it is right, isn't it, that the history	17	A. Yes.
18	match achieved by that model wasn't actually good	18	Q. You're aware of that?
19	enough, was it?	19	A. I am.
20	A. Oh, well, one would hope to have a better history match	20	Q. It is hard not to be when you have been sitting here for
21	sometimes. When that doesn't happen it's yes,	21	most of the week.
22	it's the problem is most likely due to the	22	A. That's right.
23	permeability, there's an uncertainty over what the	23	Q. On the cementing point, I think you might have already
24	actual permeabilities are, and also reflecting the	24	confirmed this, but you haven't attempted to model what
25	coning, which I was I made clear in the presentation,	25	would have happened if there had been no entry of gas
	Page 85		Page 87
			<u> </u>
1	this model none of the models that have cells	1	through the cement.
2	really to mirror what happens when wells properly cone.	2	A. You can't do that in the
3	Q. But coming back to my original point, you accept that	3	Q. You can't do that.
4	the history match achieved by the model wasn't good	4	A. No. I mean, what you can model is gas flow through
5	enough?	5	a conduit. But what is the relevance of doing that in
6	A. I would have preferred a better history match, yes.	6	terms of the reality of gas flow through damaged cement
7	Q. Okay. Moving on to a slightly different topic, you then	7	with its tortuosities and its constrictions. To assume
8	go on in your original amended report to describe how	8	that it's a uniform conduit, you can do it, you can
9	you modified the D&M model in order to create your "but	9	calculate, but you are just calculating the pressure
10	for" case.	10	loss through a pipe.
11	A. Yes.	11	Q. I think what you say in your joint report, which is E3
12	Q. And I think the way you put it, and I am looking at the	12	at page 136, I think. It is not really worth everyone
12		1 12	looking it in booking it is about sorion monds in
13	top of page 133, 3.1.2.10:	13	looking it up, because it is about seven words, in
14	"To determine what would constitute an alternative	14	answer to the question:
14 15	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered	14 15	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor
14 15 16	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion."	14 15 16	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?"
14 15 16 17	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously	14 15 16 17	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is:
14 15 16 17 18	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously A. I will need to find the page. Sorry, where was it?	14 15 16 17 18	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is: "This is not my area of expertise."
14 15 16 17 18 19	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously A. I will need to find the page. Sorry, where was it? Page	14 15 16 17 18 19	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is: "This is not my area of expertise." A. It is.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously A. I will need to find the page. Sorry, where was it? Page Q. 133.	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is: "This is not my area of expertise." A. It is. Q. So this is consistent with your decision not to attempt
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously A. I will need to find the page. Sorry, where was it? Page Q. 133. A. Is it in E3 or E2?	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is: "This is not my area of expertise." A. It is. Q. So this is consistent with your decision not to attempt to use the model to investigate whether or not gas did
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously A. I will need to find the page. Sorry, where was it? Page Q. 133. A. Is it in E3 or E2? Q. It is your report, so it is in E2.	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is: "This is not my area of expertise." A. It is. Q. So this is consistent with your decision not to attempt to use the model to investigate whether or not gas did in fact enter the well through a channel. You say that
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously A. I will need to find the page. Sorry, where was it? Page Q. 133. A. Is it in E3 or E2? Q. It is your report, so it is in E2. A. Okay, yes. Sorry what paragraph?	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is: "This is not my area of expertise." A. It is. Q. So this is consistent with your decision not to attempt to use the model to investigate whether or not gas did in fact enter the well through a channel. You say that can't be done?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	"To determine what would constitute an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well not suffered early and severe gas incursion." So that's your "but for" scenario and obviously A. I will need to find the page. Sorry, where was it? Page Q. 133. A. Is it in E3 or E2? Q. It is your report, so it is in E2. A. Okay, yes. Sorry what paragraph? Q. The top of the page.	14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	answer to the question: "Was the gas ingression in Oyo-5 the result of poor cementing?" Your answer is: "This is not my area of expertise." A. It is. Q. So this is consistent with your decision not to attempt to use the model to investigate whether or not gas did in fact enter the well through a channel. You say that can't be done? A. Can't be done.
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1	obviously disagree on that.	1	Q. You can't model a less aggressive approach to production
2	A. Well, as you saw yesterday, what Mr Filippi has done is	2	can you, unless you know what "less aggressive" means?
3	model pressure drop from gas flowing through a pipe.	3	A. Okay, one thing that is apparent to me, looking at the
4	What relevance does that have to the actual gas flow	4	production data when we look at
5	through damaged cement?	5	Q. Sorry, is the answer yes or no?
6	Q. Well, what you say in your joint report is that:	6	A. I would say that you can begin to get a feel for it,
7	"The assumption that the failed cement can be	7	yes.
8	represented by a conduit 2 inches in diameter is a gross	8	Q. You can begin to get a feel for it?
9	simplification."	9	A. Yes.
10	A. That's right.	10	Q. Okay.
11	Q. You say:	11	A. In terms of what's aggressive and what isn't
12	"It is unrealistic to assume that this would all	12	aggressive
13	fail simultaneously."	13	Q. Right.
14	A. Correct.	14	A we've seen and one has seen that in Oyo-7, when
15		15	-
	Q. If that's not within your area of expertise, as you said	1	you had your opening submission, you had up there
16	in the joint report, what's your basis for saying that?	16	a planned drawdown for Oyo-7, which was planned. It's
17	A. Because I am aware that of what's been done and	17	very clear that the permeability based on the log
18	I can't comment the area that's outside is commenting	18	information, comparing porosity, it is very similar in
19	on the cement quality in the well. But certainly	19	Oyo-7 to Oyo-8, and you saw earlier that those two wells
20	I have I am certainly in a position to comment on how	20	were very similar in their location relative to the
21	that's been modelled and, in my view, it's not realistic	21	contacts. Their producing interval is very similar.
22	to compare pressure drop in a conduit with the reality	22	It's a matter of physics that if you produce one well at
23	of what would happen in a well with cement with poor	23	half the rate of the other well, your drawdown will be
24	cement.	24	half.
25	Q. Well, I think Mr Filippi addressed that yesterday. But	25	There's an issue about what is the drawdown because
	Page 89		Page 91
1	that's your opinion. I've not seen it expressed in that	1	the gauges in both wells are substantially higher
2	way in any of your reports, but that's what you're	2	shallower than the sand face. So the issue perhaps is
3	saying now?	3	not what's the absolute drawdown. But I can assure you
4	A. Absolutely.	4	that given the permeabilities that are so similar in
5	Q. Obviously you're also aware that the other allegation,	5	those two locations and wells so similar in their
6	the surviving allegation, of breach appears to be that	6	
		7	producing interval, if you produce one at half the rate
7	NAE's approach to production was in some way overly		of the other your drawdown will be half.
8	aggressive, if I can put that it way. So in your "but	8	Q. Coming back to your point about beginning to get a feel
9	for" world, NAE would have managed the well less	9	for it, at the time of your first report, did your
10	aggressively, and on the respondents' case this would	10	feeling suggest that aggressive meant that NAE had
11	have drawn less gas into the well.	11	applied a drawdown of 400 psi?
12	A. Yes.	12	A. The error from that came from looking at the gauge data
13	Q. Okay? However, you presumably are also aware that even	13	without any correction. So the gauge is 1,000 vertical
14	in their own pleaded case the respondents don't actually	14	feet above the sand base. It has to be corrected you
15	define or quantify what they say would have been	15	have to estimate what the pressure would be, and that
16	an appropriate way of beaning-up or producing from the	16	even involves knowing what the flow rate and the fluid
17	well; right?	17	composition is between the gauge and the sand face. And
18	A. Yes.	18	once you do that correction, your drawdown is in the
19	Q. And nor does their production expert, Mr Dyson, set this	19	region, as I said, 100 psi plus or minus 10.
20	out.	20	Q. Dr Moy, there is a plethora of information on the
	A. Mmm-hmm.	21	record, contemporaneous calculations done by the
21		22	operator at the time, which indicate what the drawdown
21	O. From your perspective that presents you with something	22	
21 22	Q. From your perspective that presents you with something of a problem because you only model things that are	23	applied was. Were you not provided with that
21 22 23	of a problem because you only model things that are	23	applied was. Were you not provided with that information? You just felt you had to calculate it in
21 22			information? You just felt you had to calculate it in
21 22 23 24	of a problem because you only model things that are defined within specific parameters; right?	23 24	

1	A. It's wise to check, yes. All I've seen, I should add,	1	Q. This is in the period between your original report and
2	in terms of output from NAE, in terms of the well	2	your joint report?
3	test I've not seen well, certainly in the	3	A. That's correct, yes.
4	multi-rate test that was done they seem to give gauge	4	Q. Do you now accept that the drawdown of around 100 psi
5	they compare shut-in gauge pressure with a drawdown	5	was not "aggressive" or do you express no opinion on the
6	gauge pressure.	6	drawdown?
7	Q. Sorry, are you saying that you did check it, you reran	7	A. No, I can't express an opinion because it may well be
8	the calculation yourself	8	that the correct drawdown was 50 psi. We saw earlier
9	A. We did	9	that 15,000 will bring in gas. The maximum rate of
10	Q but you got it wrong, you came up with 400	10	Oyo-5 exceeded 13,000. To me that suggests that there's
11	A. No, what we did we went back and we looked in detail at	11	a good chance it brought gas in at that rate. Whatever
12	the gauge data and did the calculation using PROSPER	12	the corresponding drawdown might be, let's assume it is
13	software for a number of points along the production	13	100 psi, we do know when we look at Oyo-7, effectively
14	history of the well.	14	similar, it was brought in at tops 8,000 barrels of oil
15	Q. And this is at the time of your first report when you	15	a day. That would imply from the physics that the
16	got it wrong or you second report	16	drawdown is going to be around half. So whether we're
17	A. That would been between	17	talking about 100 psi, 50 psi, whether 100 is excessive,
18	Q. Sorry, could I finish my question because otherwise we	18	it did what it did.
19	are overspeaking and we will annoy the transcribers, if	19	Q. Well, in your original report you don't need to look
20	we haven't already.	20	it up but it is a paragraph I took Mr Dyson to at
21	A. Sorry.	21	4.2.2.7, and this is obviously before you were aware
22	Q. This is at the time of your joint report you ran the	22	that you had miscalculated the drawdown, you said:
23	PROSPER software?	23	"It must be noted that the maximum permitted
24	A. Yes, we needed to check and confirm.	24	drawdown as specified in the Oyo-7 and 8 start-up
25	Q. And then you got the right number. But at the time of	25	programmes is 100 psi and neither of these wells
23	Q. And then you got the right number. But at the time of	23	programmes is 100 psi and neither of these wens
	Page 93		Page 95
1	your first report you hadn't appreciated that the down	1	suffered the rapid and sudden gas incursion which
2	hole gauge wasn't at the bottom of the well or what's	2	affected Oyo-5."
3	the explanation?	3	A. Hmm.
4	A. We thought that the data had already been depth	4	Q. So you appear implicitly at least to be approving
5	corrected, and that wasn't the case. So when	5	100 psi as an appropriate drawdown for wells drilled
6	I enquired we had initially also got in the	6	
7	renquired we had initially also got in the		into the Ovo reservoir
			into the Oyo reservoir. A. That's
	initial data bundle we didn't have the correct or final	7	A. That's
8	initial data bundle we didn't have the correct or final completion diagram for Oyo-5 either. That was sent	7 8	A. That's Q. Have you now changed your mind on that and suggesting 50
8 9	initial data bundle we didn't have the correct or final completion diagram for Oyo-5 either. That was sent later, again by Toyin, which confirmed the gauge of the	7 8 9	 A. That's Q. Have you now changed your mind on that and suggesting 50 would be better?
8 9 10	initial data bundle we didn't have the correct or final completion diagram for Oyo-5 either. That was sent later, again by Toyin, which confirmed the gauge of the depth as 1,000 feet above the completion.	7 8 9 10	 A. That's Q. Have you now changed your mind on that and suggesting 50 would be better? A. I don't in terms of Oyo-7 and Oyo-8, the programme
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1	along there.	1	anyway, the one you modified. Aren't you stretching
2	Q. Sorry, Dr Moy	2	credibility a little?
3	A. But I would like to add	3	A. Why? That's the method that's used.
4	Q. Sorry	4	Q. Well, you're suggesting that merely arriving at
5	A we are flowing this well without a test separator and	5	a drawdown figure requires an enormous amount of
6	we don't know exactly what the flow rates are because we	6	information, but doesn't the operator have all of that
7	are also having flow from Oyo-6. So there is	7	information at its fingertips and this is a figure which
8	an inherent uncertainty as to any conversion from the	8	is routinely calculated? I think what you're trying
9	gauge depth to the sand face.	9	A. Routinely calculated
10	THE CHAIRMAN: For any operator, isn't it, important to know	10	Q. Sorry, Dr Moy
11	the drawdown? They calculate the drawdown all the time,	11	A but probably in the office.
12	don't they?	12	Q I think what you're trying to do is try to explain
13	A. They would calculate it using that, and what one would	13	away the fact that you miscalculated it yourself.
14	•	14	
	hope is having a completion design that allows you to		That's what you're doing, isn't it?
15	have that gauge near the sand face in the vertical	15	A. No, I am referring to the 100 psi after the correct
16	depth, and I think we heard from Mr Dyson the problem is	16	calculations were done. It would be unusual for someone
17	you've got a packer and you want to run you want to	17	on the drill the platform, the drill, the FPSO, for
18	make sure that your gauge is run probably in the	18	example, or wherever they were doing operations to do
19	vertical almost vertical section of the hole. You've	19	these calculations on the hoof, and it may seem to
20	then got the packer, you don't want your electrical	20	a non-engineer that it is a bit involved, but that's the
21	connections to run past the packer, so there's	21	method I've described is the method that's used. But,
22	THE CHAIRMAN: If I have understood correctly, one of the	22	of course, it really depends on knowing what well is
23	Oyo-7 or Oyo-8 does not even have a down hole gauge?	23	producing in both gas, oil and water. And we know
24	A. Oyo-8 does not have a down hole gauge.	24	unfortunately that the test separator wasn't available.
25	THE CHAIRMAN: So you are using this PROSPER software to	25	So you've got flow you've got the added uncertainty
	Page 97		Page 99
1	calculate the drawdown based on the pressure at the top?	1	of co-mingled production from Oyo-6 and Oyo-5 at that
2	A. We have that's partially correct. What we have in	2	time.
3	Oyo-8 is no or I don't think the gauge is	3	Q. Dr Moy, I know you want to mention the test separator as
4	functioning. So we have no down hole pressure data for	4	many times as possible, but you may recall that
5	Oyo-8. We only have tubing head pressure on the seabed.	5	yesterday we looked with Mr Dyson at the calculation for
6	For the other wells, 5 and 7, we have both. We have	6	drawdown, and it is simply reservoir pressure minus
7	the tubing head and we have bottom hole pressure. So	7	flowing bottom hole pressure.
8	what that allows you to do, using PROSPER software, is	8	A. Yes.
9	to calculate your pressure drop, theoretical pressure	9	Q. You agree with that?
10	drop, from your tubing head to your gauge depth. But	10	A. I do.
11	because you've got data from those two gauges in the	11	Q. Good. Let's move on.
12	real world, you can calculate how close the software is	12	If we go back how are we doing for time? if we
13	predicting that drawdown, and then extrapolate that	13	go back to paragraph 3.1.2.10 of your report this is
14	further thousand feet down to your sand face. And	14	the top of page 133. Can you find it?
15	that's the method used in this situation, where the	15	
			A. If I am given sufficient time.
16	gauge depth is so different from the sand face depth.	16	Q. Now, this is where you explain how you actually
17	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr Nesbitt.	17	approached modelling a "but for" scenario. Oh, sorry.
18	MR NESBITT: I think part of the puzzlement behind the	18	A. What paragraph number?
19	chairman's question is that you would accept, would you,	19	Q. The top of the page.
20	that drawdown is a very important parameter for any	20	A. Right.
21	operator producing from a well?	21	Q. 3.1.2.10.
22	A. Yes.	22	A. Okay, yes.
23	Q. And yet you have managed to make calculating drawdown	23	Q. So I will just repeat that. This is where you explain
24	sound more complicated than preparing your model, which	24	how you actually approached modelling your "but for"
25	in fact you didn't actually prepare yourself, but	25	scenario.
	D 06		D 400
	Page 98		Page 100

A. Mmm-hmm. A. I think that was --2 2 Q. And what you say, I will check I am at the right Q. It says in number 2: 3 3 "The permeability multiplier around 5 was set to paragraph, I think so, you say that: 4 "It was necessary to determine what would constitute 4 5 an alternative Oyo-5 production performance had the well 5 A. That's a permeability multiplier, yes. Q. On the removal of the box point, did you entirely remove not suffered early and severe gas incursion. Based on 6 7 the observed Oyo-7 and 8 GOR trends during the course of A. No, it's still defined in the model. 8 the first six months of their production I felt that it 8 9 9 Q. Okay. Because you say here that you did remove it. was reasonable to assume that they represented 10 an average or typical Oyo central well free from the gas 10 A. Well, I meant that it's the multiplication of the transmissibility that's there. So there is a ... 11 incursion issues experienced in Oyo-5." 11 12 12 (Pause). 13 Q. "I therefore decided to adjust the received D&M model in 13 So in the model there are two relative permeability 14 order to make Oyo-5's GOR versus cumulative oil trend 14 tables, and the second one refers to or is applied to 15 match that of Oyo-7, as this well's GOR trend was 15 Oyo-5 within the box, and from memory that's the one intermediate between the very high GOR of Oyo-5 and the 16 that I removed from the model, so that there was 16 low GOR of Oyo-8." 17 a single set of relative permeability tables for the 17 18 So if I can put that a slightly different way, what 18 whole field. 19 you're saying here is that you -- for the purposes of 19 Q. Okay. And as you said at 2 you set the multiplier to 20 20 your "but for" forecast you assumed that if NAE had 1.0. 21 managed Oyo-5 on the respondents' case in accordance 21 A. That's right, yes. 22 with internationally acceptable Petroleum Industry 22 Q. And that again, just to check what that actually means, 23 Practices and Standards, it would have behaved in the 23 that would increase the level of permeability attributed 24 same way as Oyo-7 and, therefore, what you did was you 24 to the area of the model by ten times? 25 25 A. No, what that does it returns the permeability to the made some modifications to the D&M model, which were Page 101 Page 103 1 intended to force the gas-oil ratio trend of Oyo-5 to 1 permeability in the original geomodel that I received 2 match that of Oyo-7? 2 3 3 Q. Okay. Right. And the way you justify what you are A. Correct, yes. 4 Q. Okay? Then in the next paragraph you go on to explain 4 doing there is that you refer back to the data from the 5 what the changes were that you made. 5 Oyo-1 cores; is that right? 6 6 A. You'd have to remind me, sorry. A. Yes. 7 Q. First of all, you say that you increased the global 7 Q. Yes. This is in your joint report, or at least your 8 permeability multiplier from 0.1 -- sorry, from 0.1 to 8 half of it. 9 0.2. 9 A. Right. 10 A. Yes. 10 Q. Page -- it is actually the genuinely joint bit, 11 Q. Yes? So that would effectively result in, as you say 11 page 138. Sorry, the wrong page number. 198. 12 there, a five times reduction in field permeability 12 A. Okay. 13 instead of a ten times reduction. 13 Q. You say that it's within the range of data from Oyo-1 14 14 cores 1 to 3. A. Correct. 15 Q. So I will just check I've understood what that means. 15 A. Mmm-hmm. That means you've doubled the degree of permeability 16 16 Q. So that's where that comes from. 17 ascribed to the field as a whole; is that right? 17 A. Mmm-hmm. 18 A. Yes, considering the high permeability in the geomodel, 18 THE CHAIRMAN: Is that paragraph 6.15.3.14? 19 19 MR NESBITT: Sorry, no, it's the paragraph before. So it is 20 Q. Okay. And then you say that you also removed the local 20 starts at the bottom page 197 and carries on on 21 relative permeability multiplier around Oyo-5, that's 21 page 198, and the relevant explanation appears at the 22 the box that was imposed by D&M; is that right? 22 very end of the paragraph, where it says "which was 23 A. Yes, that's right. 23 within the range of data from Oyo-1 cores 1 to 3." 24 Q. Okay. And you replaced that with a local permeability 24 Isn't what you are doing there relying on 25 multiplier around Oyo-5 of 1, 1.0? 25 permeability data from core samples on other wells to Page 104 Page 102

,			J
1	justify the local permeability effects that you've	1	adjust the modelled volumes of oil and gas produced by
2	applied around Oyo-5, which is a different well?	2	Oyo-5.
3	A. Well, actually we don't in light of the	3	A. That is correct, yes.
4	interpretation I presented from Oyo-5 well test, what is	4	Q. Okay. But what you haven't done is actually taken any
5	the permeability around Oyo-5? Essentially we have got	5	steps to model the effects of the alleged breaches of
6	two wells that and I suspect this is why Eni drilled	6	contract. You felt you couldn't do that. You're
7	Oyo-5 where they did, because at the heel you've got	7	simply you're making an assumption, as indeed, as we
8	Oyo-4, which is 150 metres away, and at the toe of Oyo-5	8	saw earlier, D&M did in their report, that the gas
9	you have Oyo-1, which is about 200 metres away. And it	9	incursion was caused by production management and/or
10	is only Oyo-1 that has core data for the whole field.	10	cementing, and so you're adjusting the model behaviour
11	So we're faced with a lack of data, and certainly what	11	of Oyo-5 to reflect how you think it ought to have
12	is the permeability in Oyo-5 is a question mark based on	12	behaved.
13	what I've seen of the well test.	13	A. Well, as I said, as simulators go they don't include
14	Q. Well, that's what you say in your joint report, but in	14	anything on cement or wells or casing. It's not
15	your original report have you still got it there?	15	appropriate to use them to model any gas down poor
16	A. Yes.	16	cement, they are not designed for that. And as
17	Q. The top of page 148.	17	_
18	A. Mmm-hmm.	18	a reservoir engineer, my view is one of looking at what are the possible mechanisms that bring gas into a well.
19	Q. Paragraph 4.2.4.2.	19	MR NESBITT: I think, Mr Chairman that's probably
20	A. Mmm-hmm.	20	an appropriate moment to break.
21	Q. Again, on the subject of permeability, you talk about	21	THE CHAIRMAN: Very good. Shall we resume at 1.30 pm and
22	the range in the Oyo-1 cores	22	take a full hour. Thank you very much.
23	A. Mmm-hmm.	23	MR NESBITT: Thanks.
24	Q. And then you say those on Oyo-5 range from 340 to	24	THE CHAIRMAN: The same rules apply, Dr Moy, you're not to
25	504 millidarcies. So you're talking about permeability	25	discuss your testimony. See you all back at 1.30 pm.
	Page 105		Page 107
1	in the hole range, you're not limiting your self	1	(12.23 pm)
2	sorry, in the whole reservoir, you're not limiting	2	(The short adjournment)
3	yourself there.	3	(1.30 pm)
4	A. I'm sorry, I don't understand what your question is when	4	THE CHAIRMAN: Welcome back, everyone.
5	you're talking about limiting. Could you clarify,	5	MR NESBITT: Thank you, Mr Chairman.
6	please? (Pause).	6	Dr Moy, turning to page 153 of your first amended
7	Q. I don't know what time you want to given we started	7	report, bundle E2, tab 2.
8	early, Mr Chairman, what time you wanted to take the	8	A. 152?
9	lunch break. It is just after 12.20 pm. I can go on	9	Q. 153.
10	for a bit longer, it is entirely up to you.	10	A. Which section?
11	THE CHAIRMAN: If it is a good point to stop we can stop	11	Q. 4.2.7.1.
12	now. If you would like to go on for	12	A. Okay.
13	MR NESBITT: I can go on for a few more minutes happily.	13	Q. So this is the part of your report where you describe
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.	14	some of the assumptions that you make in running your
15	MR NESBITT: Okay. So all of that that we just went	15	"but for" forecasts.
16	through, Dr Moy, that was in an attempt to clarify how	16	A. Right.
17	you interpreted the instruction that you got from the	17	Q. The first assumption is at 4.2.7.1, where you say that
18	respondents to assume for the purposes of your "but for"	18	using the modified model that we discussed earlier on
19	forecast that there was no gas incursion into the well	19	you set a maximum production rate of 7,000 barrels per
20	as a result of the way they put it "poor cementing or	20	day.
21	production mismanagement"	21	A. Mmm-hmm.
22	A. Mmm-hmm.	22	Q. And is that your interpretation of what a less
22		23	aggressive approach to production would be? Is that why
23	Q "such as aggressive beaning-up", et cetera. So what		11 1
	Q. — "such as aggressive beaning-up", et cetera. So what you did, your approach, was to make changes to the	24	you took 7,000?
23		24 25	you took 7,000? A. It was, yes, to try and get something close to the rates
23 24	you did, your approach, was to make changes to the modelled permeability of the reservoir in order to		A. It was, yes, to try and get something close to the rates
23 24	you did, your approach, was to make changes to the		-

1	that we see in Oyo-7 and 8, which is between 7 and 8,000	1	A. I think it's been somewhere between — it is certainly
2	barrels (inaudible).	2	I think been over 8,000 barrels of liquid. I don't
3	Q. Well, in	3	think it has gone above 9,000 barrels of liquid. Most
4	A. Sorry.	4	of that is oil. The plateau rate we saw yesterday is
5	Q 4.7.2.3 where you are talking about the hypothetical	5	probably in the just above 8,000 barrels of oil a day
6	Oyo B and C wells, you say:	6	with no added water to that.
7	"These wells were also set on a maximum production	7	Q. Okay. And, again, just sort of focusing on the 7,000
8	rate of 7,000 barrels based on Allied guidelines."	8	figure, that's got nothing to do with your calculation
9	A. Mmm-hmm.	9	of the critical rate for Oyo-5, is that right, it's
10	Q. And guideline, according to the footnote, is the bean-up	10	unrelated to that? You're not concerned about the
11	programme for Oyo-8.	11	critical rate at this stage?
12	A. Right.	12	A. No, because what we have the critical rate, as
13	Q. But that document doesn't contain any reference to	13	I described, is really something that theory shows and
14	limiting the maximum production rate to 7,000, so I was	14	you would need something that had a finer grid cell to
15	wondering in what sense it is a guideline for you?	15	mimic that. So and also it depends what the
16	A. Well, if it doesn't, the 7,000 comes from the observed	16	permeability is. So I really was interested in using
17	rate between 7 and 8 for Oyo-7 and 8. I think in the	17	a rate which appeared from the actual data from 7 and 8
18	bean-up programme it specifies an assumed drawdown,	18	to be approximately the right kind of rate to use in
19	which is a limit of 100 psi, but as you pointed out, it	19	these horizontal wells.
20	may not specify a rate, but I've taken something from	20	Q. Just for the benefit of the Tribunal, by critical rate
21	the observed rates of Oyo-7 and 8.	21	we mean the rate above which gas coning will start to
22	Q. So you're basing it on the drawdown from the bean-up?	22	occur?
23		23	
24	Is that what you're saying?	24	A. That's correct, yes.
25	A. No, no, we see in the production history of 7 and 8, but	25	Q. And just sticking with that for a moment, if you look
23	that the total fluid production of those wells I don't	23	across to page 152, you calculate the critical rate for
	Page 109		Page 111
1	think exceeds 8,000 barrels of liquid. In the case of	1	Oyo-5, it is at the top of the page, at 4.2.5.5
2	Oyo-8, that's pretty much all oil. So I took	2	A. Mmm-hmm.
3	a 7,000 barrel limit as something that I thought was	3	Q as 9035 barrels per day; yes?
4	a good starting point.	4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Right. So it's based on the production history, it's	5	Q. Okay. Although if we look at your joint report at tab 5
6	not based on the bean-up programme at all, so your	6	in E3, page 175, you say there, in about the middle of
7	reference to the Oyo-8 bean-up programme is not correct.	7	the page, 6.2.10:
8	That's not the Allied guideline you mean.	8	"Using more realistic reservoir dimensions the
9	A. Well, let's take one step slightly back. If you're	9	results from the Chaperon equation indicates that Oyo-5
10	saying and reminding me that actually a rate isn't	10	would start to cone gas at rates around 6,000 barrels
11	specified in that, then that's the case. If a rate is	11	per day."
12	not specified in the start-up bean-up programme, then	12	A. Yes, right.
13	I've taken a rate from what we see in the actual field	13	Q. So if you're taking 7,000 as your "but for" scenario,
14	production.	14	are you saying that on that "but for" scenario Oyo-5
15	Q. Right. So not the bean-up programme. Okay.	15	would have been produced at above the critical rate?
16	And in fact it would be slightly curious if you did	16	A. Well, what I am trying to show, both in the table at the
17	rely on that document to dictate the maximum production	17	bottom of 175 is how and hopefully what I showed to
18	rate over the life of the well because, as its name	18	the Tribunal today is the sensitivity of this critical
19	suggests, it's a bean-up programme, it's just for the	19	rate to whatever other parameters you might apply, in
20	first days of production.	20	particular permeability.
21	A. Certainly, yes. It's a bean-up programme.	21	I've got a critical rate in the table of, say,
22	Q. So your starting point, 7,000 barrels per day, but just	22	6,000, but by adjusting the permeability you can see how
23	taking that figure, hasn't Oyo-8 been producing at	23	sensitive the critical rate is to that. We see
24	levels significantly above 7,000 barrels for most of its	24	certainly in reality we have two other wells, 7 and 8,
25	productive life?	25	that don't appear to have coned in gas at those liquid
	Page 110		Page 112

1	rates. And I took those whatever Chaperon may	1	A. Yes.
2	suggest and you can adjust the parameters to get	2	Q. So, in other words, this scenario that you described, as
3	a different critical rate I took what we observed in	3	we looked at earlier, this is your "but for" forecast
4	the actual oilfield Oyo field as a good starting	4	taking into account all available information but
5	point for what I had in the model.	5	without any timing restrictions; is that a fair way of
6	Q. So in your original report you had over 9,000 for the	6	putting it?
7	critical rate, and in your joint report, based on the	7	A. That I believe was the intention, yes.
8	Chaperon equation, you've got 6,000, so you're relying	8	Q. Yes. Yes. And what we're looking at on this page is
9	on what you're saying is you relied on real	9	your "but for" forecast as submitted in your amended
10	observations, rather than Chaperon, is that right?	10	report of 24 February; right?
11	A. Well, in this particular case I could see that — well,	11	A. Mmm-hmm.
12	we don't know what the true permeability is and that is	12	Q. And that particular forecast did not change in the joint
13	obviously an important input into both Chaperon and	13	report, and nor did you change it in the letter that we
14	Papatzacos equations. What we do have are two wells	14	got from Stephenson Harwood the day before the start of
15	where we have seen them flowing at 8 7 to	15	the hearing?
16	8,000 barrels of liquid a day, and we don't seem to be	16	A. I believe that's the case, yes.
17	getting any gas incursion. I thought that was pretty	17	Q. This particular forecast was not affected by those two
18	much a good starting point.	18	things; is that right?
19	Q. Now, your second assumption on page 153 for your "but	19	A. I believe that's the case, yes.
20	for" forecast is that additional wells B and C this	20	Q. Okay. If you look at your table 6.1, there is a column
21		21	
22	is paragraph 4.2.7.3 were scheduled to start	22	there. It is four columns from the right-hand side headed "FGPR".
	production on 1 July 2012 and 31 December 2014	23	
23	respectively. As you say in the preceding paragraph,		A. Yes.
24	Oyo B and Oyo C are basically Oyo-7 and Oyo-8, except	24	Q. And that stands for field gas production rate?
25	they've been brought forward by a considerable period of	25	A. That's right, yes.
	Page 113		Page 115
	1 450 113		1 486 113
1	time. So while you say 1 July 2012 for Oyo B and	1	Q. And what we can see, looking down, it obviously starts
1 2	time. So while you say 1 July 2012 for Oyo B and 31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in	1 2	
			at zero on 5 December 2009, the start of production,
2	31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in	2	
2 3	31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in May 2015 and Oyo-7 in June 2015; right?	2 3	at zero on 5 December 2009, the start of production, bearing in mind that this is your "but for" case, and it
2 3 4	31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in May 2015 and Oyo-7 in June 2015; right? A. Yes.	2 3 4	at zero on 5 December 2009, the start of production, bearing in mind that this is your "but for" case, and it stays fairly constant through the to the end of December, 7 February/18 February 2010, at about 4,500.
2 3 4 5	 31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in May 2015 and Oyo-7 in June 2015; right? A. Yes. Q. And the basis for you bringing the start of production 	2 3 4 5	at zero on 5 December 2009, the start of production, bearing in mind that this is your "but for" case, and it stays fairly constant through the to the end of
2 3 4 5 6	 31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in May 2015 and Oyo-7 in June 2015; right? A. Yes. Q. And the basis for you bringing the start of production for your two hypothetical wells forward so significantly 	2 3 4 5 6	at zero on 5 December 2009, the start of production, bearing in mind that this is your "but for" case, and it stays fairly constant through the to the end of December, 7 February/18 February 2010, at about 4,500. And then on 1 April 2010 the rate shoots up to 8,170. A. Yes.
2 3 4 5 6 7	 31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in May 2015 and Oyo-7 in June 2015; right? A. Yes. Q. And the basis for you bringing the start of production for your two hypothetical wells forward so significantly is purely Mr Omidele's fact evidence; correct? A. Yes. 	2 3 4 5 6 7	at zero on 5 December 2009, the start of production, bearing in mind that this is your "but for" case, and it stays fairly constant through the to the end of December, 7 February/18 February 2010, at about 4,500. And then on 1 April 2010 the rate shoots up to 8,170. A. Yes. Q. And from there it increases pretty rapidly to 40,000-odd
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 31 December 2014 for Oyo C, Oyo-8 was spudded in May 2015 and Oyo-7 in June 2015; right? A. Yes. Q. And the basis for you bringing the start of production for your two hypothetical wells forward so significantly is purely Mr Omidele's fact evidence; correct? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Now, can we just take a look at what your "but for" forecasts show. A. Mmm-hmm. Q. So if you go to page 170, and forgive me, it's not entirely straightforward to follow, this is the annex to your amended report. On page 170 is where you've tabulated your "but for" case A. Mmm-hmm. Q which is called "Amended Oyo scenario 3A12". THE CHAIRMAN: Excuse me, could you give me the internal page reference number? MR NESBITT: 49. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	at zero on 5 December 2009, the start of production, bearing in mind that this is your "but for" case, and it stays fairly constant through the to the end of December, 7 February/18 February 2010, at about 4,500. And then on 1 April 2010 the rate shoots up to 8,170. A. Yes. Q. And from there it increases pretty rapidly to 40,000-odd in July. A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And continues increasing all the way up to 60,000. A. Yes. Q. That to me, the wholly-untrained eye, that looks like a pretty rapid increase in gas. Does it not to your eye indicate gas ingression from the gas cap? A. Well, one would need to calculate the GORs and compare those with the ones that were observed in reality. Certainly I suspect that if one were to do that they would be lower. We know that the model is not perfect in showing gas coning in its true sense, and what
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1	stochastically both models have been populated	1	well from the gas cap as a result of the natural
2	stochastically. So the gas that we see in the model is	2	features of the reservoir; correct?
3	very much influenced by the well path that it takes due	3	A. No, I would say that essentially the model, as I've
4	to these shale blocks, which actually which in	4	pointed out, is imperfect. We've got large grid cells.
5	reality aren't there as big blocks of shale acting as	5	We do get gas coming in. It's on a gross scale. It's
6	barriers.	6	not actually mirroring the type of coning that you would
7	So that's you would need, first of all, to look	7	expect. So there is gas in the model coming into the
8	at the GOR in this model, and the fact that there may be	8	well. It's still less gassy than the historic Oyo-5.
9	oil coming down or appears to come down from the gas cap	9	In order to get a model that would really represent what
10	is due very much to the gross size of the cells and also	10	was going on, you would need a complete rebuild.
11	the presence of these inactive cells which represent	11	Q. So what you're saying is we can't rely on your model,
12	blocks of shale. In reality, the real reservoir doesn't	12	and we can't rely on the data coming out of it?
13	have that.	13	A. No, what you can do, you can see clearly that actually
14	Q. So let me just put the question again. Aren't the	14	by reducing the gas production you are increasing the
15	volumes of gas showing in your "but for" scenario simply	15	oil, and that is still true whatever model you use.
16	too large for the gas to be coming from anywhere other	16	Q. Dr Moy, do you place any value on your model at all?
17	than the gas cap on your "but for" model? Yes or no?	17	A. I do, yes. I do because D&M have been involved in this
18	A. Well, we saw yesterday that	18	project for several years. They've spent a lot of time
19	Q. Yes or no?	19	both creating the structure, populating the grid cells.
20	A gas was coming was coming from the gas cap in those	20	They are a very experienced company. So all the
21	models.	21	indications suggest that it's a lot of time has been
22	Q. So it's a yes?	22	spent on it.
23	A. Yes.	23	Q. Although, as we saw earlier, when you were discussing
24	Q. Okay. So would you agree that what this data shows is	24	with Ms Wilford for a different purpose; yes?
25	that even on your "but for" scenario, i.e. on the basis	25	A. No, I don't agree with that at all.
	Page 117		Page 119
1	that Oyo-5 was managed in accordance with	1	Q. You don't agree with that?
2	internationally acceptable practices, et cetera, that	2	A. No, I don't.
3	Oyo-5 was still experiencing very significant levels of	3	Q. Okay. Now, the other thing that Stephenson Harwood
4	gas incursion from the gas cap?	4	instructed you to do was to use your model to run
5	A. What it shows is that if you moderate the gas production	5	a number of other forecasts of production from the
6	you will increase your oil recovery. That's very clear.	6	field.
7	This "but for" Oyo-5 is less, less gassy than the	7	A. Mmm-hmm.
8	historic Oyo-5 and, as I pointed out in the first slide,	8	Q. And to the extent that there was actual production data
9	minimising your gas production maximises your oil	9	available from the field, you relied on that data?
10	recovery.	10	A. I think I did, yes.
11	Q. So I will ask the question again. Do you agree that	11	Q. Yes?
12	this data shows that even on your "but for" scenario	12	A. Yes.
13	Oyo-5 still experiences very significant levels of gas	13	Q. Well, hopefully, because you say in your report you
14	incursion from the gas cap; yes or no?	14	don't need to turn it up but you say at page 160:
15	A. From this model you can see that gas is coming from the	15	"The model used actual Oyo-7 and 8 production data
16	gas cap.	16	until 1 January 2016."
17	Q. That is a "yes".	17	Which must have been the last date that you had
18	So if you go back to your original instructions, you	18	actual available for.
19	don't need to turn them up, appear to be worded rather	19	A. Yes.
20	carefully, so when you are asked to assume, and I quote,	20	Q. " and thereafter the model ran in forecast mode to
21	that:	21	generates profiles for both wells."
22	"There was no gas incursion into the well as	22	A. That's correct.
23	a result of poor cementing or production mismanagement."	23	Q. And presumably you got the data that you relied upon
24	That doesn't exclude that even on your "but for"	24	from Allied. They supplied it.
25	scenario there could still be a gas incursion into the	25	A. Yes, they did.
	D 110		D 120
	Page 118		Page 120
			20 (Dagge 117 to 120)

1	Q. And was it certified in any way? Did you check it in	1	this is the one we looked at earlier but this time this
2	any way or maybe you had no way of checking it's	2	is the marked-up version.
3	accuracy?	3	A. Hmm.
4	A. Well, I one has to assume that when you're given data	4	Q. So it shows the word "amended" in red and underlined.
5	like this from a company like that that it's true. And	5	A. Mmm-hmm.
6	how would one go about verifying it? Because it's not	6	Q. And then if you look carefully you can see a red
7	in the public domain not in the detail we received. So	7	underlining at the very bottom of the entire table,
8	you have to take on trust that it's true.	8	which I suppose is intended to indicate that the figures
9	Q. Okay. As we've seen, the various forecasts that you	9	had changed. But the actual table only shows one set of
10	produced on the basis of that data and your model are in	10	figures, so it is quite difficult to compare your
11	annex 6 to your report.	11	original figures with your amended figures. You need to
12	A. Mmm-hmm.	12	flick between the two versions of the report.
13	Q. And this is where the various changes that you've made	13	But if we do that and we compare the forecast actual
14	to your report become relevant, and I mentioned earlier	14	total oil production from the field as of, I think, the
15	the first revision that you made. So we've got your	15	end date is 27 February 2021, that gives you a total of
16	report I think your report was originated	16	about 16.34 million barrels?
17	18 February, and we got it on the 19th, and then we got	17	A. I believe that's the case, yes.
18	a different version on the 23rd or 24th. But anyway if	18	Q. Yes. And if you look at the version the figure in
19	we perhaps turn to your covering letter, which is at	19	the amended report on the same date, this is page 250 of
20	tab 3 of bundle E2	20	the amended report, the figure at the very, very end
21	A. Mmm-hmm.	21	you've got 18.85 million barrels approximately
22	Q of your first revised report. Essentially this	22	A. Yes.
23	letter addressed to Mr Wade at Stephenson Harwood	23	Q which is an increase of more than 15 per cent in the
24	explains that you had made two errors in the original	24	total forecast oil production from the field. Or put
25	version of your report, which you're now seeking to	25	another way, it is a difference of about
			•
	Page 121		Page 123
1	correct with the first revised report. If I can	1	2.5 million barrels.
2	paraphrase, the first of those, number 1 in your letter,	1 2	A 37
2	paraprilate, the first of those, harmout 1 in Joan letter,	2	A. Yes.
3	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had	3	A. Yes. Q. Do you agree with that?
		l .	
3	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had	3	Q. Do you agree with that?
3 4	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not	3 4	Q. Do you agree with that?A. Yes.
3 4 5	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between	3 4 5	Q. Do you agree with that?A. Yes.Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you
3 4 5 6	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016.	3 4 5 6	Q. Do you agree with that?A. Yes.Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if
3 4 5 6 7	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes.	3 4 5 6 7	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at
3 4 5 6 7 8	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct?	3 4 5 6 7 8	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that:
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to match what you had done in your "but for" scenario; yes?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir pressure and well performance.
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to match what you had done in your "but for" scenario; yes? A. That's correct, yes. Q. That change, the change to the global permeability	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir pressure and well performance. "I acknowledge that this run was incorrectly run with a multiplier of 0.2 and I present in annex 9.4 the
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to match what you had done in your "but for" scenario; yes? A. That's correct, yes. Q. That change, the change to the global permeability modifier, had a significant effect, didn't it?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir pressure and well performance. "I acknowledge that this run was incorrectly run with a multiplier of 0.2 and I present in annex 9.4 the results of the same run but using a multiplier of 0.1."
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to match what you had done in your "but for" scenario; yes? A. That's correct, yes. Q. That change, the change to the global permeability modifier, had a significant effect, didn't it? A. Yes, yes, it does.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir pressure and well performance. "I acknowledge that this run was incorrectly run with a multiplier of 0.2 and I present in annex 9.4 the results of the same run but using a multiplier of 0.1." A. Mmm-hmm.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to match what you had done in your "but for" scenario; yes? A. That's correct, yes. Q. That change, the change to the global permeability modifier, had a significant effect, didn't it? A. Yes, yes, it does. Q. And we can see that if we look at the markup at tab 4,	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir pressure and well performance. "I acknowledge that this run was incorrectly run with a multiplier of 0.2 and I present in annex 9.4 the results of the same run but using a multiplier of 0.1." A. Mmm-hmm. Q. I have to be honest, I'm not entirely sure what you mean
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to match what you had done in your "but for" scenario; yes? A. That's correct, yes. Q. That change, the change to the global permeability modifier, had a significant effect, didn't it? A. Yes, yes, it does. Q. And we can see that if we look at the markup at tab 4, the next tab, this is the marked up version of your original report, if you look at page 248, I think it is,	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir pressure and well performance. "I acknowledge that this run was incorrectly run with a multiplier of 0.2 and I present in annex 9.4 the results of the same run but using a multiplier of 0.1." A. Mmm-hmm. Q. I have to be honest, I'm not entirely sure what you mean by the actual having been run as a "but for" case, but leaving that point to one side, what appears to be going
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	appears to be that the "but for" forecast, which had supposedly taken into account all information, had not in fact taken into account the shut-in of Oyo-8 between September 2015 and March 2016. A. Right, yes. Q. Correct? A. Mmm-hmm. Q. And the second mistake was that you or the second change of heart, I suppose, is that you had decided it was necessary to apply the same global permeability modifier to all of your models in order to ensure comparability between the resulting forecasts. A. Yes. Q. And so what you did was you increased the global permeability modifier in your actual v2_3 scenario to match what you had done in your "but for" scenario; yes? A. That's correct, yes. Q. That change, the change to the global permeability modifier, had a significant effect, didn't it? A. Yes, yes, it does. Q. And we can see that if we look at the markup at tab 4, the next tab, this is the marked up version of your	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	 Q. Do you agree with that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. Then in your joint report with Mr Filippi you again said that you had made an error, and that's if we turn to bundle E3, containing your joint report, at tab 5, and I am looking at page 193. This is in the body of your half of the joint report. It is about halfway down the page 16.15.2.5. I am sure you're very familiar with this. There you say that: "The plots shown in figures 4, 5 and 43 as Dr Moy of BF1 have been taken from actual v2_3. However, this has been run as a 'but for' case with a global multiplier of 0.2 instead of 0.1. This result is in a less gassy Oyo-5 and consequent impact on overall reservoir pressure and well performance. "I acknowledge that this run was incorrectly run with a multiplier of 0.2 and I present in annex 9.4 the results of the same run but using a multiplier of 0.1." A. Mmm-hmm. Q. I have to be honest, I'm not entirely sure what you mean by the actual having been run as a "but for" case, but

1	on here is in essence that you changed your mind back	1	A. Yes.
2	and decided you were going to use the 0.1 global	2	Q. And then the black crosses are your revised match; yes?
3	permeability modifier for your forecasts of actual	3	A. That's correct.
4	production from the field after all; yes?	4	Q. But the black crosses don't appear to be anywhere near
5	A. No, I was struggling with the fact that the D&M model we	5	the plot for the lines showing the historical figures.
6	received or I received certainly had a multiplier of	6	A. Mmm-hmm. Well
7	0.1, so what you use for generating the actual profiles.	7	Q. In fact they appear to be further away than your initial
8	So I initially have used the 0.1 consistency would	8	run, the dotted line. So I was just curious to know why
9	suggest using sticking with the 0.2 modifier in both	9	you thought that achieved a better history match, or
10	the actual and the "but for" cases, in which case there	10	maybe you don't think it did?
11	is a difference of over 2 million barrels.	11	A. Well, as I said, there are we have issues here with
12	Q. Okay. So you say you didn't change your mind, but in	12	the permeability. We don't know what the permeability
13	the letter we just looked at from 24 February you	13	is. The model honours the log data.
14	explained that the precise reason that you had amended	14	Q. Sorry, just to interrupt, but everything seems to come
15	your report or one of the two reasons was that you	15	back to not knowing what the permeability is.
16	wanted to be consistent, and so you used 0.1 instead of	16	A. It is, it's true.
17	0.2.	17	Q. So does
18	A. Mmm-hmm.	18	A. You've seen the data that I've presented in the slides,
19	Q. But then you changed that back again in your joint	19	and the uncertainty as to what exactly is the average
20	report. Isn't that changing your mind?	20	permeability in the reservoir.
21	A. Well, it's considering what the information is and	21	Q. Well, I've seen that you've changed your mind at least
22	Q. Or changing your opinion, if you prefer.	22	twice on what permeability modifier to use.
23	A. Potentially. Because, as I said, the model I received	23	A. In the actual scenario, yes. When we received the D&M
24	had a multiplier of 0.1. Do I keep that for generating	24	model, the model had been history matched on gas rate,
25	the actual forecasts or do I make that consistent with	25	and when you swap it over to oil rate you get this
	Page 125		Page 127
1	the 0.2 I've used in the "but for" case	1	increase in gas at the beginning when it matches the
1 2	the 0.2 I've used in the "but for" case. O So it was a potential change of opinion but you're not	1 2	increase in gas at the beginning when it matches the
2	Q. So it was a potential change of opinion but you're not	2	oil, but you don't get a match with the gas. If you
2 3	Q. So it was a potential change of opinion but you're not prepared to agree with me that it was an actual change	2 3	oil, but you don't get a match with the gas. If you switch it over, as it was when we received it, you get
2 3 4	Q. So it was a potential change of opinion but you're not prepared to agree with me that it was an actual change of opinion?	2 3 4	oil, but you don't get a match with the gas. If you switch it over, as it was when we received it, you get a match to the gas. You don't get a match to the oil
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1	Q. And this again, I'm not asking you to explain it again,	1	the gas rate calculations, not the oil rate
2	but when you say the log data you're referring to the	2	calculations.
3	porosity log data?	3	A. No.
4	A. Yes.	4	Q. You say it was controlled on the gas rate.
5	Q. I see. If we turn to stay in bundle E3, you should	5	A. That's correct. Let me clarify what you get in
6	hopefully have a tab 5.1. Have you got that?	6	an ECLIPSE file. It's a text file of instructions that
7	A. I have, yes.	7	run a simulator. So you would have a date, which would
8	Q. This is the last letter that we have seen from you to	8	be, say, monthly, and then you would have a command word
9	Mr Wade at Stephenson Harwood.	9	that would say which well you're commanding, and then
10	A. Mmm-hmm.	10	you would have a series of oil, water, gas volumes.
11	Q. This was on 14 June 2016, which is about a week after	11	There's a keyword at the beginning of that which defines
12	the joint report	12	which one simulator one is going to be told to use as
13	A. Yes.	13	a control rate. So it can be gas, it could be oil. In
14	Q and, as I've said the night before this hearing	14	theory you could also control on water. So the original
15	started. What you say in this letter is:	15	file that we received from D&M had the well controlled
16	"I am writing to notify you that the current table	16	on gas rates, and you had to go through and manually
17	shown in the joint report in section 9.4.11 is not the	17	change that to an oil rate. The numbers in the
18	one appropriate for the scenario described in	18	particular line don't change, it just it just takes
19	section 6.15.2.5 in the joint report and section 4.2.9	19	note of the different it just controls it on
20	of my original report. The profile represents	20	a different phase.
21	a scenario where Oyo-5 is produced at historic gas	21	Q. Right. And you forgot to do that?
22	rates, whereas the table should show results for the	22	A. We ran it on both but it so happens that this particular
23	same model but with Oyo-5 produced at historic oil	23	table showed the results of it being run on gas rate.
24	rates."	24	THE CHAIRMAN: Excuse me, if I may. Could you tell me what
25	A. Yes.	25	columns change in the table?
	Page 129		Page 131
1	Q. "In both cases the model was run with the permeability	1	A. Are we looking
2	modifier of 0.1."	2	THE CHAIRMAN: Or is it a totally different table because
3	Presumably by saying "the current table is not the	3	I am a little bit lost.
4	one appropriate for the scenario", that's another way of	4	A. Sure. If you look at the the first column, which is
5	saying it's the wrong one?	5	the Oyo-5, you can tell which one is which because the
6	A. It was the wrong run. As I said here, when you run	6	third number, which in this table here is 7790, that's
7	theses simulations you define what is the the	7	when the well is controlled on oil rate. When you see
8	controlling phase, and the model as received from D&M in	8	that number is 4,400, that's when the model is being
9	the original ECLIPSE file had Oyo-5 controlled on the	9	controlled on gas rate. So that's an easy way for me
10	gas rate. And so the original table basically is the	10	certainly to recognise which table is which.
11	oil — the simulated oil rate based on historic gas	11	THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Which column is that which has the
12	production.	12	4,000
13	Q. So if I	13	A. It would be well, if it were in the table it would be
14	A. So that was done in error, and so the correct table	14	the second column. The WOPR Oyo-5 column.
15	should in fact show the same run, i.e. the same physical	15	THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. So if I am looking at the 0.1, that's
16	reservoir model, but now the only difference is that	16	the revised one? The first line is zero.
17	Oyo-5 is then simulated using historic oil rates, and	17	A. The first line the third line is 7790.
18	the gas rates are then generated by the simulator.	18	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.
19	Q. So when you say the model received from D&M in the	19	A. Then the models is controlled on oil rate.
20	original ECLIPSE file at Oyo-5 controlled on the gas	20	THE CHAIRMAN: Now, the prior one had
21	rate	21	A. Something like 44-something-something, which is Oyo-5
22	A. Yes.	22	the same model, physically the same grid, but the well
23	Q you seem to be suggesting in the D&M model the gas	23	is controlled on historic gas rates and then as
24	rate was set as a default, and you didn't really notice	24	a consequence the calculated oil rate is less. It is
25	that, and so when you ran the calculations, they were	25	4,400.
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1	THE CHAIRMAN: So you had the choice between having the	1	still based on having different permeability modifiers.
2	actual gas rate or the actual oil rate, and you ran it	2	If I've understood correctly you've got 0.1 for the
3	the first time on one and the second time on the other;	3	actual and 0.2 for the "but for".
4 5	is that A. Yes, it is being run on both. And the model as received	4 5	A. Mmm-hmm. Q. Which directly contradicts what you said in your first
6	from D&M was run on gas rates.	6	letter to Mr Wade back in February, about the need to
7	THE CHAIRMAN: Please.	7	ensure that the same modifier was used in all of the
8	MR NESBITT: Just to make sure we've all understood this, so	8	models.
9	the set of production forecast data that you included in	9	A. Yes.
10	the joint report took the gas as its input or, if I may	10	Q. So we now have the situation where even in the figures
11	use the reservoir engineer-speak, honoured the gas?	11	that you've just confirmed you're happy with, we have
12	A. I would need to verify what tables were in the joint	12	a "but for" reservoir that is attributed with double the
13	report.	13	permeability of the actual reservoir. So you're
14	Q. I think that's what you just said, unless I am	14	comparing apples with oranges, aren't you? They are not
15	fundamentally misunderstanding.	15	comparable?
16	A. The correct profiles would be ones where Oyo-5 is run on	16	A. Okay.
17	historic oil rates	17	Q. And wouldn't they need to be comparable if they are
18	Q. Yes.	18	going to be used as the basis for a damages calculation?
19	A. — and the gas rates are the ones that are calculated	19	A. Absolutely. The issue of whether the actual is run on
20	along with the water.	20	0.1 or 0.2 consistency would strongly suggest that they
21	Q. Right.	21	need to be run with the same multiplier, and that would
22	THE CHAIRMAN: June 14 sorry, I can't resist, I am trying	22	be 0.2, considering the uncertainty we have on the
23	to figure out June 14 is being run on historic oil	23	actual permeabilities in the reservoir. So this has
24	rates; right?	24	been something I've considered at quite some length, and
25	MR NESBITT: No yes.	25	I think consistency has to suggest that you've got to
	Page 133		Page 135
	4 37 d	١.	
1	A. Yes, exactly.	1	compare apples with apples.
2	MR NESBITT: That was the correction.	2	Q. Okay. So your response to my earlier question that you
2 3	MR NESBITT: That was the correction. A. Yes, so it has got the table with the 7790 in it, the	2 3	Q. Okay. So your response to my earlier question that you were happy with your figures can't be right, because you
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2 3 4 5 6	MR NESBITT: That was the correction. A. Yes, so it has got the table with the 7790 in it, the second column. Q. But as I think you replied in response to a question from Ms Wilford earlier on, you were aware that your	2 3 4 5 6	 Q. Okay. So your response to my earlier question that you were happy with your figures can't be right, because you appear to have changed your mind back again to the position as set out in your letter of 23 February. A. I am happy now, having considered it, that the
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1	for Dr Moy, Mr Chairman, thank you.	1	So, first of all, moving to the respondents'
2	THE CHAIRMAN: No direct, no questions?	2	counterclaim, and then I will look at the final
3	MR GUNNING: No.	3	adjustment statement, and if you like the good news is
4	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much, Dr Moy, you are excused	4	that the much of the computation and the underlying
5	as a witness and as an expert.	5	invoice checking and analysis work is agreed between
6	Now, shall we next have the quantum experts.	6	myself and Mr Taylor of Navigant instructed by the
7	MR NESBITT: Mr Good. Shall we not leave the room but just	7	respondents.
8	two minutes just while Mr Good sets up.	8	There are two columns in the respondents'
9	THE CHAIRMAN: That's permitted.	9	counterclaim here. The counterclaim is calculated by
10	MR NESBITT: The Tribunal is getting increasingly keen on	10	looking at the production flows that have happened or
11	breaks as the day wears on.	11	are estimated will happen in the actual world as
12	(2.13 pm)	12	compared to the so-called "but for" world, the world
13	(A short break)	13	without the matter complained of, leading to
14	(2.20 pm)	14	a differential set of oil production flows. Therefore,
15	MR NICHOLAS GOOD (called)	15	the key and significant input into the quantification is
16	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr Good, welcome. You've provided an expert	16	the oil production flows.
17	report in these proceedings.	17	On the right, we have the quantification using
18	A. I did.	18	Mr Filippi's forecasts, and just to the left of that is
19	THE CHAIRMAN: And you signed a joint report with Mr Taylor.	19	that using Dr Moy's forecasts and, as you can see, they
20	A. That's correct.	20	come down to quite different figures, pre-interest
21	THE CHAIRMAN: And you understand your duty to express your	21	these calculations are all before interest of
22	best professional opinions to the Tribunal?	22	\$498.7 million using Dr Moy's forecasts and \$5.8 million
23	A. I do.	23	using Mr Filippi's forecasts.
24	THE CHAIRMAN: Very good.	24	As I say, the actual quantification, taking the oil
25	Examination-in-chief by MR NESBITT	25	production as the input, is all agreed in terms of oil
	,		F
	Page 137		Page 139
1	MR NESBITT: Good afternoon, Mr Good. I think you have in	1	prices, future oil prices, costs, estimated costs,
2	front of you a copy of your own report, which should be	2	discount rate. That's all dealt with, and we don't need
3	at tab 5 of bundle B2.	3	to speak about that further.
4	A. Yes.	4	There are only two points, therefore, of interest or
5	Q. And I think to your left there is a bundle containing at	5	to pull out from this. Firstly, as you'll see halfway
6	tab 4 a copy of your joint report with Mr Taylor.	6	down there is a line "CPL's loss attributed to Allied
7	A. Yes, subsequently amended by the version in tab 6.	7	and CINL's beneficial interest", as I understand it,
8	Q. Indeed. And there is nothing in either of those	8	these are matters still in dispute as to whether a loss
9	reports, apart from your explanations that you're going	9	incurred by CPL forms part of the counterclaim.
10	to give in your presentation, there is nothing that you	10	The second point to pull out is near the top under
11	wish to clarify or indeed amend?	11	"Allied's loss", part of the way in which this is
12	A. No.	12	quantified is that the NAE beneficial interest, having
13	Q. And all of your reports contain your independent	13	been purchased by Allied in early 2012, was then sold on
14	professional opinion on the matters on which you've been	14	to CPL in February 2014. And you'll have heard about
15	instructed?	15	that deal. I wasn't here but I read in the transcript
16	A. They do.	16	that Dr Lawal confirmed that the consideration for that
17	MR NESBITT: Thank you very much. The floor is yours.	17	deal was approximately \$570 million.
18	Presentation by MR GOOD	18	The way in which this figure in these tables has
19	MR GOOD: Thank you. Members of the Tribunal, as I say, my	19	been computed, though, is quite different and doesn't
20	name is Nicholas Good. I am a partner in KPMG in	20	bear any relation to that figure. This has been
21	London, a firm of chartered accountants. I will spend	21	computed as the difference between based on
22	about 15 minutes on this presentation.	22	looking at the Dr Moy column, an estimated future oil
23	I am instructed by NAE to consider two issues, the	23	production at that date in an actual scenario and in
24	quantification of the respondents' counterclaim and the	24	a scenario "but for" what is complained of, and the
25	elements of the final adjustment statement.	25	values there are 150 million as an estimated actual
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1 value at that date and approximately 180 million "but 1 Having received the final adjustment statement, 2 2 for" the matter that was complained of. I have then been through it and looked at the items in 3 3 it and identified that on a net basis for the principal It is worth pointing out that's not directly 4 comparable, the 150 million being the amount in the 4 reason that some of the items in there do not relate to 5 actual, compared to the 570 million-odd, because on to 5 the relevant period, it would be appropriate, doing that 6 review, to take out \$1.6 million to come down to the 150 million also you would have to add the value of 7 7 any resources that aren't included in this a figure of 46.5 million. 8 quantification, although at least on some measures they The principal reason there is if -- one might 9 9 consider to be, although I don't think it's a term are relatively insignificant financially. 10 Moving then on to the next slide. This is Dr Moy's 10 that's used in the SPA or amended SPA, the "relevant 11 oil production forecasts, the last ones, with the blue 11 period", the way Mr Taylor and I have taken that is 12 lines being the actual and the estimated actual in the 12 goods and services supplied in the period 13 future, and the red dotted ones being the "but for", the 13 31 December 2011 to 28 June 2012. So clearly you could 14 matter complained of forecasts. You can see there in 14 have a payment during that period which relates to goods 15 2012 a significant peak. This is with the bringing on 15 and services that were delivered before that period, and 16 16 those haven't been included. You could have a payment stream on the hypothetical Oyo B well that wasn't, of 17 course, actually drilled but exists in the "but for" 17 that occurs after 28 June 2012 that relates to goods and 18 18 world, leading to the significant differential oil services supplied in that period, and that would be 19 production in that period, 2012 through to 2015. And 19 included. So it's about the date of the provision of 20 20 the goods and services, and so I removed 1.6 -that is the heart of the value, if you like, or the 21 difference in the two lines leading to the value in the 21 principally -- million dollars -- principally for the 22 22 counterclaim. reason that although it wasn't recorded in NAE's 23 23 accounting systems until 2012, it actually related to So unless there are any questions from the Tribunal 24 on the counterclaim, I shall move on to the final 24 a period prior to 31 December 2011. There is one small 25 25 wrinkle on that at the end, which is the very last point adjustment statement. Page 141 Page 143 1 THE CHAIRMAN: Excuse me, so it is the first amount on the 1 I will deal with. 2 left-hand side which reflects the drilling of the newer 2 So that then leads to an updated amount of \$46.5 3 wells? 3 million. There is then how much of that is supported by 4 MR GOOD: Oyo B in the "but for" is forecast to come on 4 documentary evidence, and that is such as an invoice or 5 stream in mid-July 2012. 5 a NAE internal documentation such as a recharged debit 6 THE CHAIRMAN: I can't quite read the dates. So it's the note from another Eni Group company, and that's 6 first kind of --7 7 \$45.4 million. 8 MR GOOD: That big peak is Oyo B coming online. 8 Then moving down, the amount supported by payment 9 g THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Very good. evidence, and here there's payment evidence for 10 MR GOOD: So moving on to the final adjustment statement 10 \$37.7 million of that \$45.4 million. And then there are 11 and, again, as I mentioned, the computation they're are 11 a couple of sort of cuts of that. One can cut these 12 looking at the invoices, the bank statements is agreed 12 figures, it feels like, innumerable ways but there are 13 with Mr Taylor. There are a few questions of principle, 13 two particular cuts highlighted here. Of the amount 14 14 supported by third documentary evidence, the amount however 15 First of all, of course, there is the question --15 which relates to goods and services received prior to 16 a legal and factual question about whether it is right 16 28 June 2012, 42.5 million, and then of that amount the 17 simply to take the amount on the final adjustment 17 amount which is supported by payment evidence, 18 statement and say that has not been disputed. Of 18 \$36.9 million 19 course, that's not something I can speak about, but that 19 So before I talk about the points of disagreement, 20 as I understand it is NAE's case. 20 just very briefly to touch on the price adjustment 2.1 That is a number of \$48.1 million, which is the top 21 mechanism in the SPA and the process that was set out in 22 right number on this table. That is then split by 22 the SPA and amended SPA. There were 20 working days for 23 Mr Taylor into two columns, permitted and non-permitted, 23 NAE to produce the final adjustment statement. And 24 and I will speak about those in a minute. So those are 24 then, as per the amended SPA, there was ten days, as 25 the two columns to the left of the total. 25 I understand it, for that to be disputed, followed Page 142 Page 144

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potentially by a period of five working days for discussions. That is relevant when we come on, in particular to the question of payment evidence.

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So the first point of disagreement is whether items are permitted or non-permitted. I haven't formed my own personal view on that, and I am in not instructed to form a view. Just, however, to highlight as a matter of arithmetic what is in the non-permitted column and what makes up the difference, the vast majority of it is in relation to GSO rather than costs that were incurred in that first half of 2012. There's 4.8 million of GSO costs paid by NAE, which I understand NAE consider under the side letter should be recharged, and under the SPA to the respondents.

There is also 4.6 million of taxes which were paid by NAE, although the principal amounts were paid by Allied or another company of the respondents, and they've all been paid -- principal amounts have been paid. Just to explain briefly how those taxes arise, you may have an invoice for 1 million and then there may be VAT on top of that, and also deducted from that is Nigerian withholding tax, and then a further local tax as well. So the amount you pay to the supplier may be 900,000 out of that 1 million invoice, and then there may be a further amount which is due to the tax

a strict analysis, 1.1 is not supported by documentary evidence, and that's agreed with Mr Taylor.

And then of the amount that's supported by documentary evidence, 2.7 million is in respect of -has documentation only from related parties. So 1.7 of that 2.7 is back to this operating activity indirect share and the rest are principally allocation of helicopter charges, so the helicopters operated for a number of Eni's Nigeria operations, they were invoiced by Bristow, the helicopter company, to a different Agip Eni company in Nigeria, who then invoiced the different ventures. There are some quite detailed invoices from that Eni Group company with the helicopters, the hours, pages and pages of it allocating it out on an hours basis, and in some cases we have the underlying Bristow invoices, and in some cases we don't, and so the amount where we don't have the underlying Bristow invoices are characterised here as having only documentation from related parties because we don't have the underlying sort of third party cost.

And then on my final slide there is a question, of course, about whether or not payment evidence is required, and it's helpful, I think, to illustrate that by looking at the 7.7 million for which there is no payment evidence. 1.9 million relates to the provision

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authorities which is paid separately.

So just returning then to the topic of what's been classified by Mr Taylor as non-permitted, there is operating activity indirect share of 1.7 million, of which 1.1 million of this relates to the provision of production personnel, and then some smaller amounts.

Moving on then to the level of documentary evidence required to support the costs. There's 1.1 million that's not supported by documentary evidence, as I've classified it. It is worth noting there that, you know, as with all of this there are shades of grey. So, for example, within that within 1.1 million of not supported by documentary evidence, there are some charges where the whole charge is split on two invoices, for example, 40 per cent invoiced in local currency, 60 per cent invoiced in US dollars. We have the invoices for the 40 per cent invoiced in local currency. We don't have the invoices for the 60 per cent. So the way I've classified that is that the 60 per cent items are considered to be not supported by documentary evidence, albeit that we do have the invoices for the other 40 per cent that clearly state they are 40 per cent. So, again, one could say that some of that not supported is in fact supported by that or by other means, such as it's in a regular period of payments, et cetera. But on

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of security vessels, and there is no evidence of that being paid. I note there was a budget, a preliminary budget, for 2012 with an amount of 5.4 million for security vessels, and then the half-year amount is 1.9 million. But there is no direct evidence in terms of bank statements and payment orders of those amounts being paid.

There is 2 million in respect of amounts due to Nigerian tax authorities, and this is where, if we go back to the \$1 million invoice with the 900 payable to the contractor, we have evidence of the payment of the 900. What we don't have is the evidence of the payment to the tax authorities of the other 100,000 that makes up the 1 million. They are bundled together on a monthly -- the payments for Nigerian tax authorities are based on charges paid in a particular month, and the documentary link between those payments and the underlying invoice that gave rise to the liability is not particularly strong at times. So it is quite hard when you have a lump sum payment to Nigerian tax authorities sometimes to work out exactly which invoices that relates to.

And then 2.8 of the 7.7 is back to this related parties point. Again, with the big amount being the indirect operating share.

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1	And then the final category is whether it is	1	relation to how that was calculated you say:
2	appropriate to include amounts for goods and services	2	"The way in which this figure in these tables has
3	after 28 June. This is a small amount. It is	3	been computed though is quite different. It doesn't
4	0.3 million.	4	bear"
5	The largest single amount is 200,000. This was the	5	Sorry, the second point to pull did I mark the
6	importation licence for the the temporary importation	6	right place? Goodness. Right:
7	licence for the FPSO. They paid for a 12-month licence	7	"The way in which this figure in these tables has
8	in well, they paid in April on an invoice from March.	8	been computed though is quite different and doesn't bear
9	Clearly, an element of that importation licence relates	9	any relation to that figure."
10	to the period after the end of 28 June. I haven't seen	10	And there you are talking about the 570 figure:
11	any suggestion that Allied didn't continue to receive	11	"This has been computed as the difference between
12	the benefit of having the importation licence, but on	12	based on looking at Dr Moy's column and estimated future
13	a strict reading part of that charge does relate to the	13	oil production at the date in an actual scenario and
14	period after 28 June, albeit that part of it relates to	14	a scenario 'but for' what is complained of and the
15	prior and was a 12-month licence, and so that's the	15	values are there are 150 million as an estimated actual
16	final amount of difference in the final adjustment	16	value and that date and approximately 180 million but
17	statement numbers.	17	for the matter that was complained of."
18	Thank you.	18	Remember that?
19	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much. Mr Wade.	19	And I'm not sure I read it very well or perhaps it
20	Cross-examination by MR WADE	20	sounded better when you said it
21	MR WADE: Thank you, Mr Good.	21	A. I hope so.
22	Before I turn to a number of questions that	22	Q. My question is, you're describing the way in which these
23	I have I hope we will be able to finish them within	23	figures were calculated, and the way they were
24	the 30 minutes I indicated, so there aren't many,	24	calculated, as I understand them, is the estimated
25	hopefully one question on your slides, would you like	25	future oil productions in the actual scenario compared
	Page 149		Page 151
1	paper copies of the slides or are you happy with what	1	with the estimated future production, both of them are
2	you have on your screens?	2	reduced to net present value, and the larger is taken
3	THE CHAIRMAN: As a general matter we're happy I think with	3	the smaller is taken away from the larger and the
4	what we have on the screens. By the way, just for your	4	resulting amount is either the damage, which we see
5	information, we have electronic copies of Dr Moy and	5	there as 28 the loss 28,000,000.3 or in square
6	Mr Filippi's presentations, but not of all of the	6	brackets the amount in excess of the market value of the
7	experts, and we would appreciate having all of them.	7	asset; is that correct? That is how I understood your
8	You have probably sent them ahead to us but I couldn't	8	explanation. And my question is then let me ask
9	locate them. Sorry to interrupt.	9	a question?
10	MR WADE: That's very useful. I will also say that since	10	A. Can I just clarify, you've moved to a concept there of
11	we're talking about documents, we will be looking at	11	market value. I'm not sure I discussed market value per
12	some of the schedules to your joint report and some	12	se. One could say market value is what it was sold for,
13	others, and even on the A4 version they are quite small,	13	but the rest of the explanation absolutely I agree with,
14	so I have larger A3 reproductions of them here, which	14	and it's looking into the future from that date, what's
15	I think you will appreciate because you won't have them	15	the future cash flows expressed as a lump sum at that
16	on screen, and I can't see them very well on A4.	16	date on a actual situation and a "but for" the matter
17	But before we go to all of that, just on page 2 of	17	complained of situation.
18	your presentation when you were talking about the loss	18	Q. And my question in relation to that process is, do you
19	of the sale to CPL entry. Do you remember that? That's	19	disagree with that method of calculation? Is that the
20	on page 2, if you want to flick back so you can see it.	20	appropriate method to calculate this kind of loss that
21	Have you already?	21	is complained of, in your view?
22	A. Yes.	22	A. Well, it's an arithmetical way of coming to this number.
23	Q. You have. Fantastic. And when you described the way in	23	If you know that the asset was sold for asset plus a
24	which this loss, which I know you don't accept on the	24	few resources, some resources was sold for was sold
25	basis of Mr Filippi's forecasts it's not a loss, but in	25	for 570 million, and then the value, if it is damaged or
	Page 150		Page 152
			38 (Pages 149 to 152)

1	not, is below 200 million, then there is a question	1	read Dr Lawal Dr Lawal.
2	about whether you could have got more than the	2	Q. Lawal. Did you read the cross-examination of Mr Casula?
3	570 million you actually got if the asset hadn't have	3	A. I think I was
4	been, as is alleged, damaged.	4	Q. That was on Day 4?
5	Q. So you accept, then I think you accept that the	5	A. Yes, I think I have
6	process of discounting future income in the actual	6	Q. Okay, I have a copy
7	forecasted scenario and the "but for" forecasted	7	A but no doubt you will take me to a particular point.
8	scenario and comparing them is an appropriate way of	8	Q. Let me give you the relevant documents, should I be able
9	calculating damages in these circumstances, and you have	9	to find them at all. (Pause).
10	a caveat to that, which you've just explained.	10	For ease of reference, you probably have them
11	A. I have a caveat that where you know what it was actually	11	electronically. (Handed)
12	sold for that that needs to inform your question about	12	This is an excerpt, it is not the entire day but the
13	whether there was actually a loss. The answer, sorry,	13	entire day is available to all of us. Can you please
14	to your question about whether there was actually	14	turn to page 38, at lines 5 to 9, and have a quick look
15	a loss.	15	there. By way of context, I was asking Mr Casula
16	Q. Okay. But in principle the process is something that	16	questions about why NAE had failed to pay certain costs
17	you accept and you are used to you, you know and	17	incurred by Allied on behalf of NAE, and his response to
18	understand?	18	me was that:
19	A. I understand the process, yes.	19	"NAE couldn't could not pay simply receiving
20	Q. And you think it's appropriate but subject to that	20	an email, even a short letter saying we sent X million
21	caveat that you've mentioned?	21	dollars. We want to see because when we have
22	A. Subject to that caveat.	22	internal audits we have an auditor from third parties,
23	Q. Turning back then to your reports, you looked at the	23	we have to see all the proper supporting documents."
24	reports in your bundles and this is not something I am	24	And then skipping a few lines down at line 18
25	going to take you to but I am mentioning for the	25	lines 18 to 23:
	Page 153		Page 155
1	Tribunal, should you ever wish to look for the	1	"Again, we pay when we get or from the supplier
2	appendices to Mr Good's report you won't find them in	2	all the proper supporting documents duly certified by
3	the bundles you looked at. They are in bundle F32, and	3	the on board representative. Not if we receive
4	I am not sure that we need to go there at all, but	4	an invoice without all the attachments, we cannot pay
5	that's just a reference point for you.	5	[Later, that might be]. Later on somebody can obviously
6	Can I ask you, please, to tell me whether you were	6	argue that we follow the wrong procedure."
7	assisted by anyone in preparing these reports?	7	My question broadly about that is, that sounds
8	A. Yes, I was, as I set out I think in the first section of	8	sensible to you, doesn't it?
9	my report.	9	A. In the context of NAE paying costs to third-party
10	Q. Who were you assisted by?	10	suppliers, very broadly, yes.
11	A. I was assisted by two colleagues who are sitting over on	11	Q. And it is right also that the supporting documents that
12	my left, principally, Ms Stewart and Ms Scott.	12	he was looking for included invoices and their
13	Q. Anyone else at all?	13	attachments. That's an appropriate document to look
14	A. Yes, there were others helped check. There were others	14	for, isn't it?
15	who helped prepare some of the modelling work.	15	A. Yes, and invoices and appropriate documentation, yes.
16	Q. Everyone from KPMG, then?	16	And it may need the attachments.
17	A. All the people who helped prepare this report, yes, from	17	Q. And proof of payment is also an appropriate it's is
18	KPMG. I would say the people from Navigant helped with	18	not mentioned in his comments but it's also
19	the joint statement because that was a collaborative	19	an appropriate document supporting document to look
20	process.	20	for, isn't it?
21	Q. Thank you. Now, you also told us that although	21	A. Well, it's it's a supporting document you could look
22	I think you were here on the first day or the second	22	for. The question is appropriate for what?
23	day but you read the transcripts for the day that you	23	Q. Appropriate for reclaiming a cost you've expended.
24	weren't here?	24	A. In a financial statement audit, for example, you don't
25	A. I haven't read every day, every transcript, no. I did	25	look for payments when you're looking at a list of
	D 454		D 457
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1	expenditures. Is it a necessary condition? In all	1	possibly, yes.
2	circumstances, I can't imagine that it would be, no.	2	Q. What about accruals?
3	Q. And so there are circumstances in which you can make	3	A. Well, an accrual is not a type of document, it's
4	a claim for costs without proving that you've expended	4	a record of an expected future expenditure. And
5	the cost. Is that what you're saying?	5	certainly for a final adjustment statement produced
6	A. Yes.	6	20 days after the period end, then I would be very
7	Q. Can you give me examples of those circumstances?	7	surprised if there weren't accruals in there, because
8	A. When I bill NAE for a hotel, I won't be proving that	8	you wouldn't know at that point all the details of all
9	I've paid the hotel for NAE. I will be giving them the	9	the costs you might not have been you might well not
10	invoice from the hotel. That's a very superficial	10	have been invoiced for some of the costs that relate to
11	example, but there are plenty of circumstances where you	11	that period yet.
12	provide the invoice but you don't necessarily provide	12	Q. And my final question about that, is there any hierarchy
13	the proof that you've paid that invoice.	13	which you would expect to see? Is there are a hierarchy
14	Q. NAE is clearly a very generous invoice reimburser. Are	14	in the sense that you would accept some types of proof
15	there any other business-related circumstances you can	15	of payment as establishing a claim and some which are of
16	think of, other than your personal hotel bills?	16	a lesser value in that regard?
17	A. Well, it doesn't have to be personal hotel bills. It	17	A. Well, I think the fact that I've broken out the third
18	can be any third party disbursement.	18	party documentation from an internal NAE
19	Q. Okay. Any third parties. All right.	19	documentation or Eni documentation, rather,
20	Can you think of any other appropriate supporting	20	acknowledges that an invoice from a related party from
21	documents which you would expect to see?	21	a group company, you have to look at it in a slightly
22	A. Well and this is in the context that you don't	22	different way. On the other hand, for indirect
23	this is not a menu from which you have to have	23	operating overhead, that is all there is going to be
24	everything. It's you form a view based on the documents	24	because by its very nature it's a parent company cost
25	available but, for example, you might look for the	25	that's being charged down to you, and then also you
	Page 157		Page 159
1	contract, so for a large long-term project you would	1	might look at, for example, the helicopter invoices and
2	look for a contract.	2	think, well, these are very detailed, they are very
3	LORD HOFFMANN: Mr Wade, are you asking him about his	3	specific, they relate to specific trips, specific times,
4	methodology and Mr Taylor's methodology for working out	4	you can see the allocation methodology is very clear on
5	the sums that they have done or are you seeking to	5	them, and we may be prepared to accept them. But as
6	establish kind of custom of the trade in respect of the	6	a general rule you might apply a different level of
7	demand on you for the adjustments?	7	thinking when you looked at a related party invoice as
8	MR WADE: I am asking for his opinion as an expert on what	8	compared third party invoice.
9	he might expect to see, because	9	Q. And the third party invoices would rank higher?
10	LORD HOFFMANN: But wouldn't the contract specify what you	10	A. Potentially, yes.
11	were entitled to see?	11	Q. Okay.
12	MR WADE: Well, if the contract leaves room for doubt his	12	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr Wade, may I? Mr Good, I believe but
13	opinion might be relevant.	13	correct me if I am wrong, there's a difference of
14	LORD HOFFMANN: So you are seeking to establish a custom of	14	opinion between you and Mr Taylor with respect to the
15	the trade?	15	charging of internal employees costs, am I correct in
16	MR WADE: I wouldn't say well, a custom of the	16	that?
17	dealings a custom of the trade, yes, I accept that.	17	A. So this is the 1.7 million of indirect operating
18	LORD HOFFMANN: Thank you.	18	overhead, yes, that appears in pretty much all the
19	MR WADE: Would you care to answer the question was: are	19	categories in the presentation, both no third party
20	there any other types of supporting documents you would	20	documentation and then no payment and whether permitted
21	expect to see in a cost refund claim?	21	or non-permitted.
22	A. As I say, it would	22	THE CHAIRMAN: So you take the view that certain costs of
23	Q. You said contract. What about internal accounts, is	23	NAE employees were allocated probably to the Oyo GSO or
24	that an acceptable supporting	24	whatever but, therefore, are properly part of the
25	A. It will depend on the nature of the charge but quite	25	positive adjustment; correct?
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	1 agc 130		
			40 (Pages 157 to 160)

1	A. Essentially, partially, sorry. Under annex B,	1	but it will just be a little bit more boring if we do
2	Schedule 2 of the PSC, which effectively sets out the	2	but you explain and set out the operation and effect of
3	rules between the parties, it is very much envisaged	3	Articles 8, paragraph 4 of Article 4 of annex B, which
4	that those types of costs can be charged to the joint	4	you just mentioned in your response to the chairman's
5	account. Whether they are permitted or not permitted	5	question.
6	under the terms of the amended SPA is not really	6	You deal with Article 8.1(a) and (c) and sorry,
7	something I can get into. And then just to note that	7	8(1)(a)(c) an Article 8.3 and Article 8.1(b) and
8	1.1 million of that is, if you like, NAE personnel, it's	8	Article 8.1(d), and I think 8.1(e) as well.
9	operating costs of the FPSO, it relates specifically to	9	My question to you really is whether, having looked
10	the FPSO as opposed to overhead.	10	at all of those Articles and paragraphs of the annex and
11	THE CHAIRMAN: But the contractual basis is the annex to the	11	explaining them, did you have any difficulty in
12	PSC for you for charging those costs, is that	12	reviewing those Articles and understanding their effect?
13	A. While acknowledging that the amended SPA mill have	13	A. These Articles set out the cost cost splitting, if
14	something to say about whether in these circumstances it	14	you like, and the cost recovery, the way in which the
15	is appropriate to include them in the final adjustment	15	gross revenues are to be calculated and then split and
16	statement.	16	allocated between the co-venturers for want of a better
17	THE CHAIRMAN: Did either you or Mr Taylor look at the past	17	word. It is a complex mechanism, but you can work your
18	practices with respect to charging those costs?	18	way through it.
19	A. Yes, I tried to. The Schedule B ones are very high	19	Q. And you worked your way through it without any help from
20	level unfortunately. So they don't give a detailed	20	any lawyers, didn't you?
21	breakdown of the costs to enough level to enable me to	21	A. Well, I had Mr Bamford and Mr Taylor's report to help me
22	work out whether they were in there. But they were	22	understand it.
23	certainly envisaged in the PSC.	23	Q. But you checked the PSC yourself, I assume?
24	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.	24	A. Yes.
25	MR WADE: Which is a convenient moment to ask you to open	25	Q. And you understood that what Mr Taylor was saying was
	D 474		D 4/2
	Page 161		Page 163
1	your report, which is at D2, tab 5. The chairman just	1	correct, didn't you?
2	asked you about certain aspects of the PSC, or at least	2	A. The way in which he'd mathematically applied the PSC was
3	you answered with regards to certain aspects of the PSC,	3	correct in his financial model, yes.
4	and can you go to paragraph 2.3.1 or section 2.3, which	4	Q. And you weren't helped by any lawyers in doing this
5	is at page 256 of the bundle. I am just going to skip	5	process, were you?
6	through some of the paragraphs here quite quickly but	6	A. No.
7	stop me if you'd like to.	7	Q. So whilst we're in your statement, can we go, please,
8	At 2.3 in that section generally you set out your	8	now to paragraph 5.1.9, which is on page 298, all the
9	understanding of the operation of the PSC. That's what	9	way at the end there. And in that paragraph you note
10	you say there.	10	that after you received Mr Taylor's report and you
11	A. Yes.	11	reviewed it and I think NAE you say there that NAE
12	Q. And that's correct, isn't it?	12	further reviewed the items within the positive
13	A. Yes.	13	adjustment and they provided you with additional
14	Q. And 2.3.2 you provide an overview of Articles 6,	14	well, they it provided, it says here, but I am assuming
15	recital 1, Article 7.4A(i) and Article 7.4A(ii) of the	15	they provided them to you first they provided
16	PSC; is that correct?	16	additional supporting information in respect of its
17	A. Certainly the Articles referenced in the footnotes, yes.	17	updated schedule. The updated schedule I think is the
18	Q. Are those the Articles?	18	final adjustment statement; is that correct?
19	A. I don't have an encyclopedic knowledge of the PSC to	19	A. Yes, that's additional to the material that was attached
20	know whether other aspects of the PSC are also reflected	20	to Mr Taylor's report.
21	in this paragraph, but	21	Q. Okay. And can you turn briefly to paragraph 5.2.10,
22	Q. All right. But those are the ones you refer to?	22	which is on page 302. Sorry, page 300. There again you
23	A. Yes.	23	have a reference to NAE collating further evidence of
24	Q. And in the following paragraphs, 2.2.3 down to 2.3.6 you	24	amounts paid and providing them to you as well,
25	explain and we can go through each one if you want	25	I resume. You don't say it there, but I presume it was
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			41 (Pages 161 to 164)

1	provided to you, is that correct?	1	the first and only evidence Mr Taylor had been provided
2	A. Yes, this is material trial that wasn't attached to	2	with, as he says, and I'm not disputing or doubting that
3	Mr Taylor's report. It was then provided to me by	3	for one moment but just simply the source of that
4	NAE	4	comment for the first time with his report.
5	Q. And then now to page 302 to paragraph 5.2.17, and again	5	Q. So you don't know when these documents were provided to
6	there is a reference there to:	6	Mr Taylor for the first time is what you saying
7	"Additional information now being provided to me by	7	effectively?
8	NAE."	8	A. He says it with his report, and I'm absolutely saying
9	And the examples of the additional information you	9	Q. Actually he says it was with your report.
10	were given there were invoices reflecting amounts which	10	A. Sorry, with my report, and I am absolutely — if that's
11	were initially included within accruals.	11	what he says, then I'm very happy to accept that.
12	A. Yes.	12	Q. Okay. And so equally you haven't looked at the
13	Q. Were there other invoices that were given to you at that	13	computation, so you don't know whether the computation
14	time?	14	is right or wrong?
15	A. I can't be definitive. My recollection is that that was	15	A. Well, in terms of
16	the principal reason in respect of invoices.	16	Q. The 21 million
17		17	
	Q. Okay. Can I ask you now to turn to Schedule 7,	1	A whether it adds up.
18	appendix 7 of your joint report with Mr Taylor, and this	18 19	Q at the bottom there?
19	is one of those documents which I think you might	1	A. I haven't add it up, no.
20	benefit from a larger copy, that's assuming, of course,	20	Q. You haven't added it, okay. So when it's stated as not
21	that I have it. I can't read this in A4, so if you're	21	agreed by you, it's not that you disagree with anything
22	stuck with an A3 you are even worse off. (Handed).	22	you just haven't checked anything?
23	Now, as I should say straightaway that although this	23	A. Correct.
24	was provided as an attachment to your joint report, this	24	Q. Okay. Then, that helps us with that one. Turning to
25	is not an agreed attachment. This is a schedule of	25	appendix 3 of your joint statement
	Page 165		Page 167
1	costs well, it's an appendix that you don't agree to.	1	PROFESSOR LEW: Are we done with this?
2	A. I'm not saying I don't agree, it's just something	2	MR WADE: We have. I am sure you will want to frame it and
3	that	3	keep it forever but we have for now. Again I have
4	Q. That's what you said.	4	a larger it is not exactly I am told it's not
5	A that is not relevant to my work and that I've not	5	an exact copy, it's reformatted, but all of the data is
6	looked at.	6	exactly the same within apparently to make it larger,
7	Q. Okay. Well, in this schedule Mr Taylor set out the	7	if you just print it out on A3 you get the same size of
8		8	
	details of 21.3 million an explanation of the 21.3 million related to the permitted items that were	1	text.
9	•	9	Can I ask you to look, please, at the left-hand box
10	incurred in the relevant date, and which are supported	10	in that under the heading it is four from the left
11	by payment evidence provided by to Mr Taylor for the	11	"Amounts supported by documentation internal or
12	first time with the publication of Mr Good's report.	12	external".
13	Now, I was going to ask you, and I believe you've	13	A. Yes.
14	already answered that question, what part of this you	14	Q. Am I correct in understanding or am I just never mind
15	didn't agree with? Did you not agree or do you not	15	my understanding, am I correct that you were able to
16	agree that these documents were provided the	16	agree the figure of I am going to go down the figures
17	documents listed here were provided for the first time	17	but ultimately the figure of 45,421, were you able to
18	with your report?	18	agree these figures as a result of the additional
19	A. I simply haven't been through and ticked off as	19	documents that were provided together with your report?
20	an exercise whether the documents were not attached to	20	A. The number would have been different if I'd only relied
21	Mr Taylor firstly, whether the documents were or	21	on the information attached to Mr Taylor's report.
22	weren't attached to Mr Taylor's report and, therefore,	22	Could I only agree some of the numbers, I think
23	fit the category of the title and, secondly, whether	23	I would have been able to agree or they would slightly
24	there was other payment evidence already attached to my	24	different and are augmented or changed by the material
25	report which this merely augmented or whether this was	25	attached to my first report.
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	Page 166	1	Page 168

1	Q. Indeed, you say augmented. Some of the figures actually	1	But in summary, there seems to be a legal and factual
2	become larger as a result of the documents and some	2	dispute about the GSO costs, which make up the bulk of
3	reduce	3	the non-permitted items, and then there is this question
4	A. Yes.	4	about the wording in the amended SPA about potentially
5	Q as a result of the documents provided by you for the	5	agreeing or including other costs as may be agreed, and
6	first time.	6	those to me give sufficient well, they are uncertain.
7	A. By NAE to me, yes.	7	I would I don't think as an accountant I could easily
8	Q. By NAE to you and then by you to Mr Taylor	8	come to a view at all.
9	A. Yes.	9	Q. Let's break that down into two, please, and I remind you
10	Q the first time. So when you compared the documents	10	that you told me a short while ago that you were able to
11	to the figures claimed, you were then able, on the basis	11	construe the very complex provisions of the PSC with
12	of those documents, to agree the figures on that column	12	regard to the allocation of costs, and so even though
13	and, indeed, in the next column down. So in the	13	you're an accountant this is something you have
14	"Amounts supported by payment evidence" you were able to	14	testified you are able to do. But looking just
15	agree that as a result of the documents provided with	15	LORD HOFFMANN: I am not sure that's a fair way of putting
16	your report or	16 17	it, because he didn't suggest that there was any difficulties of construction about the allocation of
17 18	A. Again, the number would have been different, but for the material that is attached to my report that wasn't	18	costs, he just said it was a complicated exercise, and
19	attached to Mr Taylor's report, yes, and	19	he went through it. What you're now asking him about is
20	Q. Now, do you still have your statement open? Your	20	really the construction of the contract. What does it
21	statement, is it nearby?	21	mean?
22	A. Yes.	22	MR WADE: And I am asking whether he feels
23	Q. Or the joint anyway, finally with regard to the final	23	LORD HOFFMANN: Well, I can tell you he can't tell us what
24	adjustment statement, but touching on the admitted/not	24	it means, we decide what it means.
25	admitted issue, at paragraph 5.2.4 of your report you	25	MR WADE: I accept your admonition with respect, and I will
	, 1 5 1		1 7
	Page 169		Page 171
1	say that you don't and you said as much in your	1	just ask him then about the categories of costs, which
2	introduction you didn't give an opinion in relation	2	seem to be a simple accounting exercise, in my view.
3	to Mr Taylor's categorisation of the items as permitted	3	LORD HOFFMANN: Yes.
4	or not permitted. And although you didn't say so	4	MR WADE: Not a question of construing individual words.
5	expressly, is it fair to say that you didn't give	5	LORD HOFFMANN: Right.
6	an opinion because you were instructed not to?	6	MR WADE: So from the point of view of an accountant, who is
7	A. I was I've been asked from the outset told from	7	not a lawyer, even though it can and has read complex
8	the outset that I don't need to consider that, and asked	8	legal documents, would it be within your competence to,
9	not to consider it. Obviously I've read the amended	9	if you were instructed, look at the categories of the
10	SPA, and clearly based on the cross-examination of some	10	final adjustment statement, so the individual claims,
11	of the witnesses there's been some questions in	11	things such as security vessels, maintenance repairs,
12 13	particular about the GSO costs and whether they should be included and also the wording of the amended SPA and	13	and form a view as to whether they were or were not included in the permitted or to be included in the
14	whether that covers or doesn't cover items potentially	14	costs to be claimed under the final adjustment
15	that aren't in that list of 12.	15	statement?
16	Q. But within about eight words of the beginning of your	16	A. So we have to, I think, set aside the GSO costs because
17	answer you said you were told not to consider that	17	that
18	categorisation	18	Q. That's what I was doing.
19	A. Yes.	19	A. — would be a construction question. There is then the
20	Q and that's the reason you didn't; is that correct?	20	question about the wording about other costs as agreed,
21	A. Yes.	21	and I think you're telling me just to set that aside for
22	Q. Good. And then my next question about this is whether	22	the purposes of this
23	you consider yourself competent to?	23	Q. Yes, I am just looking at the list.
24	A. I think I possibly went on to answer that with the	24	A exercise. So I set that aside. So as a hypothetical
25	first the second part of to your earlier question.	25	question having set aside that part of the amended SPA,
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1	can I then attempt to characterise the other I think	1	Q. Are you answering "no" to my question then, about
2	it is 1.8/\$1.9 million	2	your
3	Q. I wasn't asking about money, I was asking about the	3	A. I don't think I can, no.
4	categories.	4	Q. All right. Moving on then to the question of the sale
5	A. Yes. So I may refer to my slide if that's okay.	5	to CPL, returning to that question. You already helped
6	I expect my computer has gone to sleep. I don't know if	6	us with that a little bit.
7	you have a hard copy.	7	In the joint report at paragraph 3.2, which is at
8	Q. If you look at the big page I	8	E3, tab 6, 315, we might not all need to go there, but
9	A. Would it be possible to have a hard copy of my slides?	9	I saw Mr Good was going there so I slowed down. As you
10	Q. Of course. (Handed).	10	said in your presentation, you agree with the
11	A. So I think then the question would be: is it possible to	11	calculation performed by Mr Taylor; correct?
12	allocate operating activity in direct share, the IT	12	A. Yes.
13	costs, the telecom services and the bank commission?	13	Q. And applying Mr Filippi's forecasts you reach
14	Q. Which page are you looking at?	14	a different result of your own; is that correct?
15	A. I'm looking at slide 5.	15	A. Well, not on my own but, yes, we both reach a different
16	Q. Slide 5, yes. Take those as an example.	16	result.
17	A. Well, I think they are the items pretty much. IT costs	17	Q. Okay. Sorry, a different result was reached and you
18	and telecom services, again, sorry, I would need the	18	agree with it
19	wording of the amended SPA in front of me to do the	19	A. Yes.
20	allocation exercise.	20	Q applying Mr Filippi's forecasts. And then on the
21	Q. That's at bundle A. (Pause).	21	following page, at point 3.3, you set out the reasons in
22	MR NESBITT: Sorry, Mr Chairman I don't want to interrupt	22	summary for your disagreeing that Allied suffered a loss
23	Mr Wade's, flow but I'm entirely sure what the point of	23	of \$28.3 million. And I think it's fair to say that you
24	this exercise is because it is a matter on which Mr Good	24	set them the in summary there, not in full, because you
25	said he hadn't been instructed, and it's a matter of	25	do in report set them out in greater detail. But tell
23	said he hadii t been histracted, and it's a matter of	23	do in report set them out in greater detain. But ten
	Page 173		Page 175
1	construction of the contract for the Tribunal, if indeed	1	me if I am fairly summarising your view. The reasons
2	Mr Wade is trying to get him to perform the exercise he	2	for your disagreement is that the 2014 sale price to
3	appears to be getting him to perform.	3	CPL, around \$576 million for the NAE beneficial interest
4	MR WADE: So let me clarify what I am trying to do. The	4	was higher than the modelled "but for" market price of
5	question is whether he was competent, in his opinion, to	5	215 million for that interest?
6	do so, I'm not asking him to do so. So that is the	6	A. Well, the modelled amount has gone down, firstly, as
7	extent	7	a result of Dr Moy's changes to about 180 but, secondly,
8	MR NESBITT: Well, that's a yes or no answer, really.	8	I am not sure that's the right comparison because the
9	MR WADE: Yes	9	question is what the the one-fifth I think the
10	MR NESBITT: I think he said no.	10	right comparison is to the 150, which is the actual. So
11	MR WADE: But Mr Good wants to go to these documents and	11	the comparison sorry, I am confusing everybody,
12	I am going to prevent him.	12	including myself, I think. The comparison is the 576 or
13	THE CHAIRMAN: I think the expert asked to look at his	13	574, according to Dr Lawal, of sale price versus what it
14	slides. The expert is now looking at the slides and	14	was actually worth, 180, in the "but for".
15	will answer the question, and we'll see where that leads	15	Q. Yes.
16	•	16	A. Yes.
	US. MD WADE: Voy also wanted to look at hundle A/2. A tab 2.	17	
17	MR WADE: You also wanted to look at bundle A/2 A, tab 2,	18	Q. So I think from your comments, and perhaps this is the source of the confusion, you agree that the price of the
18 19	page 66.	19	sale to CPL of 576 million is not properly comparable
	A. So I am on page 66, the very bottom line. I think any		
20	attempt to allocate these costs, to give a relatively	20	with the "but for" price that was calculated by
21	short answer, will depend on the construction of the	21	Mr Taylor, because Mr Taylor is only calculating the
22	provision and operation of maintenance services and	22	"but for" value of the income stream from the Oyo
23	whether these costs fell within that category or indeed	23	central field?
24	any of the other categories, but in particular the	24	A. Yes. And, as I indicated in my presentation, the
25	provision and operation of maintenance services.	25	overall NAE beneficial interest will include the rights
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1	to resources not part of Oyo central. As I set out in	1	market fundamentally you're taught as the 101 of
2	the joint statement, certainly the (inaudible) valuation	2	market valuation it is worth what someone is prepared to
3	values that at about 10 or \$11 million, although there	3	pay for it.
4	are, as Mr Taylor references, some other valuations that	4	Q. But you don't disagree with the method that Mr Taylor
5	put different numbers on that.	5	adopted in there
6	Q. And with regard to the other asset, whatever the value	6	A. Well, subject to the caveat, which comes straight back
7	ascribed to them, would you agree in principle that if	7	to the same point.
8	you sell a bundle of assets in one sale and the value of	8	Q. Finally, in relation to this, in point 3.0.3
9	one of them increases, then the value of the total	9	I'll struggle to find the page, probably at page 318
10	should also increase?	10	you make an odd little comment there, I thought. You
11	A. Well, it depends on whether you would have got more than	11	say, talking about this difference
12	576 for the package depending on the state of the	12	PROFESSOR LEW: Where are you?
13	reservoir, and I don't think I can say that the	13	MR WADE: At page 318 at the very bottom of what is
14	difference is so huge you could easily say that it will	14	point 3.3. You make a kind of concluding sweeping
15	make no difference at all. But you can't know. You	15	comment where you say:
16	can't know.	16	"In any event"
17	Q. Right. The other point you appear to make is that	17	A. Sorry, I'm not
18	and I am not sure I follow the basis for this, perhaps	18	Q. Page 318 in the joint report.
19	you could help me is that comparing the price which	19	A. 318?
20	Allied paid for the assets in 2011 of 250 million, and	20	Q. Yes. Are you looking at tab 6? Tab 6, sorry. It is
21	the price it then sold it for two years later, there	21	E3
22	just can't be a loss seems to be what you're saying.	22	A. Ah, sorry, yes.
23	I'm not sure I understand the reasoning for that	23	Q tab 6, page 318.
24	assertion. You compare the two prices, you say 250 in	24	A. I've got it.
25	2011, 576 in 2014, there can't have been any loss.	25	Q. And it's just an odd comment there from you, I thought.
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	0		O
1	A. I think the purpose of looking at the 250 was to say,	1	You mentioned that of the 250 only 100 million has been
2	well, that was not just for the valuation of the Oyo	2	paid. And is that relevant to your calculations?
3	reservoir, the Oyo central, which is part of the	3	A. In this context, no. Although, as I understand it, it
4	calculation that Mr Taylor has done and that I've looked	4	is factually accurate.
5	at that comes to on an undamaged basis, 180, but	5	Q. Did somebody ask you to put it into your report?
6	includes the whole package, including the rights to the	6	A. No.
7	resources.	7	Q. No. You just thought "I shall add that in there because
8	So that's looking at then the difference, if you	8	it's not relevant to my calculations", but you had
9	like, that could possibly be attributed to those	9	a strong urge to put in the there?
10	resources there and saying "Okay, so that doesn't bridge	10	A. Well, the 576 is the consideration that has passed as
11	the gap between the 576 actual sale price", and what	11	a result of the sale, and the 100 million is what has
12	Mr Taylor says and I agree computationally it was worth	12	passed as a result of the acquisition of the same asset
13	even in an undamaged state, so if undamaged it is only	13	two years before.
14	worth 180 and you've sold it for 576, I still struggle	14	Q. How does that affect the calculations you've conducted?
15	to see how you could sell it for more.	15	A. Well, it's illustrating the gap between what has been
16	Q. That's an impressionistic point from you, it's not based	16	paid for it and what it has been sold for.
17	on any recognised economic theory or accounting	17	Q. It is irrelevant to your calculations, isn't it? And
18	principles, it's just your impression; is that right?	18	you've put it there because you've taken sides on this
19	Is that a fair point to make in criticism of your view?	19	point, haven't you?
20	A. Only that the 576 is a very hard number. It's the	20	A. I've only I've not taken sides on this point.
21	hardest number that's available because it's the amount	21	Q. Well
22	that was agreed for a transaction and reported in, you	22	A. I am simply pointing out factually how much has been
23	know, audited SEC filings so or the components of it	23	paid for the asset and how much has been sold.
24	were, sorry, rather than the actual number. So, no,	24	Q. But you point out a factual point that's just not
25	I don't think it is entirely impressionistic because the	25	relevant, is it?
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	rage 1/6		Page 180

1	A. If you're looking at the value of the asset, what has	1	Q. And can you please turn to page 354 in the bundle.
2	been paid for it and what it has been sold for is	2	A. Yes.
3	relevant.	3	Q. Do you see there your signature below the "statement of
4	MR WADE: I have no further questions, thank you.	4	truth"?
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much.	5	A. I do, yes.
6	MR NESBITT: No redirect.	6	Q. Now, I understand you've identified a number of
7	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much, Mr Good. You are	7	typographical errors in this statement, which you would
8	excused as an expert.	8	like to correct; is that true?
9	Now, gentlemen, is it time for a break?	9	A. Yes, there are a few things I wanted to correct.
10	How are we doing on time?	10	Q. And do you remember where they are? Would you like me
11	MR NESBITT: Well, that was rather more than 30 minutes, but	11	to direct you to them?
12	there we are. It is almost 3.30 pm so we have a couple	12	A. I think I can remember where they are. There are three
13	of hours still	13	of them. So the first one is on page 293 of the bundle.
14	THE CHAIRMAN: 3.45 then we will come back.	14	Q. Wait for everyone to be there. (Pause).
15	MR NESBITT: Sorry, sir, I was going to suggest would now be	15	A. The figure on that page, figure 2, unfortunately that is
16	good moment to address you on what I forgot to do after	16	the ownership structure as of 22 November 2013 as
17	lunch, which is in relation to the mail log document or	17	duplicated in my report in two pages' time. I copied
18	do you want to leave that to the end?	18	the wrong figure in. The correct figure can be found
19	THE CHAIRMAN: Let's leave that to the end.	19	the correct diagram can be found at my exhibit 17,
20	MR NESBITT: Okay.	20	MPJT17, page 8.
21	THE CHAIRMAN: The Tribunal might have a proposal for the	21	THE CHAIRMAN: What paragraph of your statement or expert
22	parties to address that, but we'll listen to both	22	report are you on?
23	MR NESBITT: You wanted to know factually what it was and	23	A. It is paragraph 3.2.5.
24	where it came from, and I can now tell you that, but we	24	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.
25	can wait until later.	25	A. But it is over the page on page 17 of my report, there
	Page 181		Page 183
	Ö		0
1	THE CHAIRMAN: We'll wait for later for that information.	1	is figure 2 "Ownership of the OMLs 22 July 2005". The
2	MR NESBITT: All will be revealed. I hope it is worth	2	diagram beneath that heading is actually for the later
3	waiting for.	3	period, and the correct picture is as in my exhibit
4	MR WADE: For the first time all will be revealed.	4	MPJT17 on page 8.
5	(3.28 pm)	5	MR WADE: You won't know the bundle reference for it, so
6	(A short break)	6	I will inform the Tribunal, if I may. The bundle
7	(3.45 pm)	7	reference is F19, tab 17, page 146. There is another
8	MR MARK TAYLOR (called)	8	correction, I believe.
9	THE CHAIRMAN: Good afternoon, Mr Taylor. Welcome to the	9	A. There is. On page 29 of my report there is a table in
10	proceedings. Mr Taylor, you have provided an expert	10	the middle of the page, table 4, a number of figures in
11	report, and you've signed a joint report.	11	there.
12	A. That's right, yes.	12	The second column is headed "2011". The second row
13	THE CHAIRMAN: And you understand that your duty is to	13	of that column is "Royalty", and you can see all the
14	express your best professional opinion to the Tribunal?	14	other numbers in that royalty row are negative numbers,
15	A. I do understand that, yes.	15	they are in brackets. Those brackets should be around
16	THE CHAIRMAN: Very good. Mr Wade.	16	the 1830 as well. So that 1830 should be a negative
17	Examination-in-chief by MR WADE	17	number. And then the revenue on the bottom line,
18	MR WADE: Mr Taylor, do you have near you bundle E2?	18	therefore, needs to be updated as well, so it is 50.5,
19	A. I do.	19	I think it is.
20	Q. And I think it's open at tab 5. Can you confirm that it	20	PROFESSOR LEW: Sorry, could you say that
21	is?	21	A. So the revenue changes to
22	A. It is.	22	PROFESSOR LEW: 9010.
23	Q. And is that a copy of your expert report dated	23	A. 9010 to 53.5. But those numbers don't flow through
24	24 February 2016?	24	anywhere into the report.
25	A. It is, yes.	25	The last correction I think I am going to have to
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			46 (Pages 181 to 184)

46 (Pages 181 to 184)

1 ask Mr Wade to point me to it --1 counterclaim. This slide is an overview of the timeline 2 MR WADE: Are you thinking of paragraph 4.3.4 of your report 2 in this matter, and the key points on this is that the 3 3 first dotted line in the top half is looking at on page 302? 4 A. Yes, I am, thank you. On paragraph 4.3.4 of my report 4 a transaction where Allied acquired the NAE beneficial 5 on page 26, which is page 302 of the bundle, in the 5 interests in which transaction NAE indemnified Allied 6 third line of that paragraph it starts "And CPL". It 6 for the events that occurred to the left of that dotted 7 7 line. The second dotted line is when CPL acquired the should read "And Allied". 8 MR WADE: Thank you. 8 NAE beneficial interests from Allied. 9 9 My loss assessment has got three principal parts, A. That's all my corrections. 10 Q. Now, I see you also have what I think is bundle E3 in 10 but the biggest element is in respect of Allied's 11 front of you. Could you open that at tab 6. 11 ownership of the NAE beneficial interest, and that's the 12 A. Yes, I have that open at tab 6. 12 small orange bar in the middle, and I assessed that loss 13 Q. Does that contain a copy of your joint report with 13 at \$349 million. 14 Mr Good as amended on 15 June 2016? 14 My instructions in respect of the counterclaim were 15 A. Yes, it does. 15 to provide my opinion on the damages suffered by Allied 16 Q. And if you turn over the page to page 308, is that your 16 and its affiliates in respect of the NAE beneficial 17 signature next to the signature of Mr Good? 17 interests and also the Allied and CINL beneficial 18 A. Yes, it is. 18 interests. I was also instructed to provide my opinion 19 Q. And apart from the corrections you've told us about, is 19 on the difference of the market value, the NAE 20 there anything further that you would like to add or 20 beneficial interest and the actual and "but for" 21 clarify in those reports? 21 scenarios in February 2014 when it was sold to CPL. 22 22 A. No, there's not, thank you. It has been alleged that the oil production from Oyo 23 Q. And subject to the updates that you've just given us and 23 central area has been adversely affected, and any change 24 the statements you will make in your opening remarks, do 24 in the oil production will change the cash flows from 25 those represent your full and independent opinions 25 the Oyo central area. The measure of damages is how Page 185 Page 187 1 much more the cash flows would have been in the "but 1 regarding the issues on which you've been instructed? 2 A. Yes, they do. The joint statement is after my report, 2 for" scenario over the actual scenario. So 3 3 I, therefore, built a model that calculates the cash and so there are some things that might have been 4 4 flows arising from the different levels of production updated in the joint statement. But, yes, they do. 5 MR WADE: Okay. I understand you have a presentation for 5 from the Oyo central area. My model calculates the cash 6 the Tribunal. 6 flows arising from the application of the production 7 Presentation by MR TAYLOR 7 sharing contract and what cash flows the various 8 8 MR TAYLOR: Yes, I do. interested parties would have received. 9 9 Good afternoon. My name is Mark Taylor and I am the Mr Good identified a number of minor issues with my 10 expert accountant instructed by the solicitors to the 10 initial model, and I updated my model for these. These 11 respondents. I have got a presentation of 24 slides, 11 updates are set out at appendix 1 to the joint 12 12 but many of them shouldn't require much discussion so statement. 13 13 Mr Good and I agree that the final model that I've I hope to keep on time. 14 14 created properly models the cash flow from the First, I am going to look at the respondents' 15 counterclaim. Then I am going to look at the issues 15 production sharing contract. As Mr Good pointed out, 16 relating to the final adjustment statement. 16 we've got an agreed model between us. 17 I colloquially refer to that as the FAS, so excuse me if 17 By running my model using inputs of oil production 18 18 I slip into that terminology. Followed by that I have from either the actual scenario or inputs from the "but 19 got a very brief comment on each of the Oyo-5 GSO costs 19 for" scenario we can determine the differences in the 20 and the Oyo-7 drilling costs. 20 cash flows. There were a few inputs on which Mr Good 21 As we have already heard, Mr Good and I actually 21 and I agreed were secondary issues, and that's the 22 agree on a lot of issues. So I will try not to dwell on 22 change in the cash flows from those issues would affect 23 23 what we agree, but I might have to talk about some of the model, but we didn't know enough about those inputs 24 what we agree on to put some of the issues into context. 24 to actually amend the amounts in my model. These are 25 25 My first area that I want to talk about is the set out in appendix 2 to the joint statement. The two Page 186 Page 188

1	most important ones are the FPSO costs and the costs of	1	historic periods.
2	drilling the "but for" scenario wells, Oyo B and C.	2	The losses can also be considered in the tabular
3	The FPSO costs relate to the fact that NAE	3	format. It is not immediately clear from this which
4	negotiated a discount to the FPSO costs, and Mr Good	4	lines are for the loss. So the top line A is the
5	questioned whether the same level of reduction in the	5	biggest loss. That was the loss for the middle orange
6	FPSO costs would have been achieved in the "but for"	6	bar I pointed out on the timeline. That's 349 million
7	scenario, given that the "but for" scenario has higher	7	using Dr Moy's forecasts.
8	levels of productivity.	8	The second biggest loss is row F, which is the top
9	The "but for" scenario was modelled using the FPSO	9	part of the second half of the table, and that's
10	as it actually was. That is with the compressors not	10	\$130.6 million, and the last significant loss is 28.3,
11	working. And Mr Nigido stated that the discount was	11	which is the second line, and that's the loss on the
12	because the compressors weren't working. So, in my	12	sale to CPL of 23 February 2014.
13	opinion, as the same FPSO is assumed in the same	13	Although we agree the numbers in the table, the
14	condition in the "but for" scenario and the actual	14	point that we don't agree, as discussed Mr Good earlier,
15	scenario, the FPSO costs represent the correct level of	15	is that we don't agree whether that amount actually
16	costs in the "but for" scenario.	16	
17		17	represents a loss suffered by Allied, although we agree
18	On the second point, looking at the costs of the	18	the maths that gets to the number. As this is the only
19	drilling of the "but for" scenario, the Oyo wells B and C, I used the actual drilling costs of other wells as		significant area of potential disagreement between us on
20	proxies for the costs for those, and I think this is	19	the approach on the counterclaim, I thought I would just
	•	20	explain in a little more detail how this arises.
21	an entirely sensible and reasonable approach.	21	Allied acquired the NAE beneficial interest for
22	Mr Good noted that Mr Payne had a view that a number	22	\$250 million in December 2011 and two years later, at
23	of factors might affect the costs of drilling the wells,	23	the end of 2013, agreed to sell is for cash and CAMAC
24	and so there was some uncertainty there. I acknowledge	24	Energy Inc shares, which was a total consideration of
25	that there might be factors that affect the costs of	25	\$416 million. Following the announcement of the deal,
	Page 189		Page 191
1	drilling the wells, but I think using the proxies	1	the CAMAC Energy share price rose and so the market
2	using the real-life drilling costs as proxies is	2	moved the price to the 576 million when it completed in
3	reasonable, and there hasn't been an alternative value	3	February 2014.
4	put forward, and so I think my opinions are reasonable	4	So Mr Good's position appears to be that because
5	on that basis.	5	Allied made a profit that it cannot possibly have
6	My model that is agreed between us as properly	6	suffered a loss on that. But, in my opinion, had the
7	modelling the cash flows from the PSC shows the impact	7	Oyo central reserve not been damaged, Allied would have
8	of the production forecasts as per Dr Moy and	8	made more profit on the sale and that this extra profit
9	Mr Filippi. Using Dr Moy's forecasts, the losses are	9	that it did not make does represent a loss suffered by
10	527.9 million, and using Mr Filippi's forecasts they are	10	Allied.
11	6.4 million. The difference between these is entirely	11	NAE's beneficial interests that Allied bought and
12	down to the different input assumptions for the	12	sold relate to NAE's beneficial economic interests under
13	production volumes and timings from Dr Moy and	13	the PSC, and as we've discussed, the PSC is in respect
14	Mr Filippi. This is nicely illustrated by these two	14	of OMLs 120 and 121, and that includes the Oyo central
15	charts, which I think we've all seen several times	15	oilfield, which is what Dr Moy and Mr Filippi have
16	before, which show the actual and "but for" by Dr Moy	16	modelled, but it is much broader than just the Oyo
17	and Mr Filippi.	17	central, and there's actual or potential value in Oyo
18	It is immediately apparent that Dr Moy's view there	18	west, Oyo far east as well as potentially otherwise in
19	was a significant difference between the actual scenario	19	OML 120 and 121.
20	and the "but for" scenario, and that's what gives rise	20	Dr Moy, Mr Filippi, Mr Good and I have focused on
21	to the significant loss, whereas in Mr Filippi's	21	only one element of what comprises the beneficial
22	forecasts there appears to be no such difference.	22	interest that were sold. So none of us have considered
23	If you look at Dr Moy's forecasts, you can see that	23	the actual or potential cash flows or value of the whole
24	the two lines, the actual and the "but for", diverge	24	of the OMLs because the values of the other aspects were
25	most before 2016. That is the loss is in respect of	25	not likely damaged by the alleged wrongdoing.
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	Page 190		Page 192

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So when asked to consider the difference in the 1 I applied five tests when deciding whether an item 2 2 market value of the NAE beneficial interest as at that should be included in the FAS. The first test, which 3 3 date, I couldn't do this by considering the whole value isn't on this slide, is whether there was any support 4 of the NAE beneficial interest, as we didn't have the 4 for the item at all. When no support was provided for 5 5 a cost claimed I didn't consider it was right to include data on that. So I, therefore, looked at the difference in the market value of one element and assumed the 6 that cost in the FAS. 7 difference in that one element reflected a difference in Where an item was ultimately supplied by a third 8 the broader NAE beneficial interest. 8 party I sought third party support for that amount, and 9 So using Dr Moy's "but for" and actual scenario 9 that's the fourth test on my slide there. 10 I could model the difference in that, and that's the 10 My approach after that was to look at the language 11 difference in the cash flows at that date which come to 11 in the amended SPA. Like Mr Good I'm not a lawyer, but I tried to look at the language and the amended SPA sets 12 discounted \$28 million. So I cannot comment on how the 12 13 holistic value of the OMLs have changed in the period 13 14 but, in my opinion, if one element has been damaged and 14 "The positive adjustment shall include those items 15 is worth less, then that reduction in value should be 15 listed below." 16 16 And, therefore, I sought to claim whether the items considered when considering the value of the whole. 17 were described by one of the items listed in the amended 17 Now, I want to change topics and go on to the 18 financial adjustment statement. The FAS submitted by 18 SPA. I called items that were in the list permitted, 19 NAE -- so the composition of the FAS is as set out in 19 and items that were not in the list non-permitted. So 20 20 the amended SPA -- and the FAS submitted by NAE is that's the first point on my slide there. 21 claimed at \$48.1 million. My instructions were to 21 The amended SPA also says to include items that are 22 consider whether the claimed items were within the list 22 paid by the seller. So I, therefore, sought evidence 23 of 12 permitted items in the amended SPA and whether the 23 that the items had been paid by the seller. I only 24 evidence provided by NAE supported the items claimed. 24 looked for evidence such as order of payment. I didn't 25 25 Mr Good and I have agreed the figures in the table try tracing things through to bank statements because Page 193 Page 195 1 in the joint statement, as we've already heard. In my 1 that would have been a very onerous task. 2 first report I concluded that only 7.5 million of the 2 And the amended SPA includes items that were 3 3 48.1 million claimed met the criteria, but I've moved on incurred during the period from December 31, 2011, up to 4 4 since then. Mr Good exhibited more than 900 pages of completion. As completion was on 28 June 2012, I looked 5 5 for evidence that the cost was incurred in that period. new supporting documentation to his report, and my team 6 and Mr Good's team worked together through that and 6 With regards to the GSO costs, the amended SPA 7 we've now been able to move on and we have seen states this "to the extent agreed by the parties", and 8 a further \$21.3 million worth of support to show that 8 my understanding is that Allied's case is that it was 9 claims do relate to permitted items that were incurred not agreed that the GSO costs should be included in the 10 in the right period and are supported by payment 10 FAS. 11 evidence. 11 This slide shows my view that the top ten items in 12 12 So I have, therefore, updated my initial opinion to NAE's FAS tally with the items listed in the amended 13 28.1 million, which is as set out in the bottom 13 SPA, but the last six line items are not covered in the 14 14 left-hand corner of the numbers in this slide. We amended SPA. So, therefore, in my view, of the 48.1 15 looked at a summary of the 21.3 million, which is 15 claimed only the amounts in the blue box, which then sum appendix 7 to the joint statement, which was my appendix 16 to 36.7 million, are permitted by the SPA. 16 17 Mr Wade talked about earlier with Mr Good. 17 Going back to the table in the joint statement that 18 Mr Good has also amended NAE's position, and 18 we looked at earlier. The starting point appears to be 19 I understand the claim is not for 48 any more but is for 19 the top right-hand corner 48.1 million, and my position 20 46.5 20 is that in the bottom left of 28.1. Mr Good's position 21 21 Mr Good and I have got a number of disagreements as was 46.5, I think, but acknowledged there was no support 22 to whether or not certain categories of costs should be 22 for the sum bringing it down to the 45.4. 23 23 included in the FAS, but we agree the amounts of each of Below that, there are three alternative lines. As 24 these categories. So we've agreed all the numbers. 24 Mr Good said, you can slice and dice this in almost as 25 25 We've gone through and agreed all of those. many ways as you like, but we do agree the numbers in Page 194 Page 196

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1	this table.	1	different permutations from an analysis of appendix 3.
2	A further breakdown is at appendix 3, and it might	2	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much.
3	be helpful if I just explain a couple of points on that.	3	MR TAYLOR: And very briefly, on Oyo on the GSO costs,
4	I think a larger appendix 3 was handed up earlier in	4	Mr Good and I have agreed that the documentation and
5	a bigger format. (Pause).	5	Allied's schedule record GSO costs of 44.5 million, and
6	After this, I have only got a very brief point, so	6	I've traced those into the audited financial statements.
7	there is not much longer.	7	And similarly we have agreed that the documentation
8	THE CHAIRMAN: You're still within your time, as I see it.	8	we've seen records costs of 154.7 million up to
9	No, actually you're not. But people are being very	9	30 September 2015 for the Oyo-7 drilling costs.
10	relaxed.	10	Thank you.
11	MR TAYLOR: Thank you. This is a similar table to the table	11	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much.
12	in the joint statement, but it's been transposed, and so	12	MR NESBITT: Some good news to follow that, Mr Chairman. It
13	the columns are rows and the rows are columns.	13	is Mr Shoesmith.
14		14	Cross-examination by MR SHOESMITH
	The categories are down the left and, you can see	15	MR SHOESMITH: Good afternoon, Mr Taylor. Just while we're
15	this breaks down the summary table into the individual	16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
16	categories. The left-hand column is the original		setting up, one point of clarification arising out of
17	amount, which you can see sums down to a total of	17	your presentation. I believe at one point you said that
18	48.1 million, which is four lines up from the bottom,	18	you understood the claim, irrespective of the
19	and then that's just analysed into the permitted and the	19	adjustments was now for around \$45 million. That's not
20	non-permitted according to my analysis. We've then got	20	in fact accurate. The claimants maintain their claim
21	the column of Mr Good's adjustments, and then that's the	21	for the entire \$48.1 million, and you and the Tribunal
22	updated amount.	22	can see that at, among other places, from section 4.3 of
23	Then we go into two different ways of looking at	23	the joint report. That's at bundle E3, tab 6, page 324
24	things, column D and column E. Those references are	24	but we don't need to go there now.
25	just below the titles of the column.	25	Could we start very briefly by having a look at your
	Page 197		Page 199
1	Column D and E are two alternatives, where D has	1	instructions in bundle F16, tab 1. (Pause).
2	looked at the amount supported by documentation, so	2	You've set these out in a number of places, so
3	that's any supporting documentation at all, and if you	3	I don't think we need to spend very long on them. The
4	look down the bottom that's where you get the 45.4 that	4	point I would like to just clarify is that these do not
5	we saw earlier. And column E is looking it if you want	5	appear to be dated, but we understood from well,
6	to see that it was supported by payment evidence, and	6	let's start, they are not dated but, as I understand it,
7	that comes to the lower number of 37.7.	7	these are instructions that were provided to Navigant,
8	The analysis to the right works on pairs of columns.	8	so to you and to Mr Dyson jointly; is that correct?
9	So column F and column G is another pair of columns, and	9	A. That's my understanding, yes.
10	they look at columns D and E. And they look to see	10	Q. Very good. And Mr Dyson told us yesterday that he was
11	whether the items in D or E were received in the right	11	instructed and he was involved in the drafting of the
12	period. So F is looking at D but stripping out things	12	respondents' or the formation of the respondents'
13	that were outside of the period, so 203 and 96 stripped	13	reply and defence to counterclaim that was served in
14	out, and G is looking at column E, which is where	14	August 2015. I wonder whether you were instructed at
15	there's evidence of payment and stripping out things	15	that point also?
16	that were outside of the period.	16	A. I don't think I was, no.
17	And similarly columns H and I are paired, and they	17	Q. You weren't. So you weren't involved in formulating the
18	look at D and E again. So H and I look at whether there	18	respondents' reply alongside Mr Dyson?
19	was third party support. And so H is looking at where	19	A. I don't believe so, no.
20	there's third party support at column D, and I is	20	Q. Okay. So when you did receive these instructions later
21	looking whether there is third party support for column	21	than Mr Dyson, they were presumably your introduction to
22	E. Then the last two columns again are pairs, and	22	the case. You hadn't at that stage received any
23	that's summing up the total adjustments there.	23	documents?
24	So you can analyse the numbers in many, many ways	24	A. I didn't say I received these later than Mr Dyson,
25	and that's and I think you can get most of the	25	I just said I didn't do work that fed into the document
	Page 109		Page 200
ĺ	Page 198		Page 200

50 (Pages 197 to 200)

1	that you've mentioned.	1	SPA you would have classified the individual expenditure
2	Q. Okay. But this was your introduction to the case. You	2	categories within the FAS as either permitted or
3	hadn't received the documents along with your	3	non-permitted.
4	instructions?	4	Moving on to page 327, you've set out a list in
5	A. I can't remember if some documents came through first or	5	between times, but you there say you further note that
6	this came through first.	6	the positive adjustment can also include such other
7	Q. I get that from paragraph 72 of the instructions on	7	expenses as may be agreed between the parties. I am
8	page 28, which is helpfully the same I'm sorry,	8	quoting here from the amended text of the SPA, and the
9	page 22. Here you'll see the second sentence says:	9	outstanding to the extent agreed by the parties the
10	"We will provide you with documents referred to in	10	outstanding payment in respect of the Oyo-5 GSO
11	the footnotes of these instructions by way of an online	11	liabilities. However, you understand that it is the
12	data room."	12	respondents' case that these items require
13	So it suggests to me that either the documents were	13	post-completion agreement. And you have not seen any
14	provided contemporaneously or subsequent to the	14	documentary evidence indicating that these items were
15	instructions?	15	agreed between the parties. So based on your analysis,
16	A. "We request that you base your report and your	16	your view is that the only only the ten items
17	independent expert opinion formed in the light of the	17	permitted identified above, that's the list we skipped,
18	information that has been made available to you."	18	should be included as part of the positive adjustment.
19	Q. Well, we can look at whichever	19	So that's a good summary of your position, isn't it?
20	A. It then says:	20	A. Yes.
21	"We will provide you with the documents referred to	21	Q. Okay. That analysis is not set out in your first
22	in the footnotes of these instructions by way of an	22	report, is it?
23	online data room."	23	A. I'm not sure. My first report came to a very different
24	Q. But you don't recall whether documents had been made	24	answer, because I had a very different amount of
25	available to you?	25	documentation, so I would have
	Page 201		Page 203
1	A. I can't remember, no.	1	Q. You came to a different answer. Section 12 of your
2	Q. You're not suggesting that they were, you just don't	2	first report, which is in bundle E2, tab 5, page 333.
3	remember?	3	Now, if I can explain, if we're all there, as I see
4	A. No.	4	it, 12.1 headed "Background" you're setting the scene.
5	Q. Okay. We saw in your presentation, Mr Taylor, that	5	These paragraphs are largely taken word for word from
6	there is a point of disagreement between the experts,	6	your instructions, paragraphs 61 to 65, I think. That's
7	yourself and Mr Good, as to whether items should be	7	not a criticism, I think that's just factually accurate.
8	classified as permitted or not permitted expenses.	8	Would you agree?
9	Those are the items on the FAS, as you called it, the	9	A. Yes.
10	final adjustment statement.	10	Q. Okay. But you've added a 12.1.6 on page 335 and 12.1.7.
11	A. I did form an opinion, Mr Good didn't form an opinion,	11	And 12.1.6 you list out what you consider to be and
12	so I don't know if that's a disagreement, it's	12	define as "permitted costs", and then in 12.1.7 you say:
13	a different approach.	13	"In addition to the permit the costs above, NAE were
14	Q. You haven't agreed your approach, we can worry about	14	able to claim for other expenses incurred during the
15	semantics. Your view is set out at section 4.4 of your	15	relevant period which were agreed between the parties
16	joint report, if we look there first. It is volume E3,	16	and to the extent agreed the outstanding payment in
17	tab 6, page 325. So we're looking at section 4.4, your	17	respect of the Oyo-5 GSO liabilities."
		18	So NAE were able to claim those other expenses, GSO
18	views as set out in the right-hand column, and your view	4	
18 19	is that as an independent chartered accountant you are	19	liabilities, but you don't define those in any way.
		19 20	That's just a footnote, in effect, to your permitted
19 20	is that as an independent chartered accountant you are qualified to provide your opinion on whether expenses	1	
19 20 21	is that as an independent chartered accountant you are qualified to provide your opinion on whether expenses should be classified as permitted or non-permitted in	20	That's just a footnote, in effect, to your permitted list.
19 20 21 22	is that as an independent chartered accountant you are qualified to provide your opinion on whether expenses should be classified as permitted or non-permitted in accordance with the provision of the amended SPA.	20 21 22	That's just a footnote, in effect, to your permitted list. A. I say they were able to "claim for other expenses which
19 20 21 22 23	is that as an independent chartered accountant you are qualified to provide your opinion on whether expenses should be classified as permitted or non-permitted in accordance with the provision of the amended SPA. You say, skipping down to the next paragraph, based	20 21	That's just a footnote, in effect, to your permitted list. A. I say they were able to "claim for other expenses which were agreed between the parties."
19 20 21 22	is that as an independent chartered accountant you are qualified to provide your opinion on whether expenses should be classified as permitted or non-permitted in accordance with the provision of the amended SPA. You say, skipping down to the next paragraph, based on your review of the documentation available and the	20 21 22 23	That's just a footnote, in effect, to your permitted list. A. I say they were able to "claim for other expenses which were agreed between the parties." Q. Mmm-hmm. But you don't define those as permitted or
19 20 21 22 23 24	is that as an independent chartered accountant you are qualified to provide your opinion on whether expenses should be classified as permitted or non-permitted in accordance with the provision of the amended SPA. You say, skipping down to the next paragraph, based	20 21 22 23 24	That's just a footnote, in effect, to your permitted list. A. I say they were able to "claim for other expenses which were agreed between the parties."

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1	A. Yes.	1	you as 12 permitted items.
2	Q. Yes. Your definition of "permitted costs" is taken from	2	THE CHAIRMAN: I leave this to Lord Hoffmann.
3	your instructions, isn't it?	3	MR SHOESMITH: I wondered how much indulgence I would enjoy.
4	A. My instructions make reference to the term "permitted",	4	LORD HOFFMANN: What the witness has done is he's summarised
5	I think, I can't do you want to go back to that.	5	certain headings of expenditure in table 19 of his first
6	Q. Well, your instructions are helpfully set out at 12.2,	6	report, and he's categorised them as being, in his view,
7	so we can stay in the same document.	7	within or without what is permitted to charge for under
8	A. Thank you.	8	the SPA.
9	Q. "In respect of each of the 16 line items in the final	9	Now, it may be that as a matter of construction he's
10	adjustment statement, here is the nature of the expenses	10	wrong about some item or other, but it is useful that
11	claimed as described in that statement and in the	11	he's simply listed them on that category. I mean,
12	supporting spreadsheets and invoices such as to bring it	12	I don't see that you can really cross-examine him on
13	within the list of 12 permitted items in paragraph 1,	13	whether he was wrong or right to list them as permitted
14	Part 1, Schedule 2 of the SPA as amended. If so, please	14	or not permitted.
15	identify, (b) if not, please describe cost claimed.	15	MR SHOESMITH: I don't intend to say it is not useful and
16	"To what extent does the evidence provided be NAE	16	I don't intend to say he was wrong or right to
17	support each of the items claimed, whether it is in the	17	categorise them in a particular way.
18	permitted list or not? Please identify supportive	18	LORD HOFFMANN: Right.
19	evidence made available at the time of the final	19	MR SHOESMITH: What I am trying to establish is whether
20	adjustment statement."	20	Mr Taylor looked at, as he says he's qualified to do,
21	So the concept of permitted items and the list being	21	the entirety of the provision or whether
22	the permitted items, that's something that you were	22	LORD HOFFMANN: Does it matter?
23	told, wasn't it?	23	MR SHOESMITH: Well, if his instructions are to classify
24	A. We can see what my instructions were, yes.	24	something as permitted based on a list of 12 items, do
25	Q. Yes. Thank you. At 12.3 you then set out what you did.	25	they fall within the list or not
	Page 205		Page 207
1	You say here that, in 12.3.1(i):	1	LORD HOFFMANN: Yes.
2	"In order to assess the nature of the expense	2	MR SHOESMITH: that is very different from saying
3	category, I reviewed supporting documentation and	3	LORD HOFFMANN: He has summarised in his list the nature of
4	summarised the nature of the expenses."	4	the expenditure. If you want to cross-examine him and
5	Do you see that?	5	say "Look there was an item of £500,000 which can't
6	A. Yes.	6	really be described as what you've described that as",
7	Q. And then you go on to say that you looked to see whether	7	that's one matter. But if you don't object to the
8	expenses occurred in the relevant period, whether there	8	categorisation, to then discuss with him whether he
9	was supporting document, proof of payments, amongst	9	truly considered whether it fell within the terms of the
10	other things. That's what you set there. You don't say	10	SPA or not, that doesn't help. Do you see the point
11	in this list that you looked at the SPA or the amended	11	I am making?
12	SPA.	12	MR SHOESMITH: I think I can take the point, sir.
13	A. I am talking about permitted as per that list, and that	13	LORD HOFFMANN: Do you see what I mean?
14	list is from the amended SPA.	14	MR SHOESMITH: I'm not sure I entirely do, but I take the
15	Q. Permitted as per your instructions.	15	point that this is not
16	A. It's permitted as I interpreted that "permitted" to	16	LORD HOFFMANN: Take, for example, he says telecom services
17	be what's in the list of the amended SPA, so I sorry,	17	he regards as not permitted. Now, if you want to
18	I am not quite sure where you're going but I do	18	cross-examine him and say in that 180,000 that he's
19	reference back to the list in the amended SPA.	19	listed for telecom expenditure some of them are not
20	Q. You do. I am just trying to establish whether you	20	telecom expenditure at all, that's perfectly
21	actually looked at the SPA and carried out	21	permissible. But to argue with him as to whether
22	an independent assessment at this stage, but you don't	22	telecom expenditure falls within the terms of the SPA or
23	say that you've reviewed the SPA in this report. You	23	not, that doesn't help.
24	simply say that you were asked whether certain costs	24	MR SHOESMITH: I think
25	were within a list of what was specifically described to	25	MR NESBITT: If I may, sir, I think the point that is being
	P 207		D 200
	Page 206		Page 208

52 (Pages 205 to 208)

1	driven at is not so much whether he's right or wrong on	1	a crime, it's just a factual enquiry.
2	permitted and non-permitted, it is simply he suggests	2	A. I am sure I did read it, yes, I am sure I did look at
3	that he conducted an independent contractual analysis of	3	it.
4	what the contract means, that's what he says.	4	Q. Let's move on to something else. You don't mention in
5	LORD HOFFMANN: Yes.	5	your first report or indeed in the joint report the
6	MR NESBITT: But it appears from his instructions that he	6	respondents' own reconciliation exercise of the final
7	didn't do that, he was told what the contract meant and	7	adjustment statement with the supporting documentation.
8	asked to assume it.	8	Were you aware that that exercise had been conducted?
9	LORD HOFFMANN: Well, so what?	9	A. No, I don't I'm not sure what was done by the
10	MR NESBITT: If you believe that that's not relevant, then	10	respondents.
11	fine.	11	Q. Okay. You didn't discuss their reconciliation with
12	LORD HOFFMANN: Tell me why it's relevant.	12	them?
13	MR SHOESMITH: I think Mr Taylor has indicated he believes	13	A. I didn't, no.
14	an independent chartered accountant he is qualified to	14	Q. Now, in your first report you took the position in
15	opine on the meaning of the SPA, and I'm suggesting	15	respect of the GSO liabilities that they were not
16	LORD HOFFMANN: I don't believe he's putting forward such	16	permitted under the SPA because they did not relate to
17	a thing at all. I don't see how he can really do the	17	the relevant period. That's right, isn't it?
18	job unless he tells us which items he has regarded and	18	A. Can you point me to that?
19	disregarded.	19	Q. 12.6 of your first statement. It starts on page 346
20	MR SHOESMITH: As I say, I have taken your point, sir, that	20	is a non-permitted expense categories but the relevant
21	you don't find it helpful, so we won't dwell on it.	21	section is 12.6.18 on page 349 of the bundle. I think
22	As part of your exercise, Mr Taylor, were you	22	that's internal page 73, if that helps.
23	instructed to consider clause 11.2 of the SPA?	23	A. Sorry, could you give me that reference again I will
24	A. Can I see that clause, please?	24	scribble them down.
25	Q. Certainly. It is in bundle A1, tab 1, unamended,	25	Q. 12.6.18 in you first report, the bundle page in the
	Page 209		Page 211
1	page 25.	1	bottom right-hand corner is 349.
2	A. Which was	2	A. Yes. So you split out certain debit notes with little
3	Q. Clause 11.2, page 25. (Pause).	3	Roman numerals, and at the end of each one you say:
4	Are you there?	4	"Both of the relevant invoices"
5	A. Yes, I have got the indemnity 11 in paragraph 11.	5	Or you say whatever it is that you're looking at
6	Can you repeat the question, I don't have a transcript	6	appear to relate to services provided outside the
7	in front of me so I can't	7	relevant period or that you consider outside the
8	Q. That's no problem. As part of the exercise you've	8	relevant period.
9	conducted reviewing the SPA, in interpreting its	9	A. I did note that they were all outside of the relevant
10	provisions, perhaps, were you instructed to consider	10	period, yes.
11	clause 11.2? I infer the answer is "no".	11	Q. You did, and you exclude them on that basis.
12	A. I don't think I was explicitly instructed in the	12	A. Sorry, I did exclude them, yes.
13	instructions to look at that clause.	13	Q. But by the time of your joint report you accepted that
14	Q. And did you have cause, therefore, to look at it	14	that was wrong?
15	irrespective of any explicit instruction?	15	A. I accepted that the GSO costs were not time-bound, yes.
16	A. Sorry, did you say absent explicit instruction?	16	Q. They couldn't relate to the relevant period, as you term
17	Q. You say you weren't explicitly instructed.	17	it by definition.
18	A. Yeah, so	18	A. They were outside that period, yes.
19	Q. Did you look at it in any event?	19	Q. Yes, by definition the Oyo-5 GSO costs, as they are
20	A. Sorry, I can't read back what you've asked, so	20	defined in the SPA, don't relate to the relevant period?
21	I clarified the point. In my instructions there was	21	A. They don't, and I am not
22	reference made to 11.1 and so I would have looked around	22	Q. You don't what the definition says?
23	it. So I would have seen other clauses in the SPA.	23	A. I don't know why you're saying by definition, no.
24	I didn't just look at the specific items.	24	Q. Okay.
25	Q. But you didn't consider in particular 11.2? It's not	25	A. But they don't, they fall outside the period, yes.
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	Page 210		Page 212
			53 (Pages 209 to 212)

1	Q. You can see in fact from the amended SPA from the	1	an independent chartered accountant you're qualified to
2	positive adjustment that there is no time provision in	2	"provide an opinion on whether the expenses should be
3	respect of Oyo-5 GSO liabilities, and that's in contrast	3	permitted or not permitted in accordance with the
4	with the express reference to the period for the listed	4	provision of the amended SPA".
5	items and for the other expenses. If you'd like to look	5	Now, we didn't want to pursue the question whether
6	at that that's in bundle A	6	you were only looking at a specific list and determining
7	A. That one has gone back. Thank you. So bundle A	7	whether they were permitted or not permitted on that
8	Q. Bundle A, tab 2 now.	8	list, but if you're looking at this whole provision to
9	A. Tab 2.	9	determine whether something is permitted or not it is
10	Q. And the page number is 66, that's the bundle reference,	10	a major flaw in your reading of this provision to tie
11	internal page 5.	11	the GSO costs, the liabilities, to the relevant period,
12	A. Yes.	12	isn't it? That's a misreading of this provision?
13	Q. So do you see at the bottom of the page you have	13	A. My conclusion hasn't changed that whether they are —
14	a paragraph 12 and the bold heading "Positive	14	should be included or not. In my first report I noted
15	adjustment", and then the initial paragraph:	15	that they were outside the period, and I accept that
16	"The positive adjustment which will increase the	16	
	consideration shall include the items listed below."		they're not time-bound, but my position has still stayed
17		17	the same, so they haven't come into my analysis and
18	If you skip ahead to line 3:	18	Q. You exclude them for another reason, but it was
19	" incurred during the period from	19	a misreading of the SPA to tie them to the relevant
20	31 December 2011 up to completion."	20	period in your first report? (Pause).
21	So the listed items are time-bound.	21	It's a yes or no, I think. Did you misread the SPA
22	I am sure you're very familiar with this provision	22	by tying it to the relevant period or not?
23	because you've analysed it.	23	A. As I said, they are not time-bound.
24	Then in the next line, starting in the middle you	24	Q. Above you've tied them to the relevant period in your
25	see "such other expenses as may be agreed".	25	first report
	Page 213		Page 215
1	At the end of the following line, again they are	1	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr Shoesmith, you know we asked the experts
2	time-bound "incurred during the period from December 31	2	to meet and discuss and to agree on certain points, and
3	up until police".	3	the experts have met and agreed on the points and,
4	And then finally you've got "and to the extent	4	therefore, we understand your point, but it's only valid
5	agreed the Oyo-5 GSO liabilities".	5	to a certain point. You can turn it around and see we
6	But you see the words are missing there, they are	6	have an expert who sees that he needs to correct asking
7	not time-bound?	7	and he corrects it, so
8	A. Yes.	8	MR SHOESMITH: I find it entirely laudable, I just find it
9	Q. So just reviewing this provision, you can see that they	9	strange that he doesn't acknowledge that that's what
10	were never time-bound. The relevant period wasn't	10	he's done. But you still nevertheless stand by your
11	relevant to those costs?	11	opinion that you are suitably qualified to express
12	A. That's what I've concluded in the end, yes.	12	an opinion on this provision, notwithstanding you
13	Q. So having excluded them in your first report on the	13	initially misread it?
13	basis that you consider they are outside the relevant	14	A. The agreement does say that if there is a dispute it
15		15	could be referred to a chartered accountant or it
	period, it is a pretty major flaw in your reading of	16	might not be the exact words, but one of the resolutions
16	this provision, isn't it?	17	is a referral to an expert determinator, a chartered
17	A. I did note that they were outside the period, but	18	•
18	I don't know if that was the only reason why I excluded	19	accountant, and that's a role that I do do and I have done in the past.
19	them, and the fact that we when I met with Mr Good	1	•
20	and we discussed it and we came to the conclusion that	20	Q. Let's move on to another topic. Your view is that
21	they weren't time-bound, I think that that's I've	21	supporting documentation must be provided for the
22	come to the conclusion, and it's my conclusion, the	22	financial adjustment statement costs claimed, and that
23	ultimate conclusion, that matters.	23	Allied should not be required to pay costs that are not
24	Q. I agree that it's your ultimate conclusion that matters,	24	supported by documentation; that's right?
25	but you also say that your final position is that as	25	A. Yes.
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Q. And you also take issue with the type of documentation provided. You're effectively saying that if the wrong documentation is available, Allied is also not required to pay. A. I said if the right documentation is not available — Q. I take your point, yes. If the right documentation is not available, you are not required to pay. The wrong documentation is insufficient. The type of documentation required is not something that's specified in the SPA, is it? A. The SPA says that it's — that the amount should be paid and so I have sought evidence to — that something does fulfil the criteria of the SPA, and the only evidence I can find is documentary, so Q. The SPA doesn't say that NAE needs to supply documents proving that every item has been paid by a particular date. It simply says that it must provide all material documents that are relevant to the preparation of the final adjustment statement. A. The SPA doesn't itself say that documentation proving payment within a particular period or otherwise must be A. That's right, yes. MR SHOESMITH: But you don't agree as between yourselves to what documentation would be sufficient? A. I don't think we disagree, because I don't think Mr Goo to what documentation would be sufficient? A. I don't think we disagree, because I don't think Mr Goo has concluded — Mr Good identified there was 1.1 million of costs where there's no documentation but don't think he's — 1. LORD HOFFMANN: Do you also disagree on the question of whether if you've got a related party documentation but whereby the related party acquired the goods or services, you can nevertheless treat that as being sufficient if you can make a proper tie-up between one party has got what the other has. A. I don't want to mischaracterise what Mr Good's conclusion was and what opinion he formed. I can't remember whether he did form an opinion on it. But, yes, I certainly said that documentation from a related party. LORD HOFFMANN: Stronger, certainly, but did you go as fa as to say that documentation f
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22 payment within a particular period or otherwise must be 22 as to say that documentation from a related party alone
22 payment within a particular period of other wide made of
provided, does it? 23 will not do?
24 A. No. 24 A. If it's from if the ultimate service was provided by
25 Q. It just says 25 a third party
D 247
Page 217 Page 219
1 A. It just says paid items are included, yes. 1 LORD HOFFMANN: Yes.
2 LORD HOFFMANN: If the SPA says that in the event of 2 A then I would expect to see that third party invoice,
a dispute it must be referred to an accountant, that 3 but when the service was something like a member of
would suggest that the criteria as to what documents 4 staff from the third party, then there won't be that
5 must be provided and so forth would be generally 5 documentation, so that's not the issue.
6 accepted audit practice or it might suggest that it 6 LORD HOFFMANN: Because Mr Good, I thought, was willing
7 should has nothing to do with us. 7 accept a related party invoice if he could trace it back
8 MR SHOESMITH: You might interpret the SPA in a number of 8 sufficiently into a service provided to that related
9 ways. 9 party by an outside third party, like the helicopters
But there is a dispute in any event, isn't there, 10 example that he gave.
whether we take audit practice or otherwise between the 11 A. Yes. I did hear Mr Good, and I can't remember exactly
accountants, you don't agree as to what level of 12 what he said, but, yes, I think he was saying that if
documentation is required? 13 there's sometimes there can be a good trail and good
14 A. Mr Good and I haven't discussed audits at all. 14 analysis.
15 LORD HOFFMANN: Pardon? 15 LORD HOFFMANN: Exactly.
16 A. Mr Good and I haven't discussed audit practice. 16 A. Yes.
17 MR SHOESMITH: I am not suggesting you have. Lord Hoffmann 17 LORD HOFFMANN: And did you disagree with him about tha
raised audit practice. 18 A. I said that I would like to see the third party invoice.
19 A. I thought your said there had been a dispute between the 19 It must exist, and I would expect to tie it back. But
20 accountants, sorry I misheard, sorry. 20 maybe it's a particularly onerous issue with the
21 Q. No, there's disagreement between the accountants, I'm 21 helicopter invoices. I understand there are a very
22 sorry. 22 large number of invoices. So I don't I'm not sure
22 sorry. 22 large number of invoices. So I don't I'm not sure 23 LORD HOFFMANN: I gather you have both followed what would 23 Mr Good and I disagreed on that point. We just had
22 sorry. 23 LORD HOFFMANN: I gather you have both followed what would 24 be your normal packed in checking whether the expenses 25 LORD HOFFMANN: I gather you have both followed what would 26 Mr Good and I disagreed on that point. We just had 27 a slightly different view. And that's why we set
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		l .	
1	can be sliced and diced and constructed as it should be.	1	label with it?
2	LORD HOFFMANN: Yes, right. Thank you.	2	A. Okay.
3	MR SHOESMITH: I can move away from that entirely, thank	3	Q. I think those are GSO costs. We could have a look at
4	you.	4	it, if you like
5	On 26 July 2012, Mr Taylor, NAE provided 1,225 pages	5	THE CHAIRMAN: Sorry, is that exhibit R118?
6	of invoices and an Excel spreadsheet. You're aware of	6	MR SHOESMITH: R118, yes.
7	that, aren't you?	7	Now, I am assuming, because you've exhibited it to
8	A. Sorry, on 26	8	your report, these are the documents as provided by
9	Q. 26 July 2012 NAE provided the supporting documentation,	9	Stephenson Harwood, or the respondents. You didn't
10	and that it is in fact pleaded, you refer to in your	10	remove anything from those documents that you thought
11	report by reference to the pleadings, 1,225 pages of	11	was irrelevant, and you didn't add anything to them that
12	invoices and an Excel spreadsheet?	12	you obtained from another source? You wouldn't have
13	A. I know they did provide a lot of information at	13	done that?
14	an earlier date that I had available, yes.	14	A. I can't think that I would have, no.
15	Q. Well, you refer to it at 12.1.9 of your first report.	15	Q. No, okay. Are you able to confirm that MPJT24 is the
16	A. Yes.	16	Excel spreadsheet that was supplied with the
17	Q. I don't think we need to worry too much with that.	17	thousands 1,225 of invoices?
18	That's the documentation that was provided.	18	A. Not just be looking at it there, but it
19	Now, that's quite a specific number. I am assuming that you didn't count the pages yourself?	19	Q. Would you like to look at them?
20		20	A. But I don't even know if I would be able to by looking
21	A. Me personally? No. I might get it wrong.	21	at it there.
22	Q. And in fact I think that was pleaded in November 2014,	22	Q. Okay. I think it is right
23	so unless I am mistaken someone either in the	23	A. Yes
24	respondents or their counsel must have	24	Q. I'm happy to take you to it
25	A. I can't help you with who counted the page, no.	25	A I'm not saying I don't think it is, I just don't know
	Page 221		Page 223
1	O. I will leave it at that	1	why you
1 2	Q. I will leave it at that. At appendix B to your first report you set out the	1 2	why you O. I just wonder whether you recall having seen the
2	At appendix B to your first report you set out the	2	Q. I just wonder whether you recall having seen the
2 3	At appendix B to your first report you set out the information you relied upon. If we stay in your first	2 3	Q. I just wonder whether you recall having seen the spreadsheet and various supporting documents
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2 3 4 5	At appendix B to your first report you set out the information you relied upon. If we stay in your first report, because it's at page 357. And the information you relied upon includes the supporting documents	2 3 4	 Q. I just wonder whether you recall having seen the spreadsheet and various supporting documents A. Yes, there was spreadsheets and some supporting documents, yes.
2 3 4 5 6	At appendix B to your first report you set out the information you relied upon. If we stay in your first report, because it's at page 357. And the information you relied upon includes the supporting documents provided to you by the respondents as provided by NAE on	2 3 4 5	 Q. I just wonder whether you recall having seen the spreadsheet and various supporting documents A. Yes, there was spreadsheets and some supporting documents, yes. Q. So you're happy to say it is MPJT24. But you can come
2 3 4 5 6 7	At appendix B to your first report you set out the information you relied upon. If we stay in your first report, because it's at page 357. And the information you relied upon includes the supporting documents provided to you by the respondents as provided by NAE on 26 July.	2 3 4 5 6	 Q. I just wonder whether you recall having seen the spreadsheet and various supporting documents A. Yes, there was spreadsheets and some supporting documents, yes.
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56 (Pages 221 to 224)

1	THE CHAIRMAN: You are not qualified.	1	order of the 70 or you take off the 13 pages for the
2	MR SHOESMITH: Precisely.	2	spreadsheet that was
3	I would be the first I make the number of the	3	Q. But you can't actually say what was supported and what
4	pages of the various exhibits you've submitted, taking	4	was not supported as of 26 July 2012 because you haven't
5	out MPJT24, which is the spreadsheet, and we say 1,225	5	been supplied
6	plus the spreadsheets I make that 1,156 pages. It's	6	A. I don't know what was in those other pages.
7	just an opinion, yes.	7	Q with the information, no.
8	MR WADE: Is there a question?	8	The chairman will be pleased to know that I am
9	THE CHAIRMAN: I thought that one of the points, and you can	9	getting on to his point.
10	correct me, Mr Taylor, but one of the points that was	10	The respondents' position is that CIL is only
11	being made was a certain amount of material was	11	required to pay costs under the adjustments guarantee if
12	supplied, whether it is 1,200 or 1,1001	12	they are supported by the documents supplied on
13	MR SHOESMITH: And the subsequent amount of material was	13	26 July 2012. Are you aware of that?
14	THE CHAIRMAN: That was with the CD-ROM, and then there was	14	A. Can you repeat? You talked about a guarantee. Is that
15	additional material supplied, and then there was further	15	different to
16	material supplied with Mr Good's	16	Q. Yes, so there are a number of respondents in this
17	MR SHOESMITH: I am going to come on to that, if I may.	17	case
18	THE CHAIRMAN: I am sorry to anticipate you	18	A. Okay.
19	MR SHOESMITH: No, no, not at all.	19	Q and there is the question in respect of Allied we're
20	THE CHAIRMAN: but I thought that was what the point of	20	here to discuss that today, but part of the arbitration
21	the discussion was, but I will leave it to you,	21	has been in respect of another respondent, CIL, as we
22	Mr Shoesmith, to follow that. Have I got that right?	22	call it.
23	MR SHOESMITH: I'm sorry to leave you in suspense.	23	A. Yes.
24	A. I think so, yes, sir.	24	Q. In their pre-hearing submissions at paragraph 13.3(vi)
25	THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Very good. Mr Shoesmith, please.	25	the respondents suggested that this other respondent,
	Page 225		Page 227
	1 age 223		1 age 22/
1	MR SHOESMITH: 1,156, so at this stage we seem to be missing	1	CIL, is only required to pay costs under the adjustments
2	70 approximate pages.	2	guarantee, that's its contract with NAE, if they are
3	A. 70. Did you include the spreadsheets?	3	supported by documents that were provided on
4	Q. I didn't, and if that helps you that is 13 pages. So	4	26 July 2012. I take it you weren't aware of that?
5	we're still quite a number of pages short.	5	A. No.
6	THE CHAIRMAN: The two of you are getting	6	Q. And that's why it is relevant to establish what
7	A. We are getting closer.	7	documentation we have.
8	MR SHOESMITH: It is as far as my maths goes.	8	THE CHAIRMAN: Are we back to the adjustments guarantee now?
9	A. Was the spreadsheet PDF, so	9	MR SHOESMITH: The simple point is on the supporting
10	Q. The copy that you supplied with your report is PDFs.	10	documentation. So for CIL it is said, we don't
11	I am inferring from our previous discussion that you	11	understand precisely why, that only the documentation
12	weren't aware that those documents that you were	12	supplied on 26 July 2012
13	supplied were potentially incomplete based on the	13	THE CHAIRMAN: Oh, I see.
14	respondents'	14	MR SHOESMITH: is relevant.
15	A. I didn't do a page count, no.	15	THE CHAIRMAN: I think I understand.
16	Q. No. But assuming they are incomplete, that does affect	16	MR SHOESMITH: But the respondents haven't provided
17	the integrity of the review based on those documents,	17	Mr Taylor for review those documents. They seem to have
18	doesn't it?	18	counted them up, they seem to have them but they haven't
19	A. I reviewed the documents that I was given.	19	provided them, so we can't say with any certainty what
20	Q. It's not a criticism of you but if 1,225 pages were	20	was and what wasn't supported.
21	supplied by NAE and the question is whether NAE	21	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much.
22	adequately supported its final adjustment statement and	22	MR SHOESMITH: Now, the respondents calculate the amount
23	you were only given 1,156 or maybe slightly more	23	supported by documents provided on 26 July 2012 was
24	A. The 21.3 million gap that we've got to now was 980	24	\$6.8 million. That's not a figure you've given them, is
25	documents, something 980 pages. So it's a different	25	it?
	Page 226		Page 228
			57 (Dagge 225 to 220)

A. Yes, the fact the respondent has seen a document doesn't mean it knows to fic that document to the FAS. So if you take the — my number and then take off the tax adjustments, we get to Mr Shoesmith's number, and then add back on my 21.3, we get to the number in my table. So you can see that actually it was a number that I have used. I didn't — O. I was going to come on to your 21.3, so just to clarify, then, your treatment of tax issue that's not you reclassifying documents saying that documents that you previously thought were sufficient to get to 7.5 were provided subsequently, and that's a separate issue, isn't i? Your 21.3 doesn't include — A. No, my 21 — so in my first report I said 7.5. I subsequently identified that I had mistreated some tax and it should have been 6.8. We've now got the—adding back the 21.3 that we've now got, brings me to that page in your tax treatment, where is that set out, presumably in your joint report? 3. A. I can't remember, sorry, I will have to look for that. Q. I don't think it is sufficiently important to dwell on, if you changed your view on tax? A. Yes, yes, as I said, and in my first report. Q. Now, the additional material that was supplied by Mr Good you addressed that in the joint statement at section 4.3. So we're in bundle E6 — sorry, E3, tab 6,
So if you take the — my number and then take off the tax adjustments, we get to Mr Shoesmith's number, and then add back on my 21.3, we get to the number in my table. So you can see that actually it was a number that I have used. I didn't — 7 that I have used. I didn't — 7 the CD, no, but they'd seen them before. Maybe we could 9 just go to one of those. (Pause). 16 previously thought were sufficient to get to 7.5 were 11 document on a CD at a particular time, does that mean, 12 provided subsequently, and that's a separate issue, 13 isn't it? Your 21.3 doesn't include — 14 A. No, my 21 — so in my first report I said 7.5. 1 subsequently identified that I had mistreated some tax 16 and it should have been 6.8. We've now got the — 28.1. 20 Q. Just for my reference, because I hadn't picked up the 21 change in your joint report? 22 change in your joint report? 22 a A. I can't remember, sorry, I will have to look for that. 24 Q. I don't think it is sufficiently important to dwell on, 25 if you don't know off the top of your head, that's fine. 26 I hink to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think to say if the claim was the my best on my first report. 3 may be get to it saying I can't find that invoice can you please provide me with a copy." So
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Q. I don't think it is sufficiently important to dwell on, if you don't know off the top of your head, that's fine. Page 229 But you changed your view on tax? A. Yes, yes, as I said, and in my first report. Q. Now, the additional material that was supplied by Mr Good you addressed that in the joint statement at section 4.3. So we're in bundle E6 sorry, E3, tab 6, I wasn't just turning a blind eye to it saying I can't see it, even though it is there on my desk, then I don't think that does mean you have to pay it. But if it's an invoice I received a long time ago and I can't find it, then I think to say if the claim was meant to be supported, I think you could say "I can't find that invoice can you please provide me with a copy". So
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4 Mr Good you addressed that in the joint statement at 5 section 4.3. So we're in bundle E6 sorry, E3, tab 6, 5 section 4.3. So we're in bundle E6 sorry, E3, tab 6, 5 section 4.3. So we're in bundle E6 sorry, E3, tab 6,
5 section 4.3. So we're in bundle E6 sorry, E3, tab 6, 5 invoice can you please provide me with a copy". So
C 73 tratate
6 page 324. 6 I don't think it is a yes or no answer.
7 A. Yes. 7 Q. All right. If the party then provides you with that
8 Q. Now, you say here that this information was new to you. 8 invoice you'd accept at that point that you should pay
9 It was supplied to you for the first time with Mr Good's 9 it?
10 report. That's right, isn't it? 10 A. Yes.
11 A. That's what I say, yes. 11 Q. You consider do you that I've done some maths, I'm
Q. But the respondents had seen it before, hadn't they? 12 sorry 99.9 per cent of the \$9.3 million included on
13 A. They had seen some of it before. 13 the FAS in respect of the GSO costs, you consider that
Q. You can tell from the face of the documents what they'd paid by NAE? You've seen evidence for that, haven't
15 seen before. 15 you?
16 A. Those with their stamp on presumably they had seen 16 A. I think that's right, yes, I think so.
17 before, yes. 17 Q. You record that in your I think it is appendix 3, the
Q. There are a number of documents with the stamp on so we large document that we keep going to. There is just
don't necessarily need to go there, but starting in \$8,000 the chairman opened it. Would you like to
bundle F35 those are Mr Good's exhibits starting at 20 have a look at that?
tab 15, 15 through 21, tabs 23 to 32, and then in 21 THE CHAIRMAN: No, please continue. I am looking at it.
bundle F36, tabs 33 and 34, all of those documents. 22 I will try to find the \$8,000 as you talk.
I don't expect you to remember them in detail, but there 23 MR SHOESMITH: The claim is for 9.3, and you'll see two li
I and the state of
is a body of documentation which has the respondents' 24 9.3 there is \$8,000 not supported by payment evidence.
is a body of documentation which has the respondents' 24 9.3 there is \$8,000 not supported by payment evidence. 25 stamp on it. 26 Please let me know if you need the reference.

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1	I would like to move on to the counterclaims briefly.	1	A. Yes. Some of the GSO costs, there is the total
2	A. Is there anything I can put away?	2	amount can be seen in the accounts, and then I ask for
3	Q. You can certainly put that document away. I don't need	3	a breakdown of that. But it reconciles in and they are
4	to take you to a document immediately.	4	audited accounts and so I relied on those numbers, yes.
5	A. Okay.	5	MR SHOESMITH: Have you finished, sir?
6	Q. An important element of the counterclaims are the costs	6	PROFESSOR LEW: Just to follow-up, one thing. This is
7	of the Oyo-5 GSO that we've just touched upon and the	7	a question asked earlier I think by Lord Hoffmann. In
8	cost of drilling the Oyo-7 well, aren't they? They were	8	this context, are you looking at the rules when you are
9	a component of the loss?	9	trying to determine that amount or are you looking at
10	A. Yes, they parts of they are costs associated with the	10	the rules for auditing? Are you looking at the rules
11	Oyo central, yes.	11	for determining a potential liability between the
12	Q. Now, we've been talking about the evidence that NAE	12	parties which involves the contract?
13	supplied and that you say is necessary to substantiate	13	A. For the GSO and the Oyo-7 drilling costs I was just
14	its claims for operating costs, including the costs of	14	looking for the amounts in the accounts that had been
15	the GSO. You say that considerable documentation is	15	audited. I am not an auditor, sir. I haven't done
16	required. You want to see the invoice. You want to see	16	an audit since 1993, so I can't claim to know what the
17	payment evidence. You want to see all of those	17	audit procedures for that are. But I was satisfied by
18	documents. So over 1,200 pages of invoices and	18	the fact that they were in the accounts and flowed
19	a summary spreadsheet. It's the respondents' position,	19	through and are in the audited accounts.
20	I am not sure it is entirely your position, that that is	20	MR SHOESMITH: The GSO costs that we're talking about here,
21	insufficient to justify NAE's overall claim for	21	those are that you say are fixed determinable costs they
22	operating costs?	22	are the same GSO costs that in fact NAE is claiming on
23	A. Well, that 1,200 didn't support it, did it? Don't	23	FAS, aren't they?
24	forget there are extra 918 other to.	24	A. The 9.3 in the bottom line, yes.
25	Q. But there is a considerable body of invoices that have	25	Q. It's the same operation, so it's when you say that when
	C		
	Page 233		Page 235
1	been supplied but it didn't support that	1	they're a claim on the part of the respondents, they're
2	A. It only supported 6.8, so, yes	2	a fixed cost, but then when NAE is claiming them they're
3	Q. Based on the partial set that you received.	3	an indeterminate flowing cost, I'm not sure I follow.
4	In respect of a claim for approximately \$200 million	4	Surely you have to treat the same cost in the same way,
5	of GSO costs and drilling costs by the respondents, you	5	haven't you?
6	are satisfied by a handful of spreadsheets, in effect,	6	A. The GSO costs and the FAS are a separate line item,
7	without supporting invoices, without payment	7	and I will have to look and see what the analysis of
8	documentation of any kind?	8	those were.
9	A. They are very different situations. The FAS is looking	9	Q. I'm not suggesting the amount the residual amount
10	at supporting a claim that is an amount that's so	10	owed to NAE is identical to the amount that is being
11	effectively floating, it is not tied down to anything.	11	claimed back because I think the respondents are
12	Whereas the GSO costs and the Oyo-7 drilling costs are	12	claiming the totality of the GSO costs. But it is still
13	amounts that are identifiable and flow into the	13	the same cost item, isn't it, that you've just said was
14	financial accounts of the parties. And so I can see	14	fixed?
15	those flowing into the accounts, and the accounts are	15	A. Yes.
16	audited accounts, so I think that they are tied down and	16	Q. So if NAE claims from the respondents, it needs to
17	they've gone through a process and they have been what	17	provide substantial invoice documentation, payment
18	has been audited. So	18	evidence, but in respect of those same costs flowing in
19	Q. I don't think you rely on the audited accounts, though,	19	the opposite direction the claim can be supported by
20	do you?	20	a simple breakdown that your client sends you?
21	A. They do they all flow in, yes. They flow into the	21	A. Well, the on appendix 3 we can see how the GSO costs
22	financial statements.	22	were supported of the 9311. This 9311 was supported by
23	PROFESSOR LEW: Does that mean you just look at the	23	documentation.
24	accounts, you look at the ledgers, rather than look to	24	Q. But you don't allow those costs, they are not permitted.
25	see if there's supporting evidence, supporting	25	A. My position on those costs is that it wasn't agreed by
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		1	
	Page 234		Page 236

1 1 I think you've just told me that this would be evidence the parties and so I haven't included them. 2 2 Q. Could we just look at one of those, an example then, in of agreement? 3 3 A. They have to be agreed to be included on the FAS. bundle F35. The position is true for all of them. 4 Let's look at tab 24. We start with an email, I hope --4 That's my understanding of the agreement. 5 5 Q. So they've agreed a cost but they haven't then 6 Q. -- from a Martins Nwosu. A camac.com email address 6 subsequently re-agreed it to include it in the FAS is 7 7 your position? indicates that Mr Nwosu, I assume, is of the respondents 8 and that's to individuals at NAE. A. The FAS says that to the extent it is agreed to be 9 9 included, then it can be. So I've seen these -- I've 10 O. So this email is sent 27 June 2011: 10 said in the analysis that these are documents that are 11 "Dear Francesco, please find attached the Aker 11 supported -- these are costs that are supported. 12 pro forma invoices on Oyo-5 well intervention ..." 12 Q. But you exclude them from the amount that you say NAE 13 So that's the GSO: 13 should be entitled --14 "... endorsed by NAE/Allied/CPL for final invoice." 14 A. Yes, for the reasons I have there said, yes. 15 So that's endorsed by everybody. That's an approved 15 Q. Yes, notwithstanding the evidence of --16 invoice, then, that's attached? 16 A. They are agreed and the parties seem to be disputing 17 17 that. That's one of the reasons why we're here, so ... A. Yes. 18 18 Q. It's got Allied's signed stamp, CAMAC Petroleum Ltd's Q. Let's talk briefly then about the sale of the NAE 19 signed stamp, to the extent relevant, and various other 19 beneficial interest to CEI. That's another component of 20 20 stamps. your loss calculation. 21 A. Yes. 21 A. Can I put this F bundle away? 22 22 Q. So if a party receives an invoice, a pro forma invoice, Q. Please do, yes. You don't need that any more. 23 reviews it, stamps it, sends it back to the operator and 23 Now, going back to your joint statement, your joint 24 says "Please issue the final invoice", is it fair to 24 25 25 infer that it's agreed, the amount of that invoice? A. Yes. Page 237 Page 239 1 A. Yes, I think so. 1 Q. -- E3, tab 6, page 315, you indicate here, in fact, the 2 Q. You think so? 2 experts agree that the instructions that you record in 3 THE CHAIRMAN: Could we just take a break for five minutes 3 your first report are not the instructions that you 4 and then we can resume? 4 received. 5 MR SHOESMITH: Yes. 5 A. Just in this section, yes, I --6 THE CHAIRMAN: Sorry. 6 Q. Yes. 7 MR SHOESMITH: Not at all. 7 A. The instructions are as per the introduction of my 8 (5.10 pm)8 report. 9 (A short break) 9 Q. Okay. The background is set out here. The difference, 10 (5.14 pm)10 just so that we all understand, is essentially that your 11 THE CHAIRMAN: Mr Shoesmith. 11 instructions, your actual instructions, seek to compare 12 MR SHOESMITH: So I think where we had gotten to, Mr Taylor, 12 the market value of the NAE beneficial interest on the one hand with a hypothetical value of that interest; is 13 is that you'd agreed that the stamped invoice that we 13 14 just looked at and the process of stamping a pro forma, 14 that right? 15 sending it back, that shows agreement to that cost just 15 A. Can I just see my instructions? 16 before the break, didn't we? 16 Q. Sure. (Pause). 17 17 A. Yes. They are in your first report, if it helps you. 18 Q. Okay. The Tribunal will be relieved to know I'm not 18 A. Yes. 19 going to go through all of the invoices, but I gave the 19 Q. 1.1.4. (Pause). 20 references earlier to Mr Good's exhibits so they will be 20 It is the (b) that I think we're looking at for this 21 on the transcript. To the extent that you would like to 21 22 go and check, then you are very welcome to do so. The 22 "The difference in the market value of the NAE 23 same process is shown in respect of all of the 23 beneficial interest on 23 February 2014 and its value on 24 supporting documentation for the GSO costs. So where 24 the same date assuming ..." 25 you say you haven't seen evidence that they were agreed, 25 And you give a hypothesis. Page 238 Page 240

60 (Pages 237 to 240)

1	So it's the market value of the NAE beneficial	1	Q. So you weren't ever asked to opine on the issue that you
2	interest compared with a hypothetical of that same	2	misrecord as having been your instructions?
3	interest; yes?	3	A. I don't think so, no.
4	A. Yes.	4	Q. It's just a coincidence that you record as your
5	Q. But what you record as being your instructions in your	5	instructions an exercise that is relevant to an issue
6	first report is a comparison of the market value of that	6	that's pleaded as between the parties?
7	interest against the consideration received by Allied	7	A. I am getting lost in the questions.
8	for that interest. That's the point that you're	8	Q. You weren't aware that there was a dispute between the
9	addressing in your joint report here, isn't it, that	9	parties as to the relevance of the consideration on the
10	difference?	10	question of whether Allied suffered any loss? And
11	A. I remember that I put my instructions down wrong in that	11	I asked if it's a coincidence that you happen to have
12	section of my report. I can't remember what I said.	12	recorded in your report as your instructions that you
13	Q. In 7.1.2	13	should have performed an analysis as to whether that
14	A. Yes.	14	consideration had any impact on Allied's loss?
15	Q you say you have been instructed to assess the	15	A. I don't think that I would be able to do the exercise
16	difference between the \$576 million received by Allied	16	that are the wrong instructions. I can't remember
17	and the market value of the NAE beneficial interest on	17	exactly how this all unfolded, but if I'd been asked to
18		18	•
19	3 February 2014. A. Yes.	19	do that exercise I wouldn't have been able to do it
20			because I didn't have sufficient information on the
	Q. So that's why I say "the market value against the	20	whole value of the OMLs 120 and 121. And so had I been
21	consideration received". You make the comment in the	21	asked to do that, I would have said "I can't do that"
22	joint report because those are fundamentally different	22	and so I would have had to have different instructions.
23	exercises, aren't they?	23	Q. We will come on to that in a second.
24	A. The actual instructions and the wrong instructions?	24	Now, what you've ultimately produced is also
25	Q. Yes.	25	a different calculation from the one that you were
	Page 241		Page 243
1	A. Yes.	1	instructed to perform, isn't it? Your instructions are
2	Q. Those two different processes are fundamentally	2	to compare the market value of the NAE beneficial
3	different.	3	interest and the hypothetical value of that NAE
4	A. Yes.	4	beneficial interest, aren't they?
5	Q. Are you aware that there is an issue between the parties	5	A. I've assumed that the market value includes the cash
6	as to whether Allied suffered any loss specifically	6	flows in it that are the actual cash flows, and the
7	because of the value of the consideration received as	7	difference would be the difference between so the
8	a result of the transaction?	8	value would change had the cash flows been the "but for"
9	A. Am I aware that	9	scenario. And I have said in my report that I've
10	Q. That there is this issue between the parties as to	10	assumed certainly in the joint statement that I've
11	whether Allied suffered any loss as a result of the	11	assumed that the difference in those actual and "but
12	operation of that consideration?	12	for" cash flows should be taken into consideration when
13	A. I'm not quite sure what you're getting at. Are you	13	considering the value of the entity — of the asset.
14	saying am I aware that that's been pleaded or is that	14	Q. I think that's quite a round about way of coming to the
15	Q. Yes.	15	point. Let me put it a different way. You were
16	A. No, I'm not sure.	16	instructed to compare the market value of the NAE
17	Q. You weren't that that was a pleaded issue. I think we	17	beneficial interest the hypothetical value of the NAE
18	said at the beginning you were instructed potentially by	18	beneficial interest. What you've actually done is
19		19	compare the market value of a part of the NAE beneficial
	August 2015 when the reply and the defence to	20	
20	counterclaim went in, and it is in that document that		interest with a hypothetical value of a part of that
21	the issue arises. It is pleaded in the defence to	21	interest; is that correct?
22	counterclaim and it comes in, but you weren't aware of	22	A. I've assumed that the NAE beneficial interest is made up
23	that because you weren't involved in the drafting of	23	of a number of different elements. One of those
24	that document?	24	elements is the benefit that's going to come from Oyo
25	A. In the drafting, no, I don't think so.	25	central, and I've said if there's a difference in that
	Page 242		Page 244
	Page 242		Page 244 61 (Pages 241 to 2

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1	that affects the overall valuation.	1	THE CHAIRMAN: We better give Mr Taylor perhaps a chance to
2	Q. But you've stopped at the partial calculation of the Oyo	2	move to a more comfortable part of the room. (Pause).
3	interest. You haven't gone on to	3	Mr Nesbitt, tell us what we need to know about C40
4	A. No, I haven't valued I haven't done a valuation of	4	and C41.
5	the other aspects of OML 120 and 121.	5	MR NESBITT: Well, you asked essentially what the document
6	Q. And you've said that because you wouldn't have been able	6	was, how it exists in its native format. It is, as
7	to because the information wasn't available to you?	7	I understand it, an Excel spreadsheet, which is
8	A. That's right.	8	maintained by the managing director's office's
9	Q. But that information has always been available to the	9	secretarial staff in Abuja in Nigeria, which is
10	respondents, hasn't it?	10	contemporaneously filled in with details of mail as it
11	A. I don't know.	11	is received in the MD's office. The spreadsheet which
12	Q. Well, you exhibit to the joint statement documents that	12	is relevant for this dispute is the one for the year
13	you say might be relevant to that further exercise,	13	ending 30 December 2012, which is a distinct document.
14	valuing the NAE beneficial interest. You got those from	14	There is a spreadsheet, as I understand it, for that
15	the respondents?	15	year.
16	A. Which ones were those?	16	In terms of what you actually got, what you've
17	Q. They are in bundle F38, tabs 3 and 4. I think you refer	17	received, the secretarial staff were asked to print out
18	to them in section 3.3 of the joint report. So there is	18	the page that relates to 8 and 9 August 2012, to see
19	an October 2012 KLR group document entitled "Allied	19	what mail was received on those two dates. That page
20	Energy asset evaluation".	20	was scanned as a PDF, emailed to the respondents'
21	A. Yes.	21	solicitors and that is what you have.
22	Q. And then you refer to a September 2014 DeGolyer and	22	Now, if you feel that it is necessary for you to see
23	MacNaughton report. So those are documents that were	23	the document in its native application, as we said to
24	received from the respondents?	24	the respondents several days ago, we are entirely happy
25	A. Yes.	25	to provide that to the Tribunal, but obviously that
	Page 245		Page 247
1	Q. And they are relevant to that exercise of valuing the	1	would entail sending you an Excel spreadsheet, which
2	NAE beneficial interest, you say?	2	contains a whole year's worth of correspondence into the
3	A. Yes, they are relevant, yes.	3	MD's office, some of which is private and confidential,
4	Q. The respondents have those because they are, within	4	so the clients are understandably reluctant to provide
5	their group, the operator/owner of the OMLs. They have	5	that entire document to the documents. But they are
6	all the information connected to the OMLs.	6	entirely happy to provide it to the respondents if you
7	A. Yes.	7	feel after that explanation you need further
8	Q. So with some assistance from the respondents, you could	8	satisfaction as to its authenticity.
9	have performed the calculation that you were instructed	9	THE CHAIRMAN: The Tribunal is extremely reluctant to
10	to perform?	10	receive any document that has not been transmitted to
11	A. Yes, with sufficient support and time and money and	11	the respondents, and I think you anticipated that
12	everything else I could have done an analysis, but that	12	answer. But anyway, the respondents do you have any
13	wasn't feasible with what I had.	13	comment on that?
14	MR SHOESMITH: No further questions. Thank you very much.	14	MR WADE: The only additional comment I have is that
15	MR WADE: It is tempting to ask him about page numbers, but	15	I understand from the correspondence received from
16	I have no further questions.	16	claimant's solicitors that the extracts from the Excel
17	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much.	17	spreadsheets you have received are further incomplete,
18	Thank you very much, Mr Taylor. You are excused as	18	in that they have omitted a number of columns, one of
19	an expert.	19	which is said to be empty and, therefore, of no
20	(The witness withdrew)	20	consequence, and if that's correct I don't know if
21	Housekeeping	21	it's correct but if it's correct, of course, it makes no
22	THE CHAIRMAN: Now, that brings us almost to the end of the	22	difference because it is empty. And the other, I'm not
23	hearing. Correct me if I'm wrong, but the claimants	23	sure if is this is C40 or C41 but on this one there are
24	wish to address us about C40 and C41.	24	apparently three missing columns.
25	MR NESBITT: You asked.	25	Ultimately, we remain in the same state of confusion
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	Page 246		Page 248
			62 (Pages 245 to 248)

1	as you appeared to express, sir, earlier today as to	1	the purposes of the position? Is that your position?
2	what is contained in these documents. If they are	2	Because if that's your position, then that
3	admitted we will make submissions on them on that basis.	3	THE CHAIRMAN: Sorry, the respondents will get a chance to
4	If they are excluded, we will say no more.	4	answer, but I clearly understood the respondents took
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Very good. (Pause).	5	the position that the document was incomplete, and
6	The Tribunal had an initial question. The Tribunal	6	that's part of my problem too. If somebody says to me
7	understands confidentiality and the issue of	7	"This is an extract from an Excel sheet", then I want to
8	confidentiality, but one way of dealing with	8	have all of the columns in the Excel sheet. I want to
9	confidentiality is to exchange documents between	9	have a PDF exactly as that document appears on the
10	counsel. That's to exchange it in native format and	10	screen for the secretary. But the respondents, you can
11	that could deal with basically the problem.	11	add or whatever, but I can tell you what my concern is.
12	MR NESBITT: On the basis of some sort of undertaking not to	12	MR WADE: So our position is very simply that we have asked
13	disclose it to the lay client?	13	various questions about these documents. We don't
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Would that be acceptable to the respondent.	14	consider that they have been responded to, and we're not
15	MR WADE: Perfectly, subject to instructions which I am	15	in a position to form any view about them as regards
16	looking to receive, but I am not receiving at the	16	their awe authenticity or otherwise. If we have the
17	moment, it sounds	17	native form of the document we actually only asked
18	PROFESSOR LEW: It's a frequently used mechanism in cases	18	for the metadata, and that wasn't provided. A document
19	where there is intellectual property	19	with metadata would have helped us, but that wasn't
20	MR WADE: I am not resisting the proposition, but I don't	20	provided. And so once provided, we'll be able to form
21	have instructions on it.	21	a view, and that's really that.
22	MR GUNNING: That's fine.	22	MR NESBITT: I will take instructions on the proposal.
23	MR WADE: Yes, that is fine.	23	I understand I think there is no objection to doing it
24	THE CHAIRMAN: So that might be a way of dealing with it,	24	on a counsel-to-counsel basis on receipt of a suitable
25	because the Tribunal discussed it and thought of the	25	undertaking.
	Page 249	-	Page 251
1	following procedure, and that is you've gathered that	1	MR WADE: No objection.
2	the Tribunal has some questions about the document, and	2	MR NESBITT: And we'll take instructions on that, and I'm
3	thank you very much for your explanations, but as	3	sure we will be able to resolve it between us, and we're
4	a first step you may wish to exchange it with	4	grateful to the Tribunal for taking the time.
5	respondents to see whether the respondents have any	5	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much. That issue is or may be
6	objection initially, point number 1.	6	dealt with.
7	Assuming that the respondents object to the		
,		1	
8		7	MR NESBITT: It will be.
8	admission of the document, then you can make	7 8	MR NESBITT: It will be. THE CHAIRMAN: Any other issues before we get to
9	admission of the document, then you can make a submission within a week thereafter, to provide us	7 8 9	MR NESBITT: It will be. THE CHAIRMAN: Any other issues before we get to post-hearing issues? Are there any other issues on the
9 10	admission of the document, then you can make a submission within a week thereafter, to provide us with your submissions as to the basis on which we can	7 8 9 10	MR NESBITT: It will be. THE CHAIRMAN: Any other issues before we get to post-hearing issues? Are there any other issues on the claimant's side.
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1			
	The Tribunal thought it would be appropriate in	1	it is up to you. In the interests of what you said
2	accordance with normal practice to have simultaneous	2	about the Tribunal having an end and drawing a line,
3	post-hearing submissions, and the Tribunal thought that	3	I personally would be in favour of one round of
4	a date such as 31 July, if that fitted in with everybody	4	submissions.
5	would be perfect, with reply submissions, when that is	5	THE CHAIRMAN: Respondents, do you have any comment on one
6	possible, and the Tribunal thought that, given the	6	round of submissions?
7	holiday period, towards the end of August would be fine,	7	MR WADE: I don't. I am concerned over one round of
8	if that's possible for counsel.	8	submissions, but I can see the force in Mr Nesbitt's
9	I realise that counsel may wish to agree on	9	submission that we seek permission to reply if
10	something else, taking into account your vacation	10	necessary.
11	schedules, but that was just an idea. We don't want it	11	So the additional comment with regard to costs
12	go on forever. We would like it within four or five	12	submissions is that subsequent to your was it
13	weeks the simultaneous briefs, and then reply briefs as	13	October? October procedural order, I recall that both
14	quickly as possible, and if you agree on that that would	14	parties expressed a view that costs submissions should
15	be very helpful.	15	come subsequently. I think just
16	Two or three weeks after that we'd like the cost	16	MR NESBITT: I don't think we did. I think we parked it for
17	submissions of the parties, and with the usual	17	the purposes of the CMC that we had just before the
18	procedure, one week, and you're entitled to make	18	final hearing, but I don't think we expressed a view one
19	comments on the other party's costs submissions.	19	way or the other. I mean, our preference would be
20	So that's what we have thought up in the way of	20	sorry, can I just ask one question first? You're
21	a post-hearing schedule. If you wish to raise any	21	envisaging dealing with costs in the award and not
22	issues, please feel free to do that now, but you're also	22	having a separate award on costs?
23		23	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.
24	invited, of course, to confer. MR NESBITT: Sure.	24	MR NESBITT: So in terms of dealing with costs in the
25		25	-
23	THE CHAIRMAN: Would you like to raise any issues on that?	23	post-hearing submissions, there is no reason why we
	Page 253		Page 255
1	MR NESBITT: Well, I think just for clarity there was	1	shouldn't do that with all other issues in one round, is
2	a provision, as I think that is what you're referring	2	there?
3	to, in the October procedural order for the Tribunal to	3	THE CHAIRMAN: The usual objection that I hear from law
4	transmit a list of questions that it would like to see	4	firms, such as the ones involved in this case is "How
5	addressed by the parties by it was actually 4 July so	5	can we provide the detail of costs until we've completed
6	that's no longer going to happen.	6	our post-hearing submissions?" Because the post-hearing
7	THE CHAIRMAN: That's not going to happen.	7	submissions takes time and costs money. So my
8	MR NESBITT: Right, understood. Then again, obviously this	8	adaptation of the procedural timetable was intended to
9	was purely provisional in the October procedural order,	9	deal with that objection in advance.
10	post-hearing submissions if directed two to four weeks	10	If the parties wish to make a submission of costs at
11	after receipt of the Tribunal's list of questions,	11	the same time, that's fine, and they put in an estimate
12	including submissions on costs. Now, as I understand	12	for the costs for the last week or whatever, that's fine
13	it, what you're now proposing is two rounds of	13	with the Tribunal. We're completely in your hands, but
14	post-hearing submissions, followed by a set of	14	I was just anticipating the objection that I have heard
15	submissions on costs.	15	on several occasions.
16	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.	16	MR NESBITT: I understand that.
17	MR NESBITT: I think our preference, we can discuss it with	17	MR WADE: Yes.
18	the other side and replies on costs we had assumed	18	MR NESBITT: I think on this side of the table at least
19	that the Tribunal would stick to one round of	19	we're pretty good at filling in our time sheets, so we
20	post-hearing submissions without provision for replies.	20	should be able to give you an exact figure rather than
20	But if that's what you prefer, that's fine. A middle	21	estimate with our submissions on everything else.
	way might be to have one exchange of post-hearing	22	MR WADE: And I think we may prefer nevertheless to have
21	way might be to have one exchange of post-hearing	23	a separate submission.
21 22	submissions and then if there is a hurning issue that		a separate submission.
21 22 23	submissions and then if there is a burning issue that		THE CHAIRMAN: When we have the concrete submissions as if
21 22 23 24	the other side desperately want to reply to, it can seek	24	THE CHAIRMAN: When we have the separate submissions, so if
21 22 23			THE CHAIRMAN: When we have the separate submissions, so if one party wants a separate submission on costs that can

2 ar 3 ar 4 Er 5 ap 6 cc 7 ar 8 be 9 MR 10 w 11 de 12 re 13 cc 14 sh 15 PRC 16 is 17 w	ccur a week or ten days later. However, this is n international arbitration, the submissions on costs re much less detailed than the submissions on costs in inglish court proceedings, and you know that one of the pproaches of some tribunals is to compare the relative osts of the two parties, so we have a kind of standard, and that's why we like to get the submission on costs efore we render the award. But NESBITT: If I may ask, in terms of submissions on costs, what you're talking about is the numbers and the escription, you're not talking about submissions elated back to the way in which the case has been onducted or that kind of thing? I see Professor Lew haking his head. DEESSOR LEW: Unless there's some major issue where there as an allegation that the parties have abused something	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	reporters have followed the procedure I've adopted with no complaint, almost, and it is very much appreciated. So thank you to everyone. MR NESBITT: Thank you. MR WADE: Thank you, sir. (5.46 pm) (The arbitration adjourned)
3 ar 4 Er 5 ap 6 cc 7 ar 8 be 9 MR 10 w 11 de 12 re 13 cc 14 sh 15 PRC 16 is 17 w	re much less detailed than the submissions on costs in inglish court proceedings, and you know that one of the approaches of some tribunals is to compare the relative costs of the two parties, so we have a kind of standard, and that's why we like to get the submission on costs refore we render the award. But NESBITT: If I may ask, in terms of submissions on costs, what you're talking about is the numbers and the rescription, you're not talking about submissions related back to the way in which the case has been conducted or that kind of thing? I see Professor Lew haking his head. DESSOR LEW: Unless there's some major issue where there	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	no complaint, almost, and it is very much appreciated. So thank you to everyone. MR NESBITT: Thank you. MR WADE: Thank you, sir. (5.46 pm)
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14 sh 15 PRC 16 is 17 w	haking his head. DFESSOR LEW: Unless there's some major issue where there	14	
15 PRC 16 is 17 w	DFESSOR LEW: Unless there's some major issue where there		
16 is 17 w	-	1.5	
17 w	s an allegation that the parties have abused something	15	
	s an anegation that the parties have abused something	16	
10	which the rules normally allow for costs, it's really	17	
18 a	just a question of just knowing what were the legal	18	
19 fe	ees and related expenses that the party incurred in	19	
20 cc	oming to the state of the arbitration.	20	
21 MR	NESBITT: Yes. Well, of course, we say the entire	21	
22 cc	ounterclaim is abuse of process, but that will come as	22	
23 no	o surprise to the Tribunal. But, yes, understood.	23	
24 PRC	OFESSOR LEW: Look at the ICC rules this is not	24	
25 ar	n ICC the LCIA is very similar is that the	25	
	Page 257		Page 259
	ribunal now, it has always been done, but since the ICC	1	INDEX
	hanged the rules the LCIA has got a similar rule, the	2	PAGE
	rbitration tribunal has the right when allocating costs	3	Housekeeping1
	take into account whether parties have acted	4	DD 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
	xpeditiously and appropriately in the conduct of the	5	DR SIMON MOY (called)4
	rbitration.	6	E
	NESBITT: Yes, indeed.	7	Examination-in-chief by MR GUNNING5
	E CHAIRMAN: Mr Wade, you look like you want to make	8	D D. MOY
	comment.	9	Presentation by DR MOY6
	WADE: Not particularly.	10	C 1 MCMII FORD
	E CHAIRMAN: Very good. Now, so we'll leave you to confer	11	Cross-examination by MS WILFORD26
	n that. You know what the Tribunal's approach is,	12	Comment of MD NEODITE (0
	trust.	13	Cross-examination by MR NESBITT60
	WADE: Yes.	14	MD NICHOLAS COOD (11-4)
	E CHAIRMAN: And so I think we've dealt with (Pause).	15	MR NICHOLAS GOOD (called)137
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